# APPENDIX A

Glossary

### APPENDIX A Glossary

Contstruction Debris means structural building materials including cement, concrete, bricks (excluding refractory type), lumber, plaster and plasterboard, insulation, shingles, floor, wall and ceiling tile, pipes, glass, wires, carpet, wallpaper, roofing, felt, or other structural fabrics. It includes paper or cardboard packaging, spacing, or building materials, provided that they do not exceed ten percent by volume of the waste. It also includes paint containers, caulk containers, or glaze containers, provided that they are empty, and that any residual material is dry and further provided that this waste category does not exceed one percent by volume of the waste. Construction debris does not include commercial, domestic, or industrial waste or byproducts, paint, tar or tar containers, caulking compounds, glazing compounds, paint thinner or other solvents or their containers, creosote or other preservatives or their containers, tile, paneling, or carpet cement or other adhesives.

**Demolition Debris** means debris associated with the razing of buildings, road, bridges, and other structures including structural steel, concrete, bricks (excluding refractory type), lumber, plaster and plasterboard, insulation material, cement, shingles and roofing material, floor and wall tile, asphalt, pipes and wires, and other items physically attached to the structure, including appliances if they have been or will be compacted to their smallest practical volume. Demolition debris does not include industrial waste or byproducts or any waste materials contained within structure or on the grounds of the structure being demolished that are not physically part of the structure, or which are comprised of or certain materials that pose an undue risk to public health or the environment.

Land Clearing Debris means the following waste materials from land clearing operations: earthen material such as clay, sand, gravel, and silt; topsoil; tree stumps; root mats; brush and limbs; logs; vegetation; and rock.

**Processing Facility** means a combination of structures, machinery, or devices used to reduce or alter the volume, chemical, or physical characteristics of solid waste. A generator who processes his or her own solid waste at the site of generation and disposes of the processed solid waste off this site of generation at a disposal site permitted by the Department is not considered to be a processing facility.

**Recyclable Material** means those materials which would otherwise become solid waste, and which can be collected, separated, or processed and returned to the economic mainstream in the form of raw materials or products.

**Recycling** means any process by which source-separated materials, which would otherwise become solid waste, are collected, separated, or processed and returned to the economic mainstream in the form of valuable materials or products.

Recycling Facility means any facility designed and operated for the purpose of receiving, storing, processing and transferring valuable source-separated materials that would otherwise become solid waste back into the marketplace in the form of valuable raw materials or products. At least 85% of the materials received at the facility must be demonstrably capable of being returned to the marketplace and shall not be processed and stockpiled without identification of a verifiable market. Materials collected and delivered to a recycling facility may not be contaminated with more than a diminutive amount of putrescible solid waste, hazardous or toxic waste as defined by State or Federal law.

**Rubble** is a type of Solid Waste and includes Land Clearing debris, Demolition Debris and Construction Debris as defined herein.

Sanitary Landfill means a planned, systematic method of refuse disposal where waste material is placed in the earth in layers, compacted, and covered with earth or other approved covering material at the end of each day's operation, or any method of in-ground disposal of biosolids other than for fertilization of crops, horticultural products, or floricultural products in connection with an active agricultural operation or home gardening. A "Sanitary Landfill" includes a "Rubblefill" for construction and demolition materials.

Solid Waste means all discarded material and material stored prior to discard, combustible or noncombustible, from all public and private establishments and residences that is not presorted prior to collection for the purposes of recovery for reuse or recycling. Solid waste includes: ashes, trash, garbage, rubbish, offal, industrial and commercial refuse, and materials used in a manner constituting disposal, but not body excrements or pozzolan.

Solid Waste Acceptance Facility means any sanitary landfill or rubblefill, processing facility, transfer station, waste incinerator or any other type of facility that accepts solid waste for disposal, treatment, processing, composting, compacting, or the transfer to another solid waste acceptance facility.

**Solid Waste Removal Service** means a business involving the dispatching and storage of trucks or dumpsters for the purpose of solid waste removal.

**Transfer Station** means a place or facility where solid waste is taken from a transportation unit or collection vehicle (for example, compactor trucks) and placed in another transportation unit or collection vehicle (for example, over-the-road tractor-trailers, railroad gondola cars, barges or ships) for transport to other solid waste acceptance facilities. The movement or consolidation of single generator's solid waste at the point of generation is not a Transfer Station.

APPENDIX B COMAR 26.03.03

# Title 26 DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

# Subtitle 03 WATER SUPPLY, SEWERAGE, SOLID WASTE AND POLLUTION CONTROL PLANNING AND FUNDING

Chapter 03 Development of County Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plans Authority: Environment Article, Title 9, Subtitle 85, Annotated Code of Maryland

### .01 Definitions.

- A. In this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated.
- B. Terms Defined.
  - (1) "County" means any of the 23 Maryland counties or Baltimore City.
  - (2) County Plan.
    - (a) "County plan" means a comprehensive plan for adequately providing throughout the County (including all towns, municipals corporations, and sanitary districts) the following facilities and services by public or private ownership:
      - (i) Solid waste disposal systems;
      - (ii) Solid waste acceptance facilities; and
      - (iii) Systematic collection and disposal of solid waste, including litter.
    - (b) "County plan" includes all revisions to the plan.
  - (3) "Department" means the Department of the Environment.
  - (4) "Governing body" means the Board of County Commissioners, or the County Executive and Council, or the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore.
  - (5) "Litter" means any waste materials, refuse, garbage, trash, debris, dead animals, or other discarded material.
  - (6) "Refuse" means any solid, liquid, semi-solid, or contained gaseous material resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, or agricultural operations, or from community activities, which:
    - (a) Is discarded, or is being accumulated, stored, or physically, chemically, or biologically treated before being discarded; or

- (b) Has served its original intended use and sometimes is discarded; or
- (c) Is a manufacturing or mining by-product and sometimes is discarded.
- (7) "Revision" means either an adopted amendment to, or a periodic update of, a County plan.
- (8) "Solid waste" means any garbage, refuse, sludge, or liquid from industrial, commercial, mining, or agricultural operations, and from community activities, but does not include solid or dissolved material in domestic sewage or in irrigation return flows.
- (9) "Solid waste acceptance facility" means any sanitary landfill, incinerator, transfer station or plant, whose primary purpose is to dispose of, treat, or process solid waste.
- (10) Solid Waste Disposal System.
  - (a) "Solid waste disposal system" means any publicly or privately owned system that:
    - (i) Provides a scheduled or systematic collection of solid waste;
    - (ii) Transport the solid waste to a solid waste acceptance facility; and
    - (iii) Treats or otherwise disposes of the solid waste at the solid waste acceptance facility.
  - (b) A solid waste disposal system includes each solid waste acceptance facility that is used in connection with it.
- "Solid waste management" means the systematic administration of activities which provide for the collection, source separation, storage, transportation, transfer, processing, treatment, re-use, or disposal of solid waste.

### .02 General Provisions.

- A. Each county shall maintain a current, comprehensive, solid waste plan which covers at least the succeeding 10-year period. Each plan shall be prepared in accordance with these regulations, and shall be arranged with an introduction and five chapters as set forth in Regulation .03.
- B. Each county plan shall include all or part of the subsidiary plans of the towns, municipal corporations, sanitary districts, privately owned facilities, and local, State and federal agencies having existing, planned, or programmed development within the county to the extent that these inclusions shall promote the public health safety, and welfare. These subsidiary plans may be incorporated by reference into the county plan.

rail car dome assemblies and pressurized containers, to pneumatic and standard patching systems.

- Advanced capabilities should include ability to intervene and confine incidents involving WMD Chem/Bio substances.
- Decontamination of Known Contaminants Based on Local Risk Assessment; Unknown Contaminants; and WMD Chem/Bio
  - Must be self-sufficient to provide decontamination for members of their team.
  - Must be capable of providing decontamination for known and unknown contaminants and WMD Chem/Bio.
- j. Communications (In-Suit; Wireless Voice; Wireless Data; and Secure Communications)
  - Personnel utilizing CPC shall be able to communicate appropriately and safely with one another and their team leaders
- k. Staffing (5 Personnel)
- Training
  - All personnel must be trained to the minimum response standards in accordance with the most current editions of NFPA 471, Recommended Practice for Responding to Hazardous Materials Incidents, NFPA 472, Standard for Professional Competence of Responders to Hazardous Materials Incidents, and NFPA 473, Standard for Competencies for EMS Personnel

Responding to Hazardous Materials Incidents, as is appropriate for the specific team type.

### m. Sustainability

 Capability to perform three (3) entries in a 24-hour period.

This general order is divided into three sections (Preparedness, Response, and Recovery).

### 4. Preparedness

The Fire/EMS Department HAZMAT/WMD Response Preparedness Program is designed to and involves the following:

<u>Training</u> – Comprehensive training program to ensure that responders are prepared to respond to hazardous materials and weapons of mass destruction emergencies incidents safely and effectively. See Addendum 1 for training requirements.

Equipment/Techniques – Provide specialized equipment and techniques to effectively manage and control hazardous materials and weapons of mass destruction emergencies.

All response units in the Prince George's County Fire/EMS Department may be called upon to respond to an incident involving hazardous materials. As such, the following minimum equipment standards are established in Addendum 2 to this General Order. Equipment requirements should meet minimum capabilities of a Type I HAZMAT Team.

<u>Planning</u> – Pre-Incident Planning, Inspection, and Enforcement program designed to anticipate and reduce the probabilities, risks, and impact of hazardous materials or weapons of mass destruction emergencies.

The HAZMAT Coordinator is responsible to maintain a list of facilities and locations that use, store, or manufacture hazardous materials in quantities that exceed the threshold planning quantity (TPQ) as defined by the EPCRA regulations. 3 A list of these facilities (within each first-due) is sent to each fire station. Each first-due company is responsible for developing a pre-plan using departmental format.

The HAZMAT Coordinator will identify designated facilities that could be considered high-risk targets for terrorism and require preincident plans. The Primary Hazardous Materials Company will pre-plan these facilities for typical fire emergencies and for mass decontamination, mass casualty care, and hazardous materials response.

These pre-plans will be updated and forwarded on an annual basis to the HAZMAT Coordinator and the Primary Hazardous Materials Company. Each of these pre-plans will be made available on the computer systems on the primary hazardous materials response unit and PSC-1. Printed copies will be made available to first due companies and Battalion Chiefs.

Inspection and Enforcement – Fire Inspectors from the Fire Prevention Office will accompany first due station personnel during the pre-planning and inspection process, upon request. Fire code concerns will be addressed using normal fire code enforcement procedures.

### 5. Response - Dispatch Procedures

Dispatch procedures will follow the guidance set forth in Addendum 3 to this general order.

### 6. Operational Procedures

All hazardous materials responses will use the National Incident Command System to safely, effectively, and efficiently address all of the following steps of the Hazardous Materials Incident Management Process (Noll, Hildebrand, Yvorra, 2005):

- 1. Scene Management
- 2. Recognition and Identification
- 3. Hazard and Risk Assessment
- 4. Selection of Protective Clothing
- Information and Resource Coordination
- 6. Execute Response Objectives
- 7. Decontamination
- 8. Termination and Documentation

Note: This procedure is written for general response to hazardous materials incidents. Although this guidance is relevant and effective, specific procedures have been developed for those incidents that are most common, such as Natural Gas Emergencies, Fuel Spills, and Carbon Monoxide incidents.

# First Arriving Unit and Initial Command Officer

The initial units are responsible to initiate the Hazardous Materials Incident Management Process as described in this General Order.

### ALL Other Operations Level Companies

All other responding units are to report to the staging area designated by the initial and subsequent incident commander and await further assignment and instructions. The operational procedures set forth by General Order 3-1 are not appropriate for an initial hazardous materials response.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> List is developed from submitted Tier II facility documents to comply with the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA).

### <u>Hazardous Materials Technician Level</u> <u>Companies</u>

Hazardous Materials Companies are responsible to support the initial operations on the scene prior to their arrival with technical advice. Upon arrival they will provide guidance and specialized tactics necessary to address the hazards found.

### Operations Level Companies

The first arriving unit and resulting command should consider the following response priorities during any hazardous materials response. Operations Level Companies concentrate their efforts on the first three steps of the Hazardous Material Incident Management Process. These steps are most critical to the life safety of responders, the public in general, and any victims present on the scene. The Incident Commander assigns units to specific tasks and roles. The incident commander must consider responder safety and the limitations of protective equipment and training when making these assignments.

### Scene Management and Control

- Approach the scene cautiously from an upwind and uphill direction
- Establish Incident Command System (ICS)
- Establish safe staging area for other responding units
- Request additional resources, as necessary
- Isolate an initial Hot Zone and deny entry
- Establish emergency decontamination procedures for affected victims
- Initiate public protective actions (Evacuation or Shelter-in-Place)
- Establish triage, treatment, and transportation groups and areas.
- Establish other hazard control zones (Warm and Cold)

Maintain responder safety and accountability

# Recognition and Identification of the Problem from a Safe Distance

- Attempt to identify Material(s) involved using:
- Occupancy, Location, and Pre-Incident Plans
  - Container Shapes
  - Markings and Colors
  - Placards and Labels
  - Shipping Papers/Facility Documents/MSDS
  - Drivers/Subject Matter Experts
  - Monitoring and Detection Devices
  - Senses of Victims/Signs and Symptoms
- Assess container(s) involved
  - Size(s)
  - Pressure
  - Materials of construction
  - Relief devices
  - Breaches, Leaks, or Openings
- Conduct Defensive Reconnaissance

### Hazard and Risk Assessment

- Assess potential hazards
  - Thermal
  - Radiological
  - Asphyxiant
  - Corrosive
  - Etiological (Biological)
  - Mechanical
  - Poisonous
- Anticipate potential course and harm of the incident
- Develop initial Incident Action Plan
  - Defensive
  - Non-Intervention

### **Selection of Protective Clothing**

- Evaluate proper Protective clothing for the material and potential hazards
  - Understand the limitations and capabilities of Structural Fire

- Fighter Protective Clothing and Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
- Understand the appropriateness of higher levels of chemical protective clothing
- Ensure proper application of protective clothing prior to incident operations

### Information and Resource Coordination

- Incident Command
  - Unified Command
  - Expanded to address operational needs (HAZMAT Group, Protection Group, Suppression Group, etc.)
- Notifications

### **Execute Response Objectives**

- · Life Safety
  - Offensive Assess the viability of victims versus the limitations of PPE available; conduct emergent rescue of victims, only if reasonable to do so.
  - Defensive Remove ambulatory victims from Release area, conduct emergency decontamination, and perform Triage, Treatment, and Transport.
  - Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.
- Incident Stabilization
  - Defensive Product Control —
     Perform actions in accordance
     with limitations of training and
     protective clothing
  - Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.
- Property Conservation
  - Defensive Product Control —
     Perform actions in accordance

- with limitations of training and protective clothing
- Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.

### Environmental Protection

- Defensive Product Control —
   Perform actions in accordance
   with limitations of training and
   protective clothing
- Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.

### Atmospheric Monitoring

Defensive — Area Monitoring

### Decontamination

 Continue Emergency Mass Casualty Decontamination

### Termination

- Personnel Accountability
- Incident Scene Debriefing
- Documentation
- Equipment replacement and servicing
- Critique

### <u>Technician Level Companies/Hazardous</u> <u>Materials Response Team</u>

The first arriving technician level unit will be responsible to provide technical advice and incident action planning to the Incident Commander. Technician level companies are trained and equipped to perform offensive tactics to address all response objectives: Life Safety, Incident Stabilization, Property Conservation, and Environmental Preservation. Technician level companies will create a Hazardous Materials Branch or Group within the existing Incident Command Structure. The Hazardous Materials Group will provide adequate information and updates to the Incident Commander.

### Scene Management and Control

- Approach the scene cautiously from an upwind and uphill direction
- Coordinate with Incident Command
  - Establish a Hazardous Materials
     Branch or Group with the Incident
     Command Structure
  - Determine a safe staging an operational location for hazardous materials branch/group personnel in the Warm Zone
  - Exchange Information
- Request appropriate resources to address hazardous materials tactical objectives
  - Engine Company to support technical decontamination
  - Special Service Company for support operations
  - Hazardous Materials Technician personnel for offensive measures
  - Medic Unit for medical monitoring
- Verify safe staging area and unit positioning
- Verify safe staging area
- Verify initial Hot Zone and control measures
- Enhance/Support emergency decontamination procedures on affected victims
- Verify public protective actions (Evacuation or Shelter-in-Place)
- Verify other hazard control zones (Warm and Cold)
- Maintain responder safety and accountability

# Recognition and Identification of the Problem from a Safe Distance

- Attempt to Identify Material(s) Involved
  - Occupancy, Location, and Pre-Incident Plans
  - Container Shapes

- Markings and Colors
- Placards and Labels
- Shipping Papers, Facility Documents, and MSDSs
- Drivers/Subject Matter Experts
- Monitoring and Detection Devices (Including for potential Weapons of Mass Destruction)
- Senses of Victims/Signs and Symptoms
- Assess container(s) involved
  - Size(s)
  - Pressure
  - Materials of construction
  - Relief devices
  - Breaches, Leaks, or Openings
- Conduct Offensive or Defensive Reconnaissance

### Hazard and Risk Assessment

- Assess potential hazards
  - Thermal
  - Radiological
  - Asphyxiant
  - Corrosive
  - Etiological (Biological)
  - Mechanical
  - Poisonous
- Anticipate potential course and harm of the incident
- Develop initial Incident Action Plan
  - Offensive
  - Defensive
  - Non-Intervention

### Selection of Protective Clothing

- Evaluate proper protective clothing for the material and potential hazards
  - Select Proper Chemical Protective Clothing Level
  - Select Proper Chemical Protective Clothing Ensemble
- Ensure proper application of protective clothing prior to incident operations

### Information and Resource Coordination

- Incident Command
  - Unified Command
  - Expanded to address operational needs (i.e., HAZMAT Group, Protection Group, Suppression Group, etc.)
- Notifications

### **Execute Response Objectives**

- Life Safety
  - Offensive Assess the viability of victims vs. the limitations of PPE available; conduct emergent rescue of victims, only if reasonable to do so.
  - Defensive Remove ambulatory victims from release area, conduct emergency decontamination, and perform Triage, Treatment, and Transport.
  - Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.
- Incident Stabilization
  - Offensive Perform actions in accordance with limitations of training and protective clothing
  - Defensive Product Control —
     Perform actions in accordance with limitations of training and protective clothing
  - Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.
- Property Conservation
  - Defensive Product Control —
     Perform actions in accordance
     with limitations of training and
     protective clothing
  - Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.
- Environmental Protection
  - Defensive Product Control —
     Perform actions in accordance

- with limitations of training and protective clothing
- Non-Intervention If you can't change the outcome, don't get involved.
- Ensure proper Rapid Intervention Team
  - Properly Protected and Equipped
- Ensure Preparation for Entry Team(s)
  - Briefing
  - Objectives
  - Safety Procedures
  - Decontamination
- Atmospheric Monitoring

### **Decontamination**

- Initiate Emergency Mass Casualty Decontamination
- Ensure technical decontamination is available prior to Entry Operations
- Monitoring
- Disposal

### Termination

- Personnel Accountability
- Incident Scene Debriefing
- Documentation
- Equipment replacement and servicing
- Critique

### REFERENCES

All Hazardous Materials response operations coordinated by the Prince George's County Fire/EMS Department will be conducted in accordance with the rules and regulations for operations in such situations, as established in the OSHA and national consensus standards listed in the reference section.

 OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120, Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER)



- 2. 29 CFR 1910.134, Respiratory Protection
- NFPA 471, Recommended Practice for Responding to Hazardous Materials Incidents
- NFPA 472, Standard for Professional Competence of Responders to Hazardous Materials Incidents
- 5. NFPA 473, Standard for Professional Competence of EMS Personnel to Hazardous Materials Incidents
- NFPA 1500, Standard on Fire Department Occupational Safety and Health Program
- 7. NFPA 1991, Standard on Vapor-Protective Ensembles for Hazardous Materials Emergencies
- NFPA 1993, Standard on Liquid Splash-Protective Ensembles for Hazardous Materials Emergencies
- NFPA 1994, Standard on Protective Ensembles for Chemical/Biological Terrorism Incidents
- FEMA Document 508-4, Typed Resource Definitions – Fire and Hazardous Materials Resources.

### FORMS/ATTACHMENTS

Addendum 1- Training

Addendum 2- Minimum Equipment Requirements

Addendum 3- Dispatch Procedures

### Addendum 1 - Training

All hazardous materials training is provided through formal curriculum programs and regular drills and exercises designed to maintain competence with all related equipment and procedures. All hazardous materials training is intended to meet the requirements of OSHA Part 29 CFR 1910.120 and NFPA 472 and 473.

All Fire/EMS Department personnel must be trained to one of the following levels:

### First Responder at the Operational Level (HAZMAT Operations)

First responders at the operational level are those persons who respond to releases or potential releases of hazardous materials as part of the initial response to the incident for the purpose of protecting nearby persons, the environment, or property from the effects of the release. They should be trained to respond in a **defensive** fashion to control the release from a safe distance and keep it from spreading. (NFPA 472)

### Personnel:

 All personnel (career and volunteer) that may discover, investigate, or respond to a hazardous materials incident must maintain Hazardous Materials Operations level training.

### Initial Training Requirements:

- Approximately 24 hours of training in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.120 and NFPA 472.
- WMD Awareness/Operations Level Training

### Certification Recommended:

- Maryland State Fire Service Professional Qualifications Board (MFSPQB),
- National Board on Fire Service Professional Qualifications (Pro Board), or
- International Fire Service Accreditation Congress (IFSAC)

### Continuing Education/Refresher Requirements:

Annual Regulatory Competency Requirement: Minimum 4 hours

### Hazardous Materials Technician (HAZMAT Tech)

Hazardous materials technicians are those persons who respond to releases or potential releases of hazardous materials for the purpose of controlling the release. Hazardous materials technicians are expected to use specialized chemical protective clothing and specialized control equipment. (NFPA 472)

### Personnel:

 Hazardous Materials Technician Level personnel and response equipment are maintained at the stations assigned with the Hazardous Materials Support Units.

### Initial Training Requirements:

 First Responder Operations Level training, plus approximately 40 hours of training in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.120 and NFPA 472 at the Hazardous Materials Technician Level.  WMD HAZMAT Technician Enhancement Training (need to define what training is required and from where)

### Certifications Recommended:

- Maryland State Fire Service Professional Qualifications Board (MFSPQB),
- National Board on Fire Service Professional Qualifications (Pro Board), or
- International Fire Service Accreditation Congress (IFSAC)

### Continuing Education/Refresher Requirements:

- Annual Regulatory Competency Requirement: Minimum 16 hours
- Participation in at least one Hazardous Materials Response Drill per quarter
- Participation in at least one Hazardous Materials Exercise per year.

Credentialing: All Technician Level personnel are identified through appropriate credentials issued by the Fire Chief. This shall include identification cards and helmet designations.

### Primary Hazardous Material Company and Response Team

### Personnel:

 These personnel are either assigned to the Primary Hazardous Materials Response Unit or otherwise selected to participate as a HAZMAT Response Team Member through a competitive selection process.

### Pre-requisite Training Requirements:

Completion of Technician Level training as specified above.

### Certifications Required:

- Maryland State Fire Service Professional Qualifications Board (MFSPQB),
- National Board on Fire Service Professional Qualifications (Pro Board), or
- International Fire Service Accreditation Congress (IFSAC)

### Initial Training Requirements:

- HAZMAT Response Team Indoctrination Training Approximately 80 hours
- WMD HAZMAT Technician Enhancement Training

### Initial Training Recommendations:

- NFA Chemistry of Hazardous Materials or Chemistry for Emergency Response
- NFA Hazardous Materials Operating Site Practices (or similar training from a recognized training program)

### Continuing Education/Refresher Requirements:

- Annual Regulatory Competency Requirement: Minimum 32 hours
- Participation in at least one Hazardous Materials Response Drill per month
- Participation in at least two Hazardous Materials Exercises per year.

Credentialing: All Technician Level personnel are identified through appropriate credentials issued by the Fire Chief. This shall include identification cards and helmet designations.

### Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders

Designated Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders are responsible to supervise and control of hazardous materials personnel and equipment. They are specially trained to interface with Incident Command and other agencies to ensure safe and effective incident solution is achieved.

### Personnel:

 Senior members of Hazardous Materials Response Team with at least 5 years hazardous materials response experience.

### Training:

- Same as above, for Hazardous Materials Response Team Members
- Hazardous Materials Incident Commander Certification

### Continuing Education/Refresher Requirements:

- Annual Regulatory Competency Requirement: Minimum 42 hours
- · Participation in at least one Hazardous Materials Response Drill per month
- Participation in at least two Hazardous Materials Exercises per year.

Credentialing: All Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders are identified through appropriate credentials issued by the Fire Chief. This shall include identification cards and helmet designations.

### Hazardous Materials Incident Commanders

Incident Commanders who will assume control of the incident scene beyond the first responder awareness level must receive specific HAZMAT Incident Commander training.

### Initial Training Requirements:

- Approximately 24 hours of training in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.120 and NFPA 472.
- WMD Awareness/Operations Level Training

### Certification Recommended:

- Maryland State Fire Service Professional Qualifications Board (MFSPQB),
- National Board on Fire Service Professional Qualifications (Pro Board), or
- International Fire Service Accreditation Congress (IFSAC)

### Continuing Education/Refresher Requirements:

Annual Regulatory Competency Requirement: Minimum 4 hours

Credentialing: All Hazardous Materials Incident Commanders are identified through appropriate credentials issued by the Fire Chief.

### Refresher Training

All refresher training must be approved by the HAZMAT Coordinator and meet 29 CFR 1910.120(q)(6) and NFPA 472/473 requirements.

### Addendum 2 - Minimum Equipment Requirements

### Primary Hazardous Materials Response Unit

### Site Management and Control

- Barrier Tape
- Traffic Cones

### Recognition and Identification

- Cell Phone for immediate contact with technical experts/resources
- Wireless Internet Service for internet based reference searches
- Various Electronic Databases
- Various Printed Reference Materials
- Binoculars

### Detection and Monitoring

- Atmospheric Monitoring 4 Gas (O2, CO, LEL, H2S) with Photoionization Detector
- Remote Atmospheric Monitoring
- Colorimetric Test Materials
- Ion Mobility Spectrometer
- Sound Acoustic Wave Detector
- Infrared Spectrometer
- RAMAN Spectrometer
- Radiation Detection
- · Radiation Dosimeters

### Protective Clothing

- Level A Protective Ensembles
- Level B Protective Ensembles
- Level C Protective Ensembles with Powered Air Purifying Respirators
- Level C Protective Ensembles with Air Purifying Respirators
- Structural Fire Fighter Protective Clothing with SCBA
- Flash Fire Protective Coveralls

### Specialized Equipment and Techniques

- Offensive Product Control Equipment (i.e., Transfer Pumps and Equipment and Chlorine Response Kits)
- Defensive Product Control Equipment (Absorbent, Pads, Absorbent Boom, Barrier Boom, Hand Tools)

### Decontamination

- Mass Casualty Decontamination System with Triage Equipment
- Technical Decontamination

### **Hazardous Materials Support Units**

### Site Management and Control

Barrier Tape

Recognition and Identification

- Binoculars
- Additional Printed Reference Materials

### Detection and Monitoring

- Atmospheric Monitoring 4 Gas (O2, CO, LEL, H2S) with Photoionization Detector
- Colorimetric Test Materials
- Radiation Detection
- Radiation Dosimeters

### Protective Clothing

- Level B Protective Ensembles
- Level C Protective Ensembles with Air Purifying Respirators
- Structural Fire Fighting Protective Clothing with SCBA

### Specialized Equipment and Techniques

- Offensive Product Control Equipment (i.e., Transfer Pumps and Equipment)
- Defensive Product Control Equipment (Absorbent, Pads, Absorbent Boom, Barrier Boom, Hand Tools)

### Decontamination

- Mass Casualty Decontamination System with Triage Equipment
- Technical Decontamination

### **Operations Level Suppression Units**

### Site Management and Control

- Binoculars
- Barrier Tape

### Recognition and Identification

North American Emergency Response Guidebook

### Detection and Monitoring

- Atmospheric Monitoring 3 Gas (O2, CO, LEL)
- Radiation Detection

### Protective Clothing

Structural Fire Fighting Protective Clothing with SCBA

### Specialized Equipment and Techniques

• Defensive Product Control Equipment (Cellulose Absorbent, Clay Adsorbent, Hand Tools)

### Decontamination

Emergency Mass Casualty Decontamination Techniques

### Other Operations Level Response Units

### Site Management and Control

- Binoculars
- Barrier Tape

### Recognition and Identification

North American Emergency Response Guidebook

### Addendum 3 – Dispatch Procedures

### Hazardous Materials Service Call

Units are dispatched to investigate and evaluate suspicious materials, substances, or mail items, this small response allows for the incident to be safely evaluated without inciting panic. These incidents require the specialized resources of the Hazardous Materials Units, without the fire suppression or EMS response. Note: Bomb technicians will also be notified if packages presents or could present and explosive hazard.

### Dispatch:

• One (1) HAZMAT Unit (Primary or Support)

### Notify:

- · Primary Hazardous Materials Unit
- Hazardous Materials Team Coordinator
- Hazardous Materials Team Leaders

### Hazardous Materials Local Assignment

Units are dispatched to investigate incidents involving the suspicion of a hazardous material release or small incidents involving hazardous materials commonly known (e.g., gasoline, fuel oil, diesel, etc.). This assignment is also used to investigate reports of potential incidents such as abandoned or discarded hazardous material containers with no evidence of a release.

Dispatch Guidance

Occupancies: Exterior, no exposures

Automotive Fluids: Small Vehicles (< 5 tons GVW)</li>

Carbon Monoxide: Detector activation, no signs and symptoms

### Additional Dispatch Guidance (NFPA 471):

Incident Conditions	Information Available/Findings
Product Identification	No placards or labels,
	NFPA 704 0 or 1 all categories
Container Size	Small (Drum, Pail, Bag, Cylinder (<55 gal))
Fire/Explosion Potential	Low
Leak Severity	No known release, or
	small release contained with available resources
Life Safety	No known life threatening situation
Environmental Impact	Minimal
Container Integrity	Not Damaged or slightly damaged, not getting worse

### Dispatch:

Closest Suppression Company (Engine, Truck or Squad)

### Notify:

- Primary Hazardous Materials Unit
- · Hazardous Materials Team Coordinator
- Hazardous Materials Team Leaders

### **HAZMAT Street Assignment**

Units are dispatched to investigate and address:

- Unconfirmed presence or release of a hazardous material with possible victims
- · Small incidents involving unknown hazardous materials
- Large incidents involving specific known hazardous materials.

### Dispatch Guidance

Occupancies: Residential or exterior with exposures
 Automotive Fluids: Large Vehicles (greater than 5 tons GVW)
 Propane (LPG): Less than or equal to 40 pounds (fork lift bottle)

Carbon Monoxide: Detector activation w/ signs and symptoms, or signs and symptoms in more

than one person.

### Additional Dispatch Guidance (NFPA 471):

Incident Conditions	Information Available/Findings
Product Identification	Any placards or labels found,
	NFPA 704 2 in any category
Container Size	Medium
	Small Tanks
	Multiple packages (Drum, Pail, Bag, Cylinder (<55 gal))
Fire/Explosion Potential	Medium
Leak Severity	Release may not be controllable with available resources
Life Safety	Limited to the building or local area, limited evacuation
Environmental Impact	Moderate
Container Integrity	Damaged but will allow handling or transfer

### HAZMAT Street Assignment requires:

### Dispatch:

- Two (2) Engine Companies
- One (1) Special Service Company
- One (1) HAZMAT Unit
- One (1) BLS Ambulance
- One (1) ALS Medic Unit
- One (1) Command Officer
- One (1) AEMS Supervisor

### Notify:

- Hazardous Materials Team Coordinator
- Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders
- Primary Hazardous Materials Unit

### **HAZMAT Task Force**

The HAZMAT Task Force assignment is intended to provide the necessary resources to an incident to evaluate a possible release or exposure to a hazardous material. This assignment is used in addition to any initial dispatch if there is reported or suspected involvement with hazardous materials.

The HAZMAT Task Force may be requested by the incident commander to evaluate the potential that there are hazardous materials present on the scene of any incident or to respond to the scene of an incident that requires additional specialized consultation, knowledge, or resources.

Units on the HAZMAT Task Force will evaluate and identify any hazardous materials present and control hazardous run-off. If additional HAZMAT resources are required to safely mitigate the situation, the incident can be escalated as necessary.

The intent of this assignment is to provide the resources necessary to populate a complete HAZMAT Group within the established Incident Command System.

### Dispatch:

- Two (2) Engine Companies
- One (1) Special Service Company
- One (1) HAZMAT Support Unit
- One (1) Primary Hazardous Materials Unit
- One (1) BLS Ambulance, if not already assigned to the incident
- One (1) ALS Medic Unit, if not already assigned to the incident
- One (1) Command Officer, if not already assigned to the incident
- One (1) AEMS Supervisor, if not already assigned to the incident

### Notify:

- Hazardous Materials Team Coordinator
- Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders

### Hazardous Materials Box Alarm

Units are dispatched to:

- Confirmed presence and possible release of a hazardous material with possible victims
- Confirmed release of any hazardous material greater than 100 gallons
- Incident suspected to involve weapons of mass destruction

Additional Dispatch Guidance (NFPA 471):

Incident Conditions	Information Available/Findings
Product Identification	Class 1, Division 1.1 or 1.2 – Explosives
	Class 2, Division 2.3 – Poison Gases,
	Class 4 – Flammable Solid, Dangerous when Wet
	Class 5, Division 5.1 – Organic Peroxides
	Class 7 – Radioactive Materials
	Cryogenic Materials
	NFPA 704 3 or 4 in any categories
	Suspected WMD Event
Container Size	Large
	Bulk Transport Containers: Tank Cars, Tank Trucks, multiple
	containers
Fire/Explosion Potential	High
Leak Severity	Release may not be controllable even with special resources
Life Safety	Large evacuation area, Large number of evacuees
Environmental Impact	Severe
Container Integrity	Damaged so that catastrophic failure may be possible

### A HAZMAT Box Assignment shall consist of the following units:

### Typical Street Alarm

- Two (2) Engine Companies
- One (1) Special Service Company
- One (1) Command Officer

### With a HAZMAT Task Force

- Two (2) Engine Companies
- One (1) Special Service Company
- One (1) HAZMAT Support Unit
- One (1) Primary Hazardous Materials Unit
- One (1) BLS Ambulance
- One (1) ALS Medic Unit
- One (1) Command Officer
- One (1) AEMS Supervisor
- Hazardous Materials Team Coordinator
- Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders

### Notify:

- Hazardous Materials Team Coordinator
- Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders

### **HAZMAT Response Team Dispatch**

The off-duty personnel and/or assigned to other positions on-duty the Hazardous Materials Response Team shall be dispatched on the discretion of the Incident Commander on the scene in consultation with a HAZMAT Team Leader.

The HAZMAT Response Team shall require the following in addition to the resources already assigned to the incident:

### Notify:

- Hazardous Materials Response Team
- Hazardous Materials Team Coordinator
- Hazardous Materials Response Team Leaders

### Additional Resources

Since Hazardous Materials incidents can develop into large and complex command structures, the Incident Commander should also consider the following additional resources:

- Command Unit (PSC-1) Long duration incidents or complex command structures
- Air Unit If entry operations are undertaken by the Hazardous Materials personnel
- Foam Unit If flammable liquids are present
- Canteen Unit Long duration incidents

## APPENDIX C

RE-Use and Recycling Processors

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# Prince George's County

# Re-Use and Recycling Processors

Disclaimer Statement: Inclusion on this list does not constitue endorsement by Prince George's County Government. Pleuse be sure to contact each company individually for information about the services offered, hours of operation, specific requirements, and current charges.

Appliances				Type of Recyclables Accepted
Universal Appliance Recycling, Inc.	8500 Ardwick Ardmore Road	Landover, MD	301-773-3400	Recycles used appliances both residential and commercial.
Automotive				Type of Recyclables Accepted
S.C.C. Environmental	5501 Courtney Avenue	Alexandria, VA	800-673-8521	Accepts used motor oil, antifreeze, heating oil, waste oil, contract out pick up services.
City of Bowie, Dept. of Public Works	Route 450 (near Rt. 3)	Bowie, MD	301-809-2344	Accepts oil, antifreeze drop off facility, residents of Bowie Maryland curbside program only!
Town of Cheverly, Dept. of Public Works	6401 Forest Road	Cheverly, MD	301-773-8360	Drop off for residential oil & antifreeze.
City of College Park	9219 51st Street	College Park, MD	301-864-8877	Accects oil; College Park Residents Only!
Ft. Washington Marina	13600 Kings Charles Terrace	Ft. Washington, M 301-292-7700	301-292-7700	Accepts oil, antifreeze.

Accepts oil; City of Greenbelt Maryland Residents Only!	Accepts oil; City of Hyattsville, Maryland Residents Only!	Accepts oil filters.	Accepts oil, antifreeze; City of Laurel, Maryland Residents Only!	Accepts oil, antifreeze; City of New Carrollton, Maryland Residents Only!	Accepts oil; Town of Riverdale, Maryland Residents Only!	Accepts Cars, trucks, and boats.	Accepts batteries, used oil, tires, antifreeze, non-commercial vehicles only!	Type of Recyclables Accepted
301-474-8004	301-985-5032	888-773-2784	301-725-0088	/ 301-577-1008	301-864-1803	301-599-8000	301-627-1611	
Greenbelt, MD	Hyattsville, MD	Landover, MD	Laured, MD	New Carrollton, М 301-577-1008	Riverdale, MD	Upper Marlboro,	Upper Mariboro,	
555 Crescent Road	Dept. of Public Works	8464 Ardwick-Ardmore Road	305-307 First Street	6318 Westbrook Drive	5008 Queensbury Road	5606 Dower House Road	3500 Brown Station Road	
City of Greenbelt, Dept. of Public Works	City of Hyattsville	Chesapeake Environmental Services	City of Laurel, Public Works	City of New Carrollton	Town of Riverdale, Public Works	Melwood Charities	Brown Station Container Pad 3500 Brown	Bottles & Cans

Missouri Avenue Drop-Off Center

12701 Missouri Avenue

Brandywine, MD 301-372-6152

Accepts aluminum cans, glass bottles, tin cans, #1 & #2 plastics.

Prince George's Co. Materials Recovery F	1000 Ritchie Road	Capitol Heights, M 301-499-1707	301-499-1707	Accepts aluminum cans, glass bottles and jars, steel cans, plastic bottles.
City of Greenbelt, Dept. of Public Works	555 Crescent Road	Greenbelt, MD	301-474-8004	Accepts aluminum cans, glass bottles, tin cans, plastic bottles - City of Greenbelt Maryland Residents Only!
Brown Station Container Pad	3500 Brown Station Road	Upper Marlboro,	301-627-1611	Accepts aluminum cans, glass bottles, plastic bottles, non-commercial vehicles only!
Modern Recycling	15131 Old Marlboro Pike	Upper Marlboro,	301-627-1910	Accepts aluminum cans, non-ferrous scrap, 1 lb. minimum, roll-off service available.
Sardboard				Type of Recyclables Accepted
Box Express	9819 Rhode Island Ave.	College Park, MD	301-345-9472	Accepts standard moving and packaging boxes; No grocery store or dumpster boxes
Encore Recycling	13211 Virginia Manor Road <i>Laurel, MD</i>	Laurel, MD	301-419-0180	Accepts Cardboard for recycling.
Clothing/ Textile Purple Heart	www.purpleheart.org			Type of Recyclables Accepted Accepts clothing for recycling and reuse
Planet Aid	8919 Mcgaw Ct	Columbia, MD	410-309-1002	Accepts clothes, shoes, linen and fabrics.

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6 Accepts clothing for recycling and reuse	Type of Recyclables Accepted	<ol> <li>Accepts concrete, asphalt for proper disposal.</li> </ol>	Wood pallet recycling will collect and buy back, depends on the quantity and quality of product.	9 Accepts concrete, asphalt for proper disposal.	<ul><li>Just accepts concrete for proper disposal.</li></ul>	O Accepts asphalt, concrete, dirt, top soil.	7	<ol> <li>Accepts asphalt roofing shingles.</li> </ol>	\$9 \$75 Minimum charge; Only accepts cardboard.
301-490-5926		800-628-4942	410-488-5500	301-261-3359	I 301-636-624	301-568-2050		, 301-925-8111	301-350-4059
Laurel, MD		Baltimore, MD	Baltimore, MD	Baltimore, MD	Cupitol Heights, M 301-636-6240	Forestville, MD		Fairmont Heights,	d Upper Mariboro,
12655 Laurel Bowie Rd	oil, Wood	6931 Baltimore Annapolis Boulevard	6600 Landay Ave., P.O. Box 9687	1801 South Monroe Street	5900 Sheriff Road	2600 Marble Court		5800 Sheriff Road	2001 Richie Marlboro Road Upper Mariboro,
Goodwill Industries	Concrete, Asphalt, Soil, Wood	Patuxent Materials, Inc.	Valleywood Industries	Patuxent Materials, Inc.	Aggregate & Dirt Solutions	Global Resource Recyclers, Inc.	Concrete, Asphalt, Wood	Brandywine Enterprises, Inc.	Richie Marlboro Road Rubblefield

.2 Accepts concrete only	Type of Recyclables Accepted  See Accepts Building Materials	80 Reuse Center/ accepts Building Materials	Mosters, concrete can collect in roll off dumpsters, contact the sales department.	60 Accepts roofing shingles.	<ul><li>Accepts polyurethane foam, good quality carpet pad, furniture foam, bedding foam, new carpet.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Building Materials retrieved from deconstruction and Unused Construction Materials</li> </ul>	consultant for wood pallets, collects and reproduces material from recycled glass, polystyrene, mixed plastic.	Type of Recyclables Accepted
301-475-8022	410-558-3625	301-985-5180	301-925-8100	301-568-2050	800-787-3626	301-627-4499	301-952-9137	
Waldorf, MD	Baltimore, MD	Edmonston, MD	Fairmont Heights,	Forestville, MD	Forestville, MD	Landover, MD	Upper Marlboro,	
12130 Acton Ln	<b>eting</b> 2 North Kresson Street	4671 Tanglewood Drive	5800 Sheriff Road	2600 Marble Court	8107 Cryden Way	7600 Jefferson Street	11103 Brookdale Lane	e Disposal
Chaney Enterprises	Construction, Carpeting The Loading Dock 2 Nor	Community Forklift	Brandywine Enterprises	Global Resource Recyclers, Inc.	Foam Recycle Center	Newel Post	Design Recycle, Inc.	Cooking Oil / Grease Dispos

Accepts clothing, appliances, furniture, and some electronics	Type of Recyclables Accepted Computer refurbishing is done here.	www.cdm4recycle.com; Accepts any electronics with a cord. No televisions are accepted here.	Accepts CPUs, monitors, disks, copy machines, audio/visuał equipment, typewriters, phone systems.	Accepts Electronics; Will collect from homes and businesses	Accepts Ink Cartridges, Rechargable Batteries, Cell Phones, CDs, DVDs, PDA/ Smart Phones.	VCRs in good working condition are accepted here.	Accepts Computers, Monitors, Printers, Fax Machines, Televisions, Copiers, Power Supplies, UPS Backup Batteries (non alkaline batteries), CDs, DVDs,	Accepts cell phones in working condition.
800-466-3345	240-395-0915	410-525-1400	410-644-9400	301-937-0393	301-464-3080	Capitol Heights, M 301-333-4440	Capitol Heights, M 301-583-8399	410-285-4357
Rockville, MD		Baltimore, MD	Baltimore, MD	Belisville, MD	Воwіе, МD	Capitol Heights, .	Capitol Heights,	Dundalk, MD
15810 Indianola Drive	iances	1607 Wicomico Street	3200 James Street	10752 Tucker Street	15800 Collington Road	6180 Central Avenue	1771 Olive Street	7701 Dunmanway
Goodwill Industries	Electronics, Appliances Computer Docs	cdm	Computer Donation Management, Inc.	Nur Tech	Best Buy	Mission of Love	Turtle Wings	Family Crisis Center

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No commerical vehicles. Open Sundays only: 7:30 am to 3:30 pm.	Type of Recyclables Accepted	Accepts and properly dispose of Hazardous Waste Materials.	Accepts and properly dispose of Hazardous Waste Materials.	Accepts and properly dispose of Hazardous Waste Materials.	Accepts and properly dispose of Hazardous Waste Materials.	Accepts and properly dispose of Hazardous Waste Materials.	Type of Recyclables Accepted	Accepts Florescent, HID Lamps, ballasts, will send shipping material.	Accepts fluorescent light tubes and ballasts, other lights, mercury switches, transformers. No televisions
301-883-7161		276-628-6636	410-244-8200	713-985-5333	973-398-5100	703-331-0516		888-455-2800	301-699-6244
Upper Marlboro,		Abingdon, VA	Baltimore, MD	Hatfield, PA	Landing, New Jers 973-398-5100	Manassas, VA			Hyattsville, MD
11611 Brown Station Road Upper Marlboro,	ervices	26319 Old Trail Road	1910 Russell Street	2869 Sandstone Drive	10 Orben Drive	11520 Ballsford Road		On-Line Service	3408 52nd Avenue
Prince George's County	Hazardous Waste Services	MXI Environmental Services 26319 Old Trail Road	Clean Harbors	PSC Environmental Services, LLC	CARE Environmental Corp.	Safety Kleen Corporation	Lighting	Bulbs.com	USA Lights

Home Depot	15410 Chrysler Drive	Upper Marlboro,	301-780-6555	Accepts compact fluorescent light bulbs for recycling.
Metals				Type of Recyclables Accepted
Mid-Atlantic Recycle Center	1994 Moreland Parkway	Annapolis, MD	410-268-2274	Accepts aluminum cans, lead batteries, non-ferrous scrap metal for recycling.
Jos. Smith & Sons	2001 Kenilworth Avenue	Capitol Heights, M 301-725-4744	301-725-4744	Accepts aluminum scrap, non-ferrous and ferrous scrap.
Clinton Metal Company	7605 Ogden Drive	Clinton, MD	301-297-4696	Accepts Non-ferrous scrap metal, drop off only; No steel; No iron.
P.G. Scrap	5700 Branchville Road	College Park, MD 301-474-3444	301-474-3444	Accepts Scrap Metals
Prince George's Scrap	5408 Branchville Road	College Park, MD	301-474-3444	Accepts aluminum cans, tin cans, non- ferrous and ferrous metal scrap, pick-up service available.
Ultra Recycling, Inc.	8046 Fernham Ln	Forestville, MD	301-967-0652	Accepts Aluminum and Copper Wire Metals
Metro Re-Uz-It	3401 Kenilworth Avenue	Hyattsville, MD	301-699-1616	Accepts tin, steel, non-ferrous metals, and OCC
Laurel Metals Inc	114 Lafayette Avenue	Laurel, MD	301-725-4744	Accepts Non ferrous scrap metal, cans, good for plumbers, and electricians.

Montgomery Scrap	15000 Southlawn Lane	Rockville, MD	301-424-3000	Accepts non-ferrous and ferrous scrap, roll-off containers available.
Mixed/ Commercial Hauling	Hauling			Type of Recyclables Accepted
Capital Sanitation Services	4317 Baltimore Avenue	Bladensburg, MD	301-699-1100	Commercial Contracts, any size business, full service.
Bates	4305 48th Street	Bladensburg, MD	301-773-2069	Commercial Contracts available.
UNEEDA Disposał Service, Inc.	14911 Downey Court	Вожіе, МД	301-390-3627	Commercial Hauling Services.
Allied Waste	300 Ritchie Road	Capitol Heights, M 301-336-1000	301-336-1000	Commercial hauling service.
Waste Management Recycle America	1000 Ritchie Road	Capitol Heights, M 301-499-1707	301-499-1707	Contact Paul Woyciechowski
CWI		Cupitol, Heights,	301-322-3000	Commercial Hauling Services.
Goode Trash	8201 Corporate Drive, Suite 770	Landover, MD	301-429-5180	Commercial Hauling Services.
Integrated Waste Analysts, Inc.	Nation Wide	Nation Wide	877-492-4968	Provides solid waste and recycling management programs to commercial, industrial, and residential customers throughout the continental United States

Calvert Trash Inc.	P.O. Box 9	Owings, MD	301-855-5977	Commercial Contracts, full service, 1-888-MRTRASH.  Type of Recyclables Accepted
Envirelation	P.O. Box 3711	Washington, D.C.	202-465-4802	Accepts food waste for the hospitality industry with special projects for commercial institutions.
<b>Other</b> Peanut Hotline	Telephone Hotline		800-828-2214	Type of Recyclables Accepted Helps recyclers find businesses that accept packaging peanuts for reuse.
Peanut Collection Website	www.loosefillpackaging.co m			Helps recyclers find businesses that accept packaging peanuts for reuse.
<b>Pallets</b> Brandywine Enterprises	5800 Sheriff Road	Fairmont Heights,	301-925-8100	<b>Type of Recyclables Accepted</b> Accepts pallets
Design Recycle, Inc.	11103 Brookdale Lane, P O Box 638	Upper Marlboro,	301-952-9137	Accepts pallets
Bailey Lumber Company	5200 Christmas PI	Waldorf, MD	301-274-4116	Accepts pallets
Paper				Type of Recyclables Accepted

888-558-5952 Accepts paper - pick-up services available.	301-372-6152 Accepts newspaper, phone books, mixed paper, corrugated/cardboard, white paper.	1-499-1707 Commercial Contracts all material, good for high generators of corrugated/cardboard, contact Paul W.	1-336-1000 Accepts newspaper, corrugated/cardboard, white paper, cans, comingled, contract services available	301-386-3010 Office paper recycling services provided here.	240-318-0056 Document destruction service provided.	703-849-8900 Document destruction, good for events, corporate contracts.	301-948-6301 Commercial Contracts, good for paper and certified document destruction.	301-474-8004 Accepts newspaper, corrugated/cardboard, high grade office paper - City of Greenbelt Maryland Residents Only!
Bethesda, MD 88	Brandywine, MD 30	Capitol Heights, M 301-499-1707	Capitol Heights, M 301-336-1000	Cheverly, MD 30	Clinton, MD 24	Falls Church, VA 70	Gaithersburg, MD 30	Greenbelt, MD 30
4600 East-West Hwy #900	12701 Missouri Avenue	1000 Ritchie Road	8401 Truck Way	5600 Columbia Park Road	7700 Old Branch Avenue	2890 Emma Lee Street	7650 Airpark Road	555 Crescent Road
PSI Services II, Inc./ASI works	Missouri Avenue Drop-Off Center	Prince George's Co. Materials Recovery	Browning-Ferris Ind./Allied Waste	World Recycling, Inc.	APMI Group	Safeguard Shredder	Office Paper Systems	City of Greenbelt, Dept. of Public Works

Accepts Paper for recycling.	Accepts white paper, newspaper, magazines, catelogs, envelopes, folders, color paper, fundraising opportunities.	Accepts Cardboard, newspaper, white paper, mixed paper.	Accepts newspaper, phone books, mixed paper, corrugated/cardboard, white paper, non-commercial vehicles only!	Accepts mixed paper, white paper, corrugated/cardboard.	Type of Recyclables Accepted	Accepts old unwanted prescription drugs from customers/residents for proper disposal.	Accepts old unwanted prescription drugs from customers/residents for proper disposal.	Accepts old unwanted prescription drugs from customers/residents for proper disposal.	Accepts old unwanted prescription drugs from customers/residents for proper disposal.
301-419-0180	410-361-0659	301-762-6990	301-952-7634	202-269-3303		301-736-3992	301-736-8683	410-969-3417	301-322-8082
Laurel, MD	Prince George's C	Rockville, MD	Upper Martboro,	Washington, DC		District Heights,	Forestville, MD	Glen Burnie, MD	Glenarden, MD
13211 Virginia Manor Road <i>Laurel, MD</i>	Baltimore/Washington	14820 Southlawn Lane	3500 Brown Station Road	1116 W. St., NE	osal	5870 Silver Hill Road	7012 Marlboro Pike	7953 Crain Highway SW	7936 Johnson Avenue
Encore Recycling	Abitibi Consolidated Paper Retriever	Georgetown Paper Stock of Rockville	Brown Station Container Pad	CWI	Pharmaceutical Disposal	CVS Pharmacy	CVS Pharmacy	Walgreens Pharmacy	Supreme Pharmancy, LLC.

CVS Pharmacy	8201 Annapolis Road	New Carrollion, M 301-577-6222	301-577-6222	Accepts old unwanted prescription drugs from customers/residents for proper disposal.
CVS Pharmacy	5922 Martin Luther King Jr. Highway	Seat Pleasant, MD	301-925-9054	Accepts old unwanted prescription drugs from customers/residents for proper disposal.
CVS Pharmacy	10692 Campus Way S.	Upper Marlboro,	301-336-2900	Accepts old unwanted prescription drugs from customers/residents for proper disposal.
Shredding				Type of Recyclables Accepted
Mid Atlantic Shredding Services	9015 Junction Drive, Suite 4	Annapolis Junctio	301-362-7380	Document Destruction Service, Recycled Paper, Miscellaneous Materials.
ECO-Shred, LLC.	5600 Columbia Park Road	Cheverly, MD	301-386-3010	Government, Commercial, & Residential Mobile Document Shredding
APMI Group	7700 Old Branch Avenue #E202	Clinton, MD	240-318-0056	Shredding Services, commercial contracts.
E-Structors, Inc.	6660 Santa Barbara Road, Suite #25	Elkridge, MD	410-379-3098	Document shredding service is done here.
Safeguard Shredding	2890 Emma Lee Street	Falls Church, VA	703-849-8900	Paper shredding on-site; never transported, sorted, or stored.
All-Shred, Inc.	4831 Winchester Boulevard	Frederick, MD	301-874-1480	On-Site & Off-Site paper shredding & document destruction service.

Accepts all paper grades & old corrugated cardboard.	Document Destruction Service, Recycled Paper, Miscellaneous Materials.	Commercial contracts, document destructions, collection containers.	Type of Recyclables Accepted	Accepts, collects, and recycles styrofoam. Free service, must be in bags and delivered to the Belcamp locaton	Type of Recyclables Accepted	Accepts both Ink and Toner Cartridges for dropoff.	Will provide pick up for large volumes; Toner Cartridges.	Accepts Toner Cartridges, and Ink Jets.	Type of Recyclables Accepted	Leaves, grass, brush, Christmas trees - tip fee!
866-210-5433	301-315-0070	202-274-1818		410-272-8060		240-241-7623	301-588-4850	703-855-9111		301-627-6388
Middletown, MD	Rockville, MD	Washington, D.C.		Belcamp, Marylan 410-272-8060		Beltsville, MD	Hyattsville, MD	Virginia		Upper Marlboro,
P.O. Box 210	850 East Gude Drive		್ತ	121 Bata Blvd	ridges	6759 Mid Cities Avenue	5004 Jackson Street			6601 Southeast Crain Highway
Better Shredder, Inc.	Shred-it	2 Pi Shredding & Recycling Services	Styrofoam Recycling	Lifoam Industries	Toner/Ink Jet Cartridges	Litz Office Products	American Laser Inc.	Recycle, Inc.	Yard Waste	Western Branch