



















Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY MARYLAND

Rushern L. Baker, III County Executive



2016 - 2017

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2017
Prepared by Office of Finance
Gail D. Francis
Director of Finance

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section contains the listing of County officials, the Letter of Transmittal and the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

Prince George's County, Maryland Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2017



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ELECTED OFFICIALS



COUNTY EXECUTIVE Rushern L. Baker, III

Derrick Leon Davis COUNTY COUNCIL Chairman

Mel Franklin Obie Patterson
Dannielle M. Glaros Deni Taveras
Andrea C. Harrison Karen R. Toles
Mary A. Lehman Todd M. Turner

CERTAIN OTHER EXECUTIVE BRANCH APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Nicholas A. Majett, Chief Administrative Officer

Betty Hager Francis, Deputy Chief Administrative Officer Glenda R. Wilson, Chief of Staff

Thomas Himler, Deputy Chief Administrative Officer Jared M. McCarthy, County Attorney

Mark A. Magaw, Deputy Chief Administrative Officer Gail D. Francis, Director of Finance

Barry L. Stanton, Deputy Chief Administrative Officer Stanley A. Earley, Director, Office of Management and Budget

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP



Rushern L. Baker, III
County Executive

COUNTY Rushern L. Baker, III

County Executive

Prince George's County Elected Officials



Derrick Leon Davis Chair, District 6



Dannielle M. Glaros Vice Chair, District 3



Mary A. Lehman District 1



Deni TaverasDistrict 2



Todd M. Turner, Esq. District 4



Andrea C. Harrison District 5



Karen R. Toles
District 7



Obie Patterson
District 8



Mel Franklin District 9

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY GOVERNMENT

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Executive Branch

	County Executive					
	Chief Administrative Officer					
Line Agencies	Staff Agencies	Other Agencies Subject to County Funding and Control				
Police Department	Office of Law	Health Department				
Fire/EMS Department	Office of Central Services	Soil Conservation District				
Department of Corrections	Office of Management and Budget	Office of the State's Attorney				
Office of Community Relations	Office of Human Resources Management	Board of License Commissioners				
Department of Family Services	Office of Finance	Office of the Sheriff				
Department of Housing and Community Development	Office of Information Technology	Department of Social Services County Board of Elections Semi-Autonomous Agencies				
Department of Public Works and Transportation	Boards and Commissions					
Department of the Environment	Human Relations					
Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement	Citizens Oversight Panel	Board of Education				
Office of Homeland Security	Personnel Board	Prince George's Community College				
'	People's Zoning Counsel	Memorial Library				
	Revenue Authority					
Bi-County	Bi-County Agencies					
Washington Suburbar	Washington Suburban Transit Commission					
Washington Suburban	Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission					
Maryland-National Capital Pa	Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission					



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

Prince George's County Maryland

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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THE PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY GOVERNMENT OFFICE OF FINANCE

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RUSHERN L. BAKER, III, COUNTY EXECUTIVE GAIL D. FRANCIS, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

March 20, 2018

The Honorable County Executive, Members of the County Council, and Citizens of Prince George's County, Maryland

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Prince George's County (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 required by local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes stipulate that the County annually issue a report on its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants. The public accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP was engaged to perform this task for fiscal year 2017. The auditor's report on the Basic Financial Statements and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the Financial Section of this report. The County is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions above. Information related to the County's Uniform Grants Guidance audit, including a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the independent auditor's report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance, and a Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs will be included in a separately issued single audit report.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a way that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the governmental and business-type activities, various funds, and component units of the County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental activities require the County to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report behind the Financial Section tab.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Prince George's County, Maryland - a body corporate and politic - is a political subdivision of the State of Maryland, which operates under a "home rule" Charter which was adopted in November 1970. The powers of the County are contained in the Charter of Prince George's County, Maryland (the "Charter") and in the Constitution and laws of the State of Maryland. The Charter controls two branches of government. The executive branch enforces the laws and manages the business affairs of the County. It consists of a County Executive (elected by the qualified voters of the entire County) and all other officers, agents, and employees under the County Executive's supervision and authority, including the Chief Administrative Officer who is responsible for the day-to-day administration of the County. The legislative branch of the County consists of a nine-member County Council (elected by Councilmanic District) and its staff. The Charter limits the County Executive and members of the Council to two consecutive four-year terms in office. The judicial branch is independent and separate from the other branches of government and gets its authority from the Maryland Constitution. It is primarily comprised of the Court System and the State's Attorney's Office.

When Prince George's County was formed, it included all of that part of Maryland lying between the Potomac and Patuxent Rivers, extending from Mattawoman and Swanson Creeks on the south to the Pennsylvania line on the north, thus encompassing the area which today is comprised of the District of Columbia, Montgomery, Frederick, Washington, Allegany, and Garrett Counties, the northwest half of Carroll County, and that part of Charles County lying north of Mattawoman Creek. Named for Prince George of Denmark, husband of Princess Anne, heir to the throne of England, our County was founded in 1696. Between 1696 and 1800, Prince George's County was reduced to its present size by acts of Maryland's General Assembly.

Prince George's County is the second largest jurisdiction in the State of Maryland (and the third largest in the metropolitan Washington area) with a population of nearly 908,049 residents. It encompasses 483 square miles that borders Washington, D.C., Montgomery, Howard and Anne Arundel Counties and is 37 miles south of the City of Baltimore. The County's centralized location and its rich diversity has attracted more than 14,728 businesses to its twenty-seven unique municipalities. Having a robust transportation system allows easy access to the region's national and international airports and to the Port of Baltimore.

County residents enjoy a diversity of leisure options, including a park system encompassing over 29,000 acres of parkland and open space. Leisure facilities and services provided by the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (the "M-NCPPC") include a sports and concert facility (Show Place Arena); a 10,000 seat AA Minor League Baseball stadium (Bowie



Baysox) and community centers; recreational buildings; aquatic facilities; ice rinks; golf courses; an equestrian center; tennis courts; a performing arts and cultural center; and a gymnastic center. Other major recreational facilities include an 87,052-seat National Football League stadium

(FedEx Field – Home of the Washington Redskins); an amusement park (Six Flags America) featuring rides, attractions and shows; a 240,000 square foot Olympic-quality recreational Sports and Learning Complex, and the National Harbor home to MGM Casino, the Gaylord Resort and Convention Center, Tanger Outlets, and the Waterfront. In addition, recreational and cultural opportunities of the nation's capital, Washington, D.C., are located just across the County line. The County is home to six universities and colleges, including the flagship campus of the University System of Maryland.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The financial reporting entity (the County) includes all the funds of the Primary Government (i.e., Prince George's County, Maryland as legally defined). It also includes Component Units for which the Primary Government is financially accountable. Discretely presented Component Units are reported in a separate column in the Basic Financial Statements Section to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Primary Government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the Primary Government. The County's eight Component Units are the following: Board of Education of Prince George's County, Housing Authority of Prince George's County, Industrial Development Authority of Prince George's County, Prince George's County, and Redevelopment Authority of Prince George's County.

The Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC), the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC), the Washington Suburban Transit Commission (WSTC), and the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) are joint ventures as disclosed in the accompanying notes to the financial statements. The Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG) is reported as a jointly governed organization rather than a joint venture. Dimensions Health Corporation and the Economic Development Corporation are deemed to be neither component units, nor joint venture activities as such, and accordingly are excluded from this report.

The services provided by the Primary Government include police, homeland security, fire and emergency services; health, family and social services; public works and environmental service programs; and court and correctional services. The Primary Government also adopts and maintains building codes, regulates licenses and permits, collects taxes and revenue, maintains records, conducts elections, and collects, recycles and disposes of refuse. Services provided by the component units and partially financed by the Primary Government include: elementary, secondary, and community college education; public and private building construction; community building projects; projects devoted wholly or partially for public use that will stimulate employment or economic growth; library services; planning services; parking facilities; public and private residential housing; and public access to cable television programming. Public transit, parks and recreational facilities, and water and sewer services are provided by various joint venture entities.

MANAGEMENT INITIATIVES

The County has instituted an integrated and comprehensive performance management system (CountyStat), that includes regular performance reporting and analysis and issue-focused, executive-level sessions and studies. It strengthens data-driven managerial and budgetary decisions, ensuring resources are utilized efficiently and effectively. In addition, it is a systematic approach that enables the County's leadership to develop collaborative relationships; assess service delivery; identify cost-saving strategies; and improve the effectiveness of services.

The County's vision, "Path to Greatness", is a critical part of the strategic planning. It guides the government's services to its residents, businesses and visitors and serves as the basis for spending priorities. This vision as stated is: "Prince George's County is a nationally recognized jurisdiction that will be a leader in the Washington Metropolitan Region because of our thriving economy, great schools, safe neighborhoods and high quality healthcare. We will govern with policies and practices that are innovative, results oriented and sustainable. The residents and businesses of Prince George's County will know that this is one of the best places to live, invest, work and visit."

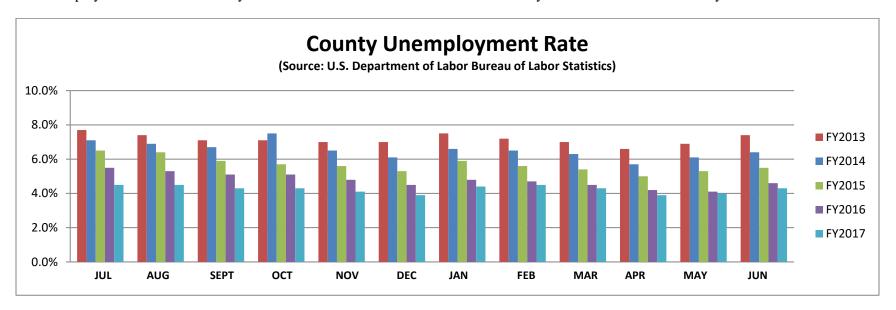
In order to transform the vision into a reality, the County has focused its resources on seven priorities: (1) a thriving economy, (2) an excellent education system, (3) safe neighborhoods, (4) quality health care, (5) effective human services, (6) a clean and sustainable environment, and (7) high performance government operations.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

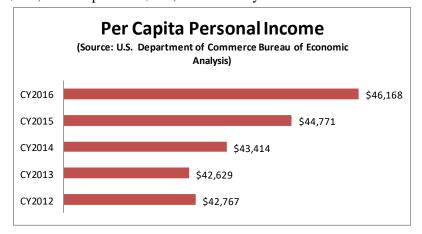
Economic Development is a core priority of Prince George's County's commitment to ensuring a high quality of life and securing the long-term viability of the County. The County established the Economic Development Incentive (EDI) Fund to assist the County in expanding its tax base; attracting businesses, retaining existing businesses; and growing job opportunities through loans, grants and guarantees to businesses throughout the County. These loans have leveraged \$714.7 million in total private investments, and assisted in the creation and/or retention of almost 8,600 jobs in Prince George's County.

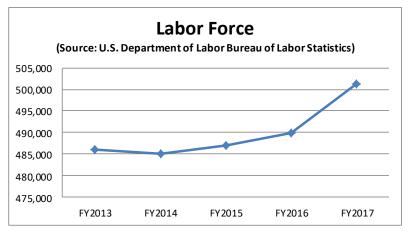
Contracting opportunities with government, research, technology and defense industry anchors contribute to the maintenance of a relatively stable market. There are fourteen federal agencies mostly with research-focused activities within the County. These agencies attract technology companies as partners/contractors for their operations. The NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, the USDA Beltsville Agricultural Research Center, the Army Research Laboratory, the Institute for Defense Analysis, the Internal Revenue Service, and the U.S. Census Bureau Supercomputer Center support the local technology business base. The University of Maryland at College Park is building several new facilities, some for national security-related tenants, on its 100-acre Enterprise Campus research park.

The unemployment rate for the County continues to decline with a rate of 4.3% in fiscal year 2017 from 4.8% in fiscal year 2016.

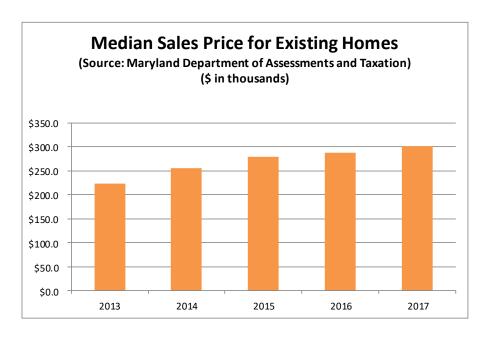


The County's per capita personal income for calendar year 2016 was \$46,168 compared to \$44,771 in calendar year 2015. With the completion of various economic development projects in the coming years, job growth should continue to climb. The labor force in fiscal year 2017 was \$501,252 compared to \$489,859 in fiscal year 2016.





The County's median home sales price of \$302,300 for fiscal year 2017 was 5% higher than in fiscal year 2016. Median sales prices have steadily increased since 2013.



LOCAL ECONOMY

County revenue sources such as taxes, fees, licenses and permits, service charges, use of money and property, etc. are used to fund the majority of government programs and services. Real property taxes represent the largest portion of County source funding for government operations, increasing in FY2017 by 4.0%. Local income tax is another large revenue source for the County. Income tax collections along with the State Income Disparity Grant increased in FY2017 by 5.9% affirming a recovery in the local job market and regional economy. The County's real estate market is continuing to show improvement with combined Transfer and Recordation tax receipts increasing by 2.0%. Licenses and permit fee revenue increased by 16.7% in FY2017. This revenue includes building, grading, and street use and other permits, along with revenue from video lottery terminals and table games generated from the MGM and National Harbor.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The County implements its long-range financial planning policies using two methods – (1) The legislative approval of its six-year capital improvement program (CIP) budget, and (2) Internal financial forecasting and modeling. These practices are essential in order to plan for potential liabilities early and allocation of resources accordingly. This ensures that the County policies and/or decisions do not lead to unexpected financial burdens and measures the fiscal impact of present day decisions on long-term outcomes, thus maintaining long-term financial sustainability.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County maintains an extensive budgetary control system. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the County Council. Budgetary control in the General Fund is maintained at the department/agency level and at the fund level for all other funds. No County liability shall be incurred or contracted by any department, agency, or employee, and no bill or invoice shall be approved or paid, unless authorized by the Council budget adoption or specific appropriation to cover payment out of public funds. Any person willfully violating this provision shall be deemed responsible for the contract, debt, or expenditure. Any Department Head allowing such actions is subject to disciplinary action by the Council.

The County Executive is authorized to transfer budget amounts up to \$250,000 within any department or fund; however, the County Council must approve any revisions that alter the total budgeted expenditures of any department or fund or transfer in excess of \$250,000. No agency of the Primary Government shall expend, or contract to expend, more than the amounts appropriated in the budget for each fiscal year. The Component Units may transfer budget appropriations within certain limits, but generally may not alter total appropriations without a budget amendment by the County Council.

The County has implemented a system of performance measurements, and many agencies are developing and tracking improved performance measures. Other agencies are tracking financial and program performance on a routine basis with a special emphasis on efficiency and outcome measures. The data is used to guide daily management decisions and to focus on operational policies.

Prince George's County, Maryland received AAA bond ratings from Moody's Investor Services Inc., Fitch Ratings, and S&P Global Ratings, despite continuing economic challenges due to the ups and downs in market conditions and having to operate under various tax rate constraints. This reflects the County's continued sound financial management, the ongoing and significant economic development occurring and its extremely diverse local economy.

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that accurate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance, the County is also responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements, laws, and regulations applicable to these programs. The internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the County's Office of Audits and Investigations.

The Primary Government maintains an Office of Audits and Investigations as required by Charter. The duties and responsibilities of this office include: annual financial audits of all agencies receiving or disbursing County funds; special audits of the accounts of any such agency upon request by the Council or County Executive; special audits of the accounts maintained by various County officers upon their death, resignation, removal, or expiration of term; and performance audits of any agency which is a recipient of funds appropriated or approved by the Council.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report, the County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Prince George's County, Maryland for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the 37th consecutive year (fiscal years ended 1980 – 2016) that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a one-year period. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Distinguished Budget Presentation

In addition, the County also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual appropriated budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

Acknowledgements

County leadership, especially County Executive Rushern L. Baker, III, Chief Administrative Officer Nicholas A. Majett and Deputy Chief Administrative Officer Thomas Himler – as well as the esteemed members of the Prince George's County Council – have established a spirit of collaboration and an earnest commitment to excellence to support and escalate continued successes throughout the government.

Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Office of Finance's Accounting Division, and in particular, Tracey Clayton, Operations Manager. We would like to express our appreciation to the Accounting Division and to all others that assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. A list of individuals who helped ensure the success of this endeavor and deserve special recognition is provided below:

Office of Finance - Accounting Division

Jennifer Abell Charles M. Curtis, Jr. Teresa Hayward Muriel Logan Brenda Sigaran Linda Chialastri Mekonnen Dibaba Jean Huber Dejuan Shambley Aleece Palmer

Respectfully submitted,

Vais As. Tramis

Gail D. Francis
Director of Finance

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section contains the Independent Auditors' Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
Cl Aconnect.com

The Honorable County Council
Prince George's County Government

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Prince George's County Government (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Prince George's County Memorial Library System and Prince George's Community Television, Inc., which represent 1 percent, 4 percent, and 2 percent, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Prince George's County Memorial Library System and Prince George's Community Television, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Prince George's Community Television, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our opinion and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



The Honorable County Council Prince George's County Government

Emphasis of Matter

Correction of Errors

As described in Note 23 to the financial statements, the County restated beginning balances resulting from the correction of accounting errors that occurred in the prior period. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress - other postemployment benefits plan, the schedule of changes in in net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of county contributions as listed in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other information including the introductory section and statistical tables as noted on the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section as listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

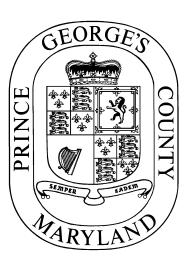
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland February 28, 2018



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management is pleased to present this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Prince George's County, Maryland (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we furnished in our letter of transmittal. The following discussion focuses on the County's primary government and, unless otherwise noted, component unit information is not included.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The County's liabilities and deferred inflows exceed assets and deferred outflows at June 30, 2017 by \$803.4 million (net position). The primary government has an unrestricted net deficit balance of \$2.9 billion, partially due to debt related to assets owned by its component units the Board of Education and the Community College and the reporting requirements for pension liabilities (\$1.5 billion).
- > The County's total net position decreased by \$228.8 million from the previous year. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$225.9 million, while the net position of business-type activities decreased \$2.9 million. Restatement of net position due to a prior period adjustment decreased governmental and fiduciary fund balances by and \$14.4 million (nee note 23).
- > At June 30, 2017, the County's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of \$259.9 million, a decrease of \$195.7 million in comparison to the previous fiscal year. Of this amount, \$167.5 million remains in the General Fund of the County as unassigned, which represents approximately 9.9% of total general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's financial statements, which include government-wide and fund statements, as well as notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Similar to private-sector reporting, government-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the financial position of the County. They include a **statement of net position** and a **statement of activities.** These statements appear on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

The statement of net position shows the County's assets and deferred outflows less its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2017. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources is reported as net position. Changes in net position over time may be helpful in indicating an improving or deteriorating financial position. Additionally, nonfinancial factors, such as a change in the County's property tax base or the condition of the County's facilities, should be considered to assess the overall health of the County.

The statement of activities follows the statement of net position and presents information on how net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement presents all underlying events, which give rise to the change, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The government-wide financial statements of the County (known as the primary government) include general government, public safety, public works and transportation, health, public welfare, and education. The government-wide financial statements also include the legally separate component units for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the County government can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds, presented on pages 19 to 24, essentially account for the same functions as those reported under the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, this set of financial statements focuses on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year and is a narrower focus than the government-wide statements. This information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements and available resources.

By comparing functions between the two sets of statements for governmental funds and governmental activities, readers can discern the long-term impact of near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

Governmental funds individually presented in the County's basic financial statements include three major funds: the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Federal and State Aided Programs Fund. The remaining three funds have been combined and presented in one column as "Other Governmental Funds." Combining statements for these other governmental funds are presented on pages 131 to 134 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service funds. These funds are included on pages 25 to 29 of this report.

Enterprise funds are used to report, in detail, the same information presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for solid waste, stormwater management, and water protection and restoration. The solid waste and stormwater activities are considered major funds of the County. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally for the County. The County uses internal service funds to account for self-insurance, vehicle maintenance, and computer services. Because the internal service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business—type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide statements. The internal service funds are presented in total in the fund financial statements, but may be viewed separately in the combining statements on pages 135 to 140 in this report.

Fiduciary funds – The County uses fiduciary funds to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County government. Although these funds are presented with the fund statements, they do not appear in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the programs of the County. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. These funds are presented on pages 30 and 31 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes are presented on pages 33 to 98 of this report.

Other Information

This report also includes required supplementary information related to the funding progress, net pension liability and contributions of the County's Trust Funds. This information is included on pages 99 through 114.

Combining and individual statements and schedules referred to earlier, which present more detailed views of the General Fund, nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, fiduciary funds, and nonmajor component units are presented on pages 115 to 150.

Additional information about the County, which may be of interest to the reader, is found in the Statistical Section of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, changes in net position over time is a useful indicator of a business enterprise's financial position. The County's total net position as of June 30, 2017 was a deficit of \$803.4 million. Investment in capital assets such as land, roads, bridges, buildings, machinery and equipment accounts for \$1.9 billion of net position. The amount is presented less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition and accumulated deprecation of those assets. The County uses capital assets to provide services to the citizens, and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although assets are reported net of related debt, the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate that liability, and other resources will be needed to repay any associated debt.

Schedules of Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

(in thousands)

		Governmental activities		Business-type activities		Total	
	_	2017	2016 Restated*	2017	2016	2017	2016 Restated*
Current and other assets	\$	785,524	864,414	157,844	197,190	943,368	1,061,604
Capital assets	_	2,372,175	2,365,386	372,429	330,799	2,744,604	2,696,185
Total assets	_	3,157,699	3,229,800	530,273	527,989	3,687,972	3,757,789
Deferred outflow of resources	_	191,471	238,356	6,077	5,935	197,548	244,291
Long-term liabilities		3,704,363	3,631,430	283,592	282,422	3,987,955	3,913,852
Other liabilities	_	585,066	471,670	38,509	34,966	623,575	506,636
Total liabilities	_	4,289,429	4,103,100	322,101	317,388	4,611,530	4,420,488
Deferred inflow of resources	_	75,409	23,942	1,955	1,315	77,364	25,257
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets		1,659,749	1,522,174	211,705	150,379	1,871,454	1,672,553
Restricted		199,109	282,143	73,794	71,280	272,903	353,423
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(2,874,526)	(2,463,203)	(73,205)	(6,438)	(2,947,731)	(2,469,641)
Total net position	\$	(1,015,668)	(658,886)	212,294	215,221	(803,374)	(443,665)

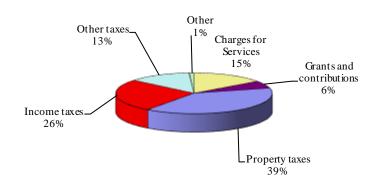
^{*}Fiscal year 2016 amounts restated due to accounting error. See note 23 on page 96 for more information.

Restricted net position represents resources subject to external restriction on how they may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. As indicated earlier, the County's governmental and business-type activities unrestricted net position deficit is attributable to outstanding debt that has been issued on behalf of the County's component units and pension liabilities. The majority of this debt is for the Board of Education as the County continues to issue bonds to finance school construction projects. Counties in the State of Maryland issue debt for school construction; however, the buildings are owned by the County's Board of Education.

The following represents revenues by source and expenses by function of primary government for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2017.

Revenue by Source FY 2017

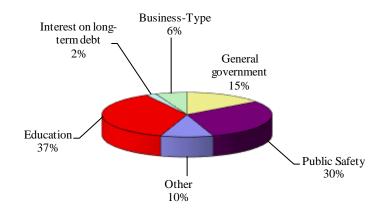
Revenue by Source FY 2016

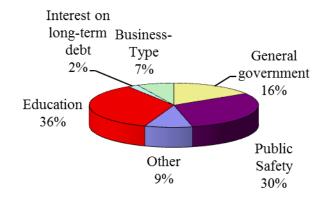




Expenses by Function FY 2017

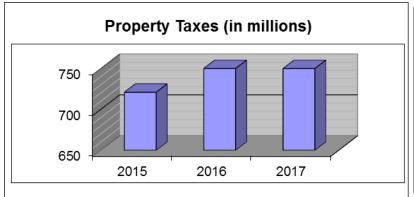
Expenses by Function FY 2016

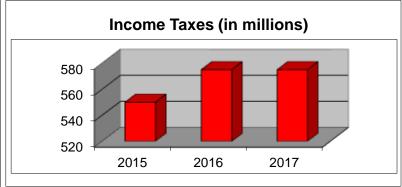




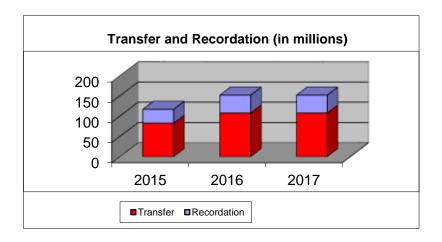
Governmental Activities

Net position for the County's governmental activities decreased by approximately \$225.9 million in fiscal year 2017. The County's total revenue from governmental activities was approximately \$2.1 billion in fiscal year 2017 (approximately \$51.4 million greater than fiscal year 2016.) Property and income taxes make up approximately 68 percent of this revenue. Income taxes increased by approximately \$18.4 million or 3.2 percent. A large portion of this amount is based on estimates from the State of Maryland which creates some volatility in the amount. Property tax revenue increased approximately \$47.9 million or 6.2%. The growth was related to an increase in assessable value of 13.5% above the property assessments of three years ago.





Transfer and recordation taxes (\$160 million), telecommunications taxes (\$31.8 million), and energy taxes (\$66.4 million) comprise the majority of the remaining other taxes. Other taxes increased by approximately \$38.8 million or 16.2 percent. The \$71.9 million increase in transfer and recordation taxes relates to an increase in home sales (10.5%) and an increase in the median sales price (10.5%) during fiscal year 2017.



The County's total expense from governmental activities was approximately \$2.3 billion in fiscal year 2017 (approximately \$162.2 million greater than fiscal year 2016.) The categories experiencing the largest increases were Public Safety (approximately \$40.2 million – 6% increase) and education (approximately \$109.3 million–14% increase). Some of the factors affecting the changes include:

- > Public safety expenditures increased by \$40.2 million, mainly driven by increased adjustments to the pension liability \$25.6 million and \$30.7 million in equipment purchases. The equipment purchases in the past two years lead to an increase in depreciation expense for public safety of \$4.9 million. Fire Department operating costs increased \$9.0 million related to salary adjustments and related benefits.
- > State mandated payments to the Prince George's County Public Schools increased by \$30.2 million in fiscal year 2017.

Schedule of Changes in Net Position For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(in thousands)

Revenues:		Governmental	activities	Business-type activities		Total	
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
		_	Restated*				Restated*
Program Revenues:			<u>.</u>		_		
Charges for services	\$	218,140	232,644	119,819	113,895	337,959	346,539
Operating grants and contributions		133,467	139,789	-	-	133,467	139,789
Capital grants and contributions		3,875	13,581	136	2,555	4,011	16,136
General revenue:							
Property taxes		827,354	779,979	42,775	39,550	870,129	819,529
Income taxes		593,750	575,334	-	-	593,750	575,334
Other taxes		292,055	278,463	-	-	292,055	278,463
Other revenues		9,489	6,925	2,611	1,433	12,100	8,358
Total revenues		2,078,130	2,026,715	165,341	157,433	2,243,471	2,184,148
Expenses:		_		_			
General government		363,670	374,565	-	-	363,670	374,565
Public safety		736,128	695,922	-	-	736,128	695,922
Environmental		5,053	4,136	-	-	5,053	4,136
Health and Human Services		97,028	96,398	-	-	97,028	96,398
Infrastructure and Development		138,752	115,701	-	-	138,752	115,701
Education		908,276	798,961	-	-	908,276	798,961
Interest on long-term debt		55,142	56,148	-	-	55,142	56,148
Solid waste		-	-	114,620	94,062	114,620	94,062
Stormwater management		-	-	51,400	55,217	51,400	55,217
Water Protection and Restoration				2,248	1,165	2,248	1,165
Total expenses		2,304,049	2,141,831	168,268	150,444	2,472,317	2,292,275
Change in net position		(225,919)	(115,116)	(2,927)	6,989	(228,846)	(108,127)
Net position - beginning of year		(658,886)	(529,351)	215,221	208,232	(443,665)	(321,119)
Prior period adjustment		(130,863)	(14,419)			(130,863)	(14,419)
Net position - end of year	\$	(1,015,668)	(658,886)	212,294	215,221	(803,374)	(443,665)

^{*}Fiscal year 2016 amounts restated due to accounting error. See note 23 on page 96 for more information. Prior period adjustment for 2017 due to implementation of GASB Statement 73. See note 2 page 45. The 2016 amounts have not been restated for the effect of the implementation due to the lack of available information.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by approximately \$2.9 million in fiscal year 2017. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- > Total operating expenses for the Solid Waste Fund increased by approximately \$21 million. This was primarily a result of an increase in landfill postclosure expense of \$13.9 million for Brown Station Road Landfill and a 6.4 million acquisition of trash toters.
- > Total operating expenses for the Stormwater Management Fund decreased by \$3.1 million. The majority of the decrease pertained to a \$2.6 million reduction of general and administrative expenses. In particular, chargeback operating expenses decreased by \$1.6 million which was attributable to a decrease in emergency operations associated with a milder winter.
- > Total operating revenue for the Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund was \$14.7 million which offset the net position described in the two previously stated funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS

Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In assessing the County's financing requirements, unassigned fund balance is a particularly useful measure of net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2017, County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$259.9 million, a decrease of \$195.7 million in comparison to the prior year balances. Restricted Governmental fund balance was \$224.1 million which includes, \$157.5 million for a charter-mandated contingency reserve (Rainy Day Fund), \$8.1 million for drug enforcement, \$30.4 million for debt service and \$28.1 million for other purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2017, total fund balance in the general fund was \$466.1 million of which \$167.5 million was unassigned. The General Fund balance increased by \$92.6 million as a result of current fiscal year operations. The following key factors were responsible for the changes:

- > Total revenues increased \$95.5 million from fiscal year 2016, which exceeded the final budget by \$51.7 million. The majority of the increase (\$168.1 million) related to the tax revenue which was discussed earlier in the governmental activities analysis
- > Total expenditures and transfers out increased by \$100.1 million or approximately 7.0 percent. The County spent \$30.7 million on equipment purchases in fiscal year 2016 compared to \$23.8 million in the prior fiscal year.
- Transfers to the debt service fund and other debt payments increased \$13.6 million in fiscal year 2017
- > State mandated contribution to the Prince George's County Public Schools increased by 30.2 million.

Capital Projects Fund expenditures totaled \$295.5 million for fiscal year 2017 compared to \$203.0 million in fiscal year 2016. There was an increase of \$33.7 million in spending on Board of Education projects including an increase of \$37.2 million for Fairmount Heights High School and \$10.2 million for the Glenarden Woods ES Renovation Project. The Board of Education increases were partially offset by the \$8.2 million decrease in spending related to the Major Renovations Project. Prince George's Community College spending also increased by \$38.2 million including an increase of \$20.1 million for the Queen Anne Academic Center Project. The County spent an increase of \$11.3 million on Curb & Road Rehabilitation Projects. These increases were partially offset by the decrease in spending related to the Police Training/Administrative Headquarters Project and the Laurel Library Replacement Project. Both Projects had a decreased spending of \$10 million each.

Expenditures in the Federal and State Aided Programs Fund decreased by approximately \$8.8 million (8.5 percent) in comparison to fiscal year 2016. The majority of the decrease is in infrastructure and development grants. Several multiyear infrastructure and development grants experienced decreases in spending in fiscal year 2017 including MEMA Slope Failure \$1.3 million, MDOT Reconstruction Project \$2.2 million and HOME \$2.4 million.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund statements provide more detail for the County's business-type activities than the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise Funds. At June 30, 2017, total net position for enterprise funds amounted to \$219 million as compared to \$222 million at June 30, 2016. Unrestricted net position for both the Solid Waste Fund and Stormwater Management Fund were negative \$15 million and \$52 million, respectively. The total net position increased in the Watershed Protection and Restoration and the Stormwater Management Fund by \$12.8 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. Whereas, the total net position decreased in the Solid Waste Management Fund by \$16.5 million.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The County's final General Fund budget was increased by \$24.9 million from the original budget. The additional funding was used to pay for winter snow events, public safety overtime and primary election spending. The funding for this was a declaration of additional tax revenue (\$5.9 million) and use of fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 was \$2.7 billion (net of accumulated depreciation.) This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, road networks, bridges, landfill property in service, and stormwater property in service. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.8% (0.3% increase for governmental activities and 12.6% increase for business-type activities.)

Major capital asset events during the year include the following:

- > Buildings and improvements increased by \$23.4 million including \$23.7 million for the Laurel Library expansion.
- > \$22.1 million added to construction in progress for the Watershed Implementation Plan.
- > Landfill property in service decreased by \$4.9 million.

The County's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are presented in the following table as of June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Capital Assets as of June 30 (net of accumulated depreciation)

		Governmental activities		Business-typ	oe activities	Total		
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	_	106 000 105	100 107 571	27 272 277	27.044.477	100 100 170	120 152 010	
Land	\$	106,029,195	103,107,571	27,072,977	27,044,477	133,102,172	130,152,048	
Buildings and improvements		463,360,063	441,112,546	16,819,049	17,677,996	480,179,112	458,790,542	
Equipment		39,987,495	40,848,570	2,930,469	3,764,163	42,917,964	44,612,733	
Infrastructure		1,670,168,170	1,682,901,824	-	-	1,670,168,170	1,682,901,824	
Landfill property in service		-	-	6,678,280	11,612,624	6,678,280	11,612,624	
Stormwater property in service		-	-	134,241,195	137,179,294	134,241,195	137,179,294	
Construction in progress		92,629,640	97,415,464	184,686,611	133,520,195	277,316,251	230,935,659	
Total	\$	2,372,174,563	2,365,385,975	372,428,581	330,798,749	2,744,603,144	2,696,184,724	

Additional information on the County's capital assets is located in note 7 on pages 58 to 62 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1.37 billion.

Outstanding Debt

		Governmen	tal activities	Business-typ	e activities	Total		
	_	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
General obligation bonds	\$	1,193,963,805	1,286,868,805	176,434,056	180,041,195	1,370,397,861	1,466,910,000	
Total	\$	1,193,963,805	1,286,868,805	176,434,056	180,041,195	1,370,397,861	1,466,910,000	

Total bonded debt of the County decreased by \$110.5 million (7.5%) from the previous fiscal year due to retirement of General Obligation and Revenue Bonds.

The underlying ratings of the County's general obligation bonds as of June 20, 2017, were as follows:

	<u>Current Rating</u>
Standard & Poor's Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	AAA Aaa
Fitch Ratings	AAA

Additional information on the County's long-term debt is located in note 13 starting on page 81 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Factors considered in preparing the County's budget for fiscal year 2018 included:

- > Property values grew in 2017. Group 2's assessable value increased by 13.5% in January 2017 from three years ago, resulting in the growth of property tax revenues.
- > Home sales increased by 10.5% in fiscal year 2017 compared to fiscal year 2016. The average median sale price rose to \$266,900 in FY 2017, up from \$241,500 in FY 2016. These two factors contributed to an increase in transfer and recordation tax revenues in FY 2017.
- Foreclosures decreased by 28.6% in fiscal year 2017 compared to fiscal year 2016 for a total of 6,983 events. The number of foreclosures in fiscal year 2017 decreased on a quarterly basis from 1,839 in the first quarter to 1,925 in the fourth quarter.
- > General Fund Income tax revenue rose to \$559.4 in fiscal year 2017, a 2.2% increase from fiscal year 2016.

During fiscal year 2017, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$167.5 million. The County has not appropriated a use of general fund fund balance for fiscal year 2018.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Prince George's County, Maryland for those individuals with an interest in our government's finances. Address questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information to the Office of Finance, Accounting Division, Attention: Assistant Director of Accounting, 14741 Governor Oden Bowie Drive, Suite 3151, Upper Marlboro, MD 20772. You can also reach us by fax at 301.952.3043 or send an email to: tsclayton@co.pq.md.us.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This sub-section contains the Basic Financial Statements and the Notes to the Financial Statements.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Primary Government				Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Board of Education of Prince George's County	Other Component Units	Total Component Units	Reclassifications (See note 1-r)	Total Reporting Entity
ASSETS	t 105.353.750	FF 027 0F6	250 200 712	260 147 252	F2 200 000	221 400 220		F71 C00 0F0
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agents Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$ 195,252,756 20,728,047	55,027,956 156,482	250,280,712 20,884,529	269,147,352 -	52,260,886 -	321,408,238 -	-	571,688,950 20,884,529
Taxes	4,547,447	602,756	5,150,203	-	-	-	-	5,150,203
Accounts	49,335,830	3,606,783	52,942,613	33,373,373	39,227,131	72,600,504	-	125,543,117
Notes	32,371,107	-	32,371,107	-	1,305,900	1,305,900	-	33,677,007
Accrued interest receivable	244,472	245,750	490,222	-	9,962	9,962	-	500,184
Internal balance	31,273,152	(31,273,152)		-	-	-	-	
Due from component units Due from primary government	5,903,352	-	5,903,352	38,416,036	31,994,315	70,410,351	-	5,903,352 70,410,351
Due from other governmental units	213,253,984	778,206	214,032,190	41,854,723	2,493,486	44,348,209	-	258,380,399
Inventories	2,717,214	770,200	2,717,214	8,611,064	101,652	8,712,716	_	11,429,930
Prepaid costs and deposits	101,652	375,000	476,652	111,210	2,911,651	3,022,861	_	3,499,513
Restricted assets:	101/052	373,000	1, 0,002	111/210	2/511/051	5/022/001		37.337313
Cash and investments	229,745,569	128,324,659	358,070,228	-	13,479,455	13,479,455	-	371,549,683
Land	· · · -	, , , ₋	, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	-	12,164,002	12,164,002	-	12,164,002
Capital assets:								
Nondepreciable assets	198,658,835	211,759,588	410,418,423	181,962,743	139,540,457	321,503,200	-	731,921,623
Depreciable assets, net	2,173,515,728	160,668,993	2,334,184,721	1,172,073,281	192,411,478	1,364,484,759	-	3,698,669,480
Other assets	50,000		50,000	4 745 540 703	3,982,243	3,982,243		4,032,243
Total assets	3,157,699,145	530,273,021	3,687,972,166	1,745,549,782	491,882,618	2,237,432,400		5,925,404,566
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Pension deferrals	191,289,381	5,980,496	197,269,877	68,738,365	3,243,939	71,982,304	-	269,252,181
Deferred charge on refunding	181,204	96,941	278,145		626,318	626,318		904,463
Total deferred outflow of resources	191,470,585	6,077,437	197,548,022	68,738,365	3,870,257	72,608,622		270,156,644
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	94,401,344	18,255,206	112,656,550	75,586,838	27,453,334	103,040,172	-	215,696,722
Retainages payable	5,514,062	1,855,034	7,369,096	8,969,516		8,969,516	-	16,338,612
Accrued liabilities	48,003,524	1,024,440	49,027,964	107,290,640	1,227,978	108,518,618	-	157,546,582
Unearned revenue	92,071,640	2 670 447	92,071,640	22,079,134	1,815,382	23,894,516	-	115,966,156
Matured bonds and interest payable Deposits	63,878,387	2,670,147 83,713	2,670,147 63,962,100	-	687,188 340,743	687,188 340,743	-	3,357,335 64,302,843
Due to primary government	03,070,307	03,/13	03,902,100	-	5,903,352	5,903,352	-	5,903,352
Due to component units	70,410,351	-	70,410,351	-	-	-	-	70,410,351
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year	210,786,385	14,620,853	225,407,238	40,396,310	6,889,888	47,286,198	-	272,693,436
Due in more than one year	3,704,363,100	283,592,235	3,987,955,335	1,742,103,416	84,889,894	1,826,993,310		5,814,948,645
Total liabilities	4,289,428,793	322,101,628	4,611,530,421	1,996,425,854	129,207,759	2,125,633,613		6,737,164,034
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES -								
Pension deferrals	66,180,236	1,954,619	68,134,855	6,588,583	1,350,552	7,939,135	-	76,073,990
Pension deferrals - LOSAP	9,229,161	-	9,229,161	-	-	-	-	9,229,161
Other Deferrals					122,704	122,704		122,704
	75,409,397	1,954,619	77,364,016	6,588,583	1,473,256	8,061,839		85,425,855
NET POSITION	4 650 740 422	244 704 766	4 074 452 000	4 224 526 206	202 400 024	4 544 000 447	(454 476 204)	2 024 242 725
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,659,749,133	211,704,766	1,871,453,899	1,231,536,296	282,499,821	1,514,036,117	(454,176,281)	2,931,313,735
Capital projects	420,875	63,006,792	63,427,667	1,596,144	-	1,596,144	-	65,023,811
Contingency reserve	157,467,470	=	157,467,470	-	-	=	-	157,467,470
Debt service	30,433,927	-	30,433,927	-	-	-	-	30,433,927
Restricted for I-net	10,787,145		10,787,145	-	-	-	-	10,787,145
Landfill closure	-	7,426,381	7,426,381	-	-	-	-	7,426,381
Preservation	-	1,544,692	1,544,692	-	- 405 (22	- 405 425	-	1,544,692
Education	=	-	=	- E 001 764	8,485,136	8,485,136	=	8,485,136
Community development Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,874,527,010)	(71,388,420)	(2,945,915,430)	5,091,764 (1,426,950,494)	22,199,979 51,886,924	27,291,743 (1,375,063,570)	- 454,176,281	27,291,743 (3,866,802,719)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,015,668,460)	\$ 212,294,211	\$ (803,374,249)	\$ (188,726,290)	\$ 365,071,860	\$ 176,345,570	\$ -	\$ (627,028,679)
. ocal free i oblight	+ (2/020/000/100)	7	+ (000)07 (1210)	+ (100), 20,250)	- 505/07 1/500	- 1,0,0,0,0,0		+ (02, (020,0))

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government Component Units Program Revenues Operating Capital Board of Education Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-type of Prince George's Other Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities <u>Total</u> County Component Units Functions/Programs Primary government: Governmental activities: General government 363,670,444 90,201,920 21,593,271 860,962 (251,014,291) (251,014,291) 49,748,474 25,765,885 Public safety 736,127,867 1,504,442 (659, 109, 066) (659, 109, 066) 450,345 885,281 (3,717,628) Environmental 5,053,254 (3,717,628)97,028,095 6,361,895 74,068,373 Health and Human Services (16,597,827) (16,597,827)Infrastructure and Development 138,751,700 71,376,976 11,154,653 1,509,878 (54,710,193) (54,710,193) Education: Board of Education 806,245,925 (806,245,925) (806,245,925) Community College 77,580,269 (77,580,269) (77,580,269)Memorial Library 24,450,003 (24,450,003) (24,450,003)Interest on long-term debt 55,141,905 (55,141,905) (55,141,905)3,875,282 Total governmental activities 2,304,049,462 218,139,610 133,467,463 (1,948,567,107) (1,948,567,107) Business-type activities: Solid Waste 114,620,132 97,111,766 (17,508,366) (17,508,366)Stormwater 51,399,872 8.029.372 135,823 (43,234,677) (43,234,677) Watershed Protection 2,248,552 14,678,046 12,429,494 12,429,494 (48,313,549) (48,313,549) Total business-type activities 168,268,556 119,819,184 135,823 (48,313,549) \$ 2,472,318,018 337,958,794 133,467,463 4,011,105 (1,996,880,656 Total primary government (1,948,567,107) Component units: Board of Education 2,228,904,019 17,813,159 275,064,959 118,722,889 (1,817,303,012)Other Component Units: General Government 22,503,160 26,006,386 660,000 163,410 4,326,636 Education 165,075,235 29,277,180 10,659,849 6,634,309 (118,503,897)Community development 87,200,950 2,230,010 83,570,504 4,030,960 2,630,524 Total component units \$ 2,503,683,364 75,326,735 369,955,312 129,551,568 (1,817,303,012) (111,546,737) General Revenues: Property taxes 827,354,415 42,775,442 870,129,857 Income taxes 593,750,012 593,750,012 Transfer and recordation taxes 159,972,580 159,972,580 Energy taxes 71,865,024 71,865,024 Telecommunications tax 31,746,691 31,746,691 Other taxes 28,470,988 28,470,988 Unrestricted state shared tax 3,107,973 3.107.973 709,919 Earnings (loss) on investments 2,968,323 2,611,181 5,579,504 1,515,840 Unrestricted grants and contributions 486,635 486,635 119,896,515 1,787,166,622 Miscellaneous revenues 2,925,716 2,925,716 1,946,474 1,722,648,357 45,386,623 1,768,034,980 1,788,682,462 122,552,908 Total general revenues Change in net position (225,918,750) (2,926,926) (228,845,676) (28,620,550) 11,006,171 Net position - beginning of year (644,514,538) 215,221,137 (429,293,401) (160,105,740) 306,035,834 (145,235,172) 48,029,855 Prior period adjustment - Note 2 and 23 (145,235,172) (789,749,710) 215,221,137 (574,528,573) (160,105,740) 354.065.689 Net position - beginning of year, restated Net position - end of year \$ (1,015,668,460) 212,294,211 (803,374,249) (188,726,290) 365,071,860

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

Accete	Conor	-nl	Federal and State Aided	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
<u>Assets</u>	Gener		<u>Programs</u>			<u>Funds</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 79,93	35,180	4,379,835	379,070	12,384,139	97,078,224
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	-	20,728,047	20,728,047
Receivables (net of allowances						
for uncollectibles):	4.5	47 447				4 547 447
Taxes Accounts	, -	47,447 74,720	3,750,778	-	-	4,547,447
Notes		74,729 49,107	15,522,000	-	-	45,425,507 32,371,107
Accrued interest receivable			15,522,000	-	-	
		08,764	-	-	-	208,764
Due from other funds		25,000 03,352	-	-	-	335,625,000 5,903,352
Due from component units Due from other governmental units		90,777	59,780,136	1,860,067	36,010	212,866,990
Inventories		90,777 10,022	39,/80,130	1,860,067	30,010	2,010,022
Restricted assets:	2,0	10,022	-	-	-	2,010,022
Cash and investments	27.9	64,382	601,452	192,175,307	9,104,428	229,745,569
Other assets		50,000	-	192,173,307	9,104,420	50,000
Other assets		30,000				30,000
Total assets	665,8	58,760	84,034,201	194,414,444	42,252,624	986,560,029
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Compensated absences and termination benefits payable		17,877	-	-	-	417,877
Accounts payable	36,99	91,548	10,582,224	41,163,443	14,997	88,752,212
Retainages		-	-	5,514,062	-	5,514,062
Accrued liabilities		15,624	953,806	-	-	28,169,430
Unearned revenue		83,213	71,853,930	-	-	87,337,143
Deposits	36,78	87,948	42,789	27,047,650	-	63,878,387
Due to other funds		-	-	309,500,000	-	309,500,000
Due to component units		81,942	-	60,228,409	-	70,410,351
Total liabilities	127,0	78,152	83,432,749	443,453,564	14,997	653,979,462
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable tax and other revenue		05,764		<u> </u>		72,705,764
Total deferred inflow of resources	72,7	05,764	-	-	-	72,705,764
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		10,022		-		2,010,022
Restricted		38,448	601,452	-	38,162,157	224,102,057
Committed		86,988	-	-	-	62,986,988
Assigned		88,562	-	-	4,075,470	52,364,032
Unassigned		50,824	-	(249,039,120)	-	(81,588,296)
Total fund balances		74,844	601,452	(249,039,120)	42,237,627	259,874,803
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	es <u>\$ 665,8</u>	58,760	84,034,201	194,414,444	42,252,624	986,560,029

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(Continued)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit A-3)

\$ 259,874,803

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets which do not include the combined assets related to the internal service funds consist of:

Land	\$ 105,029,195	
Infrastructure, net of \$1,266,515,081, accumulated depreciation	1,668,139,105	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$171,683,114, accumulated depreciation	465,389,128	
Equipment, net of \$161,339,178 accumulated depreciation	39,327,113	
Construction in progress	92,629,640	
Total capital assets		2,370,514,181

The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds (funds used by management to charge the cost of fleet maintenance, information technology, and self-insurance) are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service fund net position is:

(90,434,342)

County revenue that is collected after year-end, but not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures is reported as deferred inflow of resources in the funds.

72,705,764

Long-term liabilities for governmental funds activity are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. Balances at June 30, 2017 are:

Unmatured accrued interest

(19,232,629)

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Long-term liabilities, deferred inflows, and deferred outflows:	
Bonded debt	(1,193,963,805)
Deferred outflow of resources - bond refunding costs	181,204
Unamortized discount (premium)	(99,187,505)
Capital lease obligations	(61,140,500)
Pension and OPEB obligations	(2,240,153,406)
Compensated absences and termination benefits payable	(73,103,591)
Notes payable	(55,218,480)
Deferred outflow of resources - pensions	187,669,527
Deferred inflow of resources - pensions	(74,179,681)
Total long-term liabilities	
Total net position of governmental activities	

(3,609,096,237) \$ (1,015,668,460)

(Continued)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	<u>General</u>	Federal and State Aided <u>Programs</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Non-Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 1,706,425,548	-	-	2,441,219	1,708,866,767
Licenses and permits	47,551,850	-	-	381,485	47,933,335
Fines and forfeitures	14,070,017	-	-	1,143,970	15,213,987
Use of money and property	3,724,472	2,149,500	86,612	123,551	6,084,135
Charges for services	48,991,951	636,321	3,682,294	28,504,887	81,815,453
Intergovernmental	47,347,209	90,056,021	2,370,840	3,421,759	143,195,829
Miscellaneous	3,905,879	279,918	484,510	83,062	4,753,369
Total revenues	1,872,016,926	93,121,760	6,624,256	36,099,933	2,007,862,875
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	211,424,101	3,494,475	-	48,181	214,966,757
Public safety	655,742,034	14,336,986	-	1,034,108	671,113,128
Environmental	3,502,882	949,364	-	-	4,452,246
Health and human services	28,885,737	67,236,952	-	347,468	96,470,157
Infrastructure and development	22,951,425	6,635,794	-	-	29,587,219
Capital projects	-	-	132,580,862	-	132,580,862
Education:					
Board of Education	699,448,100	-	106,797,825	-	806,245,925
Community College	34,872,800	-	42,707,469	-	77,580,269
Memorial Library	19,615,000	-	13,447,009	-	33,062,009
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	22,004,860	1,421,000	-	92,905,000	116,330,860
Interest	3,053,889	172,653		50,029,119	53,255,661
Total expenditures	1,701,500,828	94,247,224	295,533,165	144,363,876	2,235,645,093
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	170,516,098	(1,125,464)	(288,908,909)	(108,263,943)	(227,782,218)
Capital lease financing	30,686,760	-	1,418,480	-	32,105,240
Transfers in	-	_	4,993,446	105,918,332	110,911,778
Transfers out	(108,643,201)	_	(2,268,577)	-	(110,911,778)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(77,956,441)		4,143,349	105,918,332	32,105,240
Net change in fund balances	92,559,657	(1,125,464)	(284,765,560)	(2,345,611)	(195,676,978)
Fund balances, beginning of year	387,887,045	1,726,915	35,726,440	44,583,238	469,923,638
Prior period adjustment - Note 23	(14,371,858)	-,:,: -		-	(14,371,858)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 466,074,844	601,452	(249,039,120)	42,237,627	259,874,803

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (195,676,978)
Capital Outlay, reported as expenditures in governmental funds, are shown as capital assets in the Statement of Net Position.		74,786,908
Depreciation expense on governmental capital assets is included as an expense in the statement of activities, but does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(79,455,688)
Donated capital assets are reported as revenue on the statement of activities; however, they do not provide current financial resources to the funds.		34,150,480
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred revenue in the funds. This represents changes in deferred revenue at the fund level.		8,246,340
In the statement of activities the loss on disposal of equipment is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, disposal of capital assets are not recorded. Thus the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance.		(22,843,372)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet maintenance, information technology, and self insurance. The net revenue is reported with governmental activities.		(3,021,910)
Long-term liabilities for governmental funds activity are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. Balances at June 30, 2017 are:		
Debt Issued: Capital lease and note proceeds Principal payments Net adjustment	(32,105,240) 116,330,860	84,225,620
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest expense Compensated absences Pension and LOSAP expenses Other post employment benefits Amortization bond premium/discount and deferred charge on refunding	(1,886,244) 2,121,411 (62,258,502) (84,407,617) 20,100,802	(126,330,150)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (225,918,750)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	t 1.60F 220 200	1 672 520 100	1 706 425 540	22.006.440
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 1,665,220,200 44,434,300	1,672,539,100 44,434,300	1,706,425,548 47,551,850	33,886,448 3,117,550
Fines and forfeitures	12,958,600	12,913,000	14,070,017	1,157,017
Use of money and property	7,254,600	7,254,600	3,724,472	
, , , ,	• •	, ,	• •	(3,530,128)
Charges for services Intergovernmental	41,831,800	42,424,000	48,991,951	6,567,951
Miscellaneous	39,192,500 1,260,200	39,442,500 1,305,800	47,347,209	7,904,709 2,600,079
Total revenues	1,812,152,200	1,820,313,300	3,905,879 1,872,016,926	
Expenditures:	1,812,152,200	1,820,313,300	1,872,016,926	51,703,626
•				
General government: County Executive	5,718,000	5,718,000	5,385,698	332,302
Legislative Branch	16,227,500	16,227,500	5,365,696 13,754,746	2,472,754
Office of Ethics and Accountability	16,227,300 596,800	586,800	13,734,746 586,800	2,472,734
,	•	,		- 044 204
Circuit Court	15,935,600	16,162,000	15,317,796	844,204
Orphan's Court	419,200	421,900	417,749	4,151
Personnel Board	327,800	331,400	319,148	12,252
Office of Finance	3,642,000	3,673,200	3,614,292	58,908
Citizen Complaint Oversight Panel	264,600	264,600	264,600	-
Office of Community Relations	4,520,800	4,320,800	3,957,318	363,482
People's Zoning Council		250,000	250,000	
Office of Management and Budget	2,420,500	2,420,500	2,414,870	5,630
Board of License Commissioners	1,403,800	1,403,800	1,156,776	247,024
Office of Law	3,828,900	3,728,900	3,728,900	-
Office of Human Resource Management	6,133,700	5,908,700	5,193,736	714,964
Board of Elections	5,476,200	5,491,800	5,384,310	107,490
Office of Central Services	19,371,100	19,046,100	17,849,159	1,196,941
Property Management	300,000	300,000	195,405	104,595
Collington Center	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Non-departmental	164,790,200	172,975,900	155,877,574	17,098,326
Total general government	251,381,700	259,236,900	235,673,877	23,563,023

(Continued)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2017

Public safety			Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Police Department 169,972,500 175,806,500 175,209,807 515,930 Sheriffs Department 169,972,500 175,806,500 175,209,807 515,930 Sheriffs Department of Corrections 82,008,000 84,908,000 44,962,270 1,031,530 Department of Corrections 82,008,000 84,908,000 81,370,936 2,727,264 Office of Homeland Security 25,548,500 25,531,400 25,036,615 994,785 Total Public Safety 644,911,400 658,917,500 640,856,515 18,060,985 Department of the Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Total Environment 20,209 1,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Total Environment 20,2093,800 21,785,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Department of Family Services 4,086,600 4,116,900 3,985,872 131,028 Health and Human Services 20,593,800 21,785,000 21,433,943 351,057 Public Welfare 3,781,800 4,281,800 3,465,922 815,878 Total Health and Human Services 28,464,200 30,183,700 28,885,737 1,297,963 Infrastructure and Development Public Works and Transportation 9,382,000 9,597,400 28,885,737 1,297,963 Infrastructure and Development 8,518,700 8,518,700 3,781,429 93,671 Total Infrastructure and Corrections and Enforcement 8,518,700 8,518,700 3,781,429 93,671 Total Infrastructure and Development 21,775,800 21,793,800 21,991,200 21,893,900 753,935,900 Total Infrastructure and Development (Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement 8,518,700 8,518,700 3,781,429 93,671 Total Infrastructure and Development (Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement (Permitting, In		_	46 572 200	46 727 700	46 464 202	276 207
Fire Department 169,972,500 175,806,500 175,209,807 515,693 Sheriffs Department 43,795,800 43,903,800 44,962,270 1,031,530 Department of Corrections 82,008,000 84,098,200 81,370,936 2,727,264 Office of Homeland Security 25,548,500 25,531,400 25,036,615 594,785 Total Public Safety 644,911,400 663,917,500 640,855,515 18,660,985 Environmental Department of the Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Total Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Total Environment 20,593,800 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Total Environment 20,593,800 21,785,000 21,433,943 351,057 20,500,000 21,433,943 351,057 20,500,000 21,433,943 351,057 20,500,000	•	\$				
Sheriffs Department of Corrections	·		, ,			, ,
Department of Corrections	•		, ,			•
Office of Homeland Security 25,548,500 25,631,400 25,036,615 594,785 Total Public Safety 644,911,400 658,917,500 640,856,515 18,060,985 Environmental Department of the Environment Total Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Health and Human Services 4,088,600 4,116,900 3,985,872 131,028 Health and Human Services 4,088,600 4,116,900 3,985,872 131,028 Health and Human Services 20,593,800 21,785,000 21,433,943 351,057 Public Welfare 3,781,800 4,281,800 3,465,922 815,878 Total Health and Human Services 28,464,200 30,183,700 28,885,737 1,297,963 Infrastructure and Development 9,382,000 9,597,400 9,597,400 9,597,400 Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement 8,518,700 8,518,700 8,518,700 8,518,700 Department of Housing and Community Development 21,775,800 21,991,200 21,997,529 93,671 Total Infrastructure and Development 21,775,800 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Total Public Safety						
Environmental Department of the Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Total Environment Environment 20,593,800 21,785,000 21,433,943 351,057 21,0						
Department of the Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Total Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094	Total Public Safety		644,911,400	658,917,500	640,856,515	18,060,985
Total Environment 3,850,000 3,850,000 3,417,906 432,094 Health and Human Services	Environmental					
Health and Human Services	Department of the Environment		3,850,000	3,850,000	3,417,906	432,094
Department of Family Services	Total Environment		3,850,000	3,850,000	3,417,906	432,094
Department of Family Services	Health and Human Services					
Health			4.088.600	4.116.900	3.985.872	131.028
Public Welfare 3,781,800 4,281,800 3,465,922 815,878 Total Health and Human Services 28,464,200 30,183,700 28,885,737 1,297,963 Infrastructure and Development 8,518,700 9,597,400 9,597,400 - Public Works and Transportation 9,382,000 9,597,400 9,597,400 - Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement 8,518,700 3,518,700 3,518,700 - Department of Housing and Community Development 3,875,100 3,875,100 3,781,429 93,671 Total Infrastructure and Development 21,775,800 21,991,200 21,897,529 93,671 Education 752,816,900 753,935,900 75,935,900 - - Total Expenditures 1,703,200,000 1,728,115,200 1,684,667,464 43,447,736 Excess of revenues over expenditures 108,952,200 92,198,100 187,349,462 95,151,362 Other financing sources (uses) (116,088,600) (116,088,600) (108,643,201) 7,445,399 Appropriated fund balance (budgetary basis) -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					•
Total Health and Human Services 28,464,200 30,183,700 28,885,737 1,297,963						
Public Works and Transportation 9,382,000 9,597,400 9,597,400 - Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement 8,518,700 8,518,700 8,518,700 3,781,429 93,671 Department of Housing and Community Development 21,775,800 21,991,200 21,897,529 93,671 Total Infrastructure and Development 752,816,900 753,935,900 753,935,900 - Education 752,816,900 753,935,900 753,935,900 - Excess of revenues over expenditures 1,703,200,000 1,728,115,200 1,684,667,464 43,447,736 Excess of revenues over expenditures 108,952,200 92,198,100 187,349,462 95,151,362 Other financing sources (uses): (116,088,600) (116,088,600) (108,643,201) 7,445,399 Appropriated fund balance 7,136,400 23,890,500 - - (23,890,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (108,952,200) (92,198,100) (108,643,201) (16,445,101) Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources (uses): - 78,706,261 78,706,261						
Public Works and Transportation 9,382,000 9,597,400 9,597,400 - Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement 8,518,700 8,518,700 8,518,700 3,781,429 93,671 Department of Housing and Community Development 21,775,800 21,991,200 21,897,529 93,671 Total Infrastructure and Development 752,816,900 753,935,900 753,935,900 - Education 752,816,900 753,935,900 753,935,900 - Excess of revenues over expenditures 1,703,200,000 1,728,115,200 1,684,667,464 43,447,736 Excess of revenues over expenditures 108,952,200 92,198,100 187,349,462 95,151,362 Other financing sources (uses): (116,088,600) (116,088,600) (108,643,201) 7,445,399 Appropriated fund balance 7,136,400 23,890,500 - - (23,890,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (108,952,200) (92,198,100) (108,643,201) (16,445,101) Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources (uses): - 78,706,261 78,706,261	Infrastructure and Development					
Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement Department of Housing and Community Development 3,875,100 3,875,100 3,781,429 93,671			9.382.000	9.597.400	9.597.400	_
Department of Housing and Community Development 3,875,100 3,781,429 93,671			, ,	, ,	, ,	_
Total Infrastructure and Development			, ,			93 671
Education 752,816,900 753,935,900 753,900,900 75						
Total Expenditures	'		, ,			
Excess of revenues over expenditures 108,952,200 92,198,100 187,349,462 95,151,362 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out - other funds (116,088,600) (116,088,600) (108,643,201) 7,445,399 Appropriated fund balance 7,136,400 23,890,500 - (23,890,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (108,952,200) (108,952,200) (92,198,100) (108,643,201) (16,445,101) Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other uses (budgetary basis) 78,706,261 78,706,261 Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing Capital financing expenditures Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year 92,559,657 Fund balance, beginning of year 387,887,045 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (14,371,858)						42 447 726
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out - other funds Appropriated fund balance Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources (uses) Total other financing sources (uses) Total other financing sources (uses) Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other uses (budgetary basis) Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing Capital financing expenditures Excess of revenues and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (116,088,600) (116,088,600) (23,890,500) (92,198,100) (108,643,201)						
Transfers out - other funds (116,088,600) (116,088,600) (108,643,201) 7,445,399 Appropriated fund balance 7,136,400 23,890,500 - (23,890,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (108,952,200) (92,198,100) (108,643,201) (16,445,101) Deficiency of revenues and other inancing sources under expenditures and other uses (budgetary basis) - - 78,706,261 78,706,261 Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 (16,833,364) 10,833,364			108,952,200	92,198,100	187,349,462	95,151,362
Appropriated fund balance 7,136,400 23,890,500 - (23,890,500) Total other financing sources (uses) (108,952,200) (92,198,100) (108,643,201) (16,445,101) Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other uses (budgetary basis) 78,706,261 78,706,261 Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing Capital financing expenditures (16,833,364) Excess of revenues and other insections over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year 387,887,045 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (14,371,858)			(116,000,600)	(116,000,600)	(100 (42 201)	7 445 200
Total other financing sources (uses) (108,952,200) (92,198,100) (108,643,201) (16,445,101) Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other uses (budgetary basis) 78,706,261 78,706,261 Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing Capital financing expenditures Capital financing expenditures over expenditures and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (108,952,200) (92,198,100) (108,643,201) (16,445,101) (16,445,101) (16,445,101) (16,445,101) (16,445,101) (16,445,101) (16,445,101)				. , , ,	(108,643,201)	
Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other uses (budgetary basis) Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing Capital financing expenditures Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 Page 1 - 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261	· · ·				(100 642 204)	
under expenditures and other uses (budgetary basis) Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing Capital financing expenditures Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 - 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261 78,706,261			(108,952,200)	(92,198,100)	(108,643,201)	(16,445,101)
Adjustments: Purchase agreement financing Capital financing expenditures Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 30,686,760 (16,833,364) (17,818,10) (17,818,1	under expenditures and other uses					
Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Capital financing expenditures (16,833,364) Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) 92,559,657 Fund balance, beginning of year 387,887,045 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (14,371,858)	(budgetary basis)		-		78,706,261	78,706,261
Capital financing expenditures Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (16,833,364) 92,559,657 387,887,045 (14,371,858)						
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 September 23 (14,371,858)					30,686,760	
over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis) Fund balance, beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 92,559,657 387,887,045 (14,371,858)					(16,833,364)	
Fund balance, beginning of year 387,887,045 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (14,371,858)						
Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 (14,371,858)	over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis)				92,559,657	
	Fund balance, beginning of year				387,887,045	
Fund balance, end of year \$\\\466,074,844	Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23				(14,371,858)	
	Fund balance, end of year				\$ 466,074,844	

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
				Non-Major		Activities-	
		Solid	Stormwater	Watershed Protection		Internal	
		Waste	Management	and Restoration		Service	
<u>Assets</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Funds</u>	
Current assets:		FF7 727	1 450 460	F2 010 761	FF 027 0F6	00 174 522	
Cash and investments	\$	557,727	1,450,468	53,019,761	55,027,956	98,174,532	
Cash with fiscal agents		156,482	-		156,482	-	
Taxes receivable		-	637,131	-	637,131	-	
Less allowance for uncollectibles		2 500 502	(34,375)	-	(34,375)	2 705 222	
Accounts receivable		3,568,503	-	893,800	4,462,303	2,785,323	
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(840,227)	-	(15,293)	(855,520)	-	
Accrued interest receivable		103,909	104,326	37,515	245,750	35,708	
Due from other governmental units		642,383	135,823	-	778,206	386,994	
Inventories		-	-	-	-	707,192	
Prepaid costs and deposits	_	-		375,000	375,000	101,652	
Total current assets	_	4,188,777	2,293,373	54,310,783	60,792,933	102,191,401	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash and investments							
Revenue bond operation and maintenance		9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000	-	
Sandy Hill Trust		1,890,485	-	-	1,890,485	-	
Landfill closure		97,847,123	-	-	97,847,123	-	
Unspent bond proceeds	_	-	19,587,051	-	19,587,051		
Total restricted cash and investments	_	108,737,608	19,587,051		128,324,659		
Capital assets:							
Land		11,306,081	15,766,896	-	27,072,977	1,000,000	
Buildings and improvements		29,227,755	242,525	-	29,470,280	2,640,889	
Accumulated depreciation		(13,644,392)	(242,525)	-	(13,886,917)	(2,640,889)	
Improvements other than buildings		5,151,450	-	-	5,151,450	328,014	
Accumulated depreciation		(3,915,764)	-	-	(3,915,764)	(328,014)	
Equipment		21,632,293	4,038,582	-	25,670,875	6,901,381	
Accumulated depreciation		(18,772,094)	(3,968,312)	-	(22,740,406)	(6,240,999)	
Landfill property in service		121,336,027	-	-	121,336,027	-	
Accumulated depreciation		(114,657,747)	-	-	(114,657,747)	-	
Stormwater property in service		-	199,539,940	-	199,539,940	-	
Accumulated depreciation		-	(65,298,745)	-	(65,298,745)	-	
Construction in progress	_	34,851,332	149,835,279	<u> </u>	184,686,611		
Total capital assets		72,514,941	299,913,640	-	372,428,581	1,660,382	
Total noncurrent assets		181,252,549	319,500,691	-	500,753,240	1,660,382	
Total assets		185,441,326	321,794,064	54,310,783	561,546,173	103,851,783	
Deferred outflow of resources:							
Pension deferrals		2,287,590	3,692,906	-	5,980,496	3,619,854	
Deferred charge on refunding		23,799	73,142	-	96,941	-	
Total deferred outflow of resources		2,311,389	3,766,048		6,077,437	3,619,854	

(Continued)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Net Position, Continued Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

		Business-type Activities	- Enterprise Funds		Governmental
			Non-Major		Activities-
	Solid	Stormwater	Watershed Protection		Internal
Linkilition	Waste	Management	and Restoration	Tatal	Service
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities:	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Payable from unrestricted assets:					
Current portion of bonded debt \$	2,100,000	7,970,000		10.070.000	
Current portion of compensated absences and	2,100,000	7,370,000	<u>-</u>	10,070,000	<u>-</u>
termination benefits payable	931.640	1,380,408		2,312,048	1,360,515
Current portion of notes payable	896,582	1,360,408		896,582	1,300,313
Current portion of notes payable Current portion of estimated liability on pending claims	090,302		_	850,362	47,315,568
Current portion of postclosure liability	1,342,223	_		1,342,223	
Accounts payable	7,983,300	9,967,915	303,991	18,255,206	5,649,132
Retainages	7,965,500 16,741	1,838,293	303,991	1,855,034	3,049,132
Accrued liabilities	392,802	631,638	-	1,033,034	601,465
	392,602	031,036	-	1,024,440	•
Unearned revenue	-	2 402 050	-	2 670 447	4,734,497
Matured bonds and interest payable	566,187	2,103,960	-	2,670,147	-
Deposits	83,713		-	83,713	-
Due to other funds	-	25,000,000		25,000,000	-
Total current liabilities	14,313,188	48,892,214	303,991	63,509,393	59,661,177
Long-term liabilities:					
Bonded debt, less current portion	32,116,006	134,248,050	-	166,364,056	-
Notes Payable, less current portion	5,296,866	-	-	5,296,866	-
Compensated absences and termination					
benefits payable, less current portion	-	-	-	-	108,076
Net pension liability	8,618,986	14,159,129	-	22,778,115	14,301,824
Estimated liability on pending claims, less current portion	-	-	-	-	128,878,338
Estimated liability for landfill closure costs, less current portion	89,153,198			89,153,198	
Total long-term liabilities	135,185,056	148,407,179		283,592,235	143,288,238
Total liabilities	149,498,244	197,299,393	303,991	347,101,628	202,949,415
Deferred inflow of resources:					
Pension deferrals	739,708	1,214,911		1,954,619	1,229,716
Total deferred outflow of resources	739,708	1,214,911		1,954,619	1,229,716
Net position:					
·	24 422 125	177 202 641		211 704 766	1 ((0.202
Net investment in capital assets	34,422,125	177,282,641	- F4 006 703	211,704,766	1,660,382
Restricted for capital improvements and future maintenance	9,000,000	-	54,006,792	63,006,792	-
Restricted for Sandy Hill Trust	1,890,485	-	-	1,890,485	-
Restricted for landfill closure costs	5,535,896	1 544 602	-	5,535,896	-
Restricted for Chesapeake Bay and tree preservation activities	-	1,544,692	-	1,544,692	10 707 145
Restricted for I-Net	- (12 222 742)	(51 701 525)	-	(65.115.260)	10,787,145
Unrestricted	(13,333,743)	(51,781,525)	- F4 006 703	(65,115,268)	(109,155,021)
Total net position \$	37,514,763	127,045,808	54,006,792	218,567,363	(96,707,494)
Adicatorant to medicate the consolidation of in-		dan 6 mada		(6.272.452)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund	activities related to enterp	rise runas.		(6,273,152)	
Net position of business-type activities				\$ 212,294,211	

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
			Non-Major		Activities-	
	Solid	Stormwater	Watershed Protection		Internal	
	Waste	Management	and Restoration	Tatal	Service	
One-matters are consistent	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Funds</u>	
Operating revenues: Premium contributions	\$ -				127,722,895	
Licenses and permits	э	8,029,372		8,029,372	127,722,093	
Sales	235,840	6,029,372	_	235.840	29,823,189	
Charges for services	96,811,382	_	14,512,911	111,324,293	12,569,028	
Use of money and property - rentals	-	-	1.,012,011	-	157,178	
Miscellaneous	64,544	-	165,135	229,679	1,473,605	
Total operating revenues	97,111,766	8,029,372	14,678,046	119,819,184	171,745,895	
Operating expenses:						
Salaries	7,380,503	10,968,204	-	18,348,707	9,698,443	
Project charges - salaries/recoveries	8,927,211	8,860,029	-	17,787,240	-	
Fringe benefits	6,958,401	9,872,781	-	16,831,182	5,888,070	
Contractual services	36,412,865	-	-	36,412,865	8,724,476	
Materials	-	-	-	-	8,860,681	
Rent	-	-	-	-	298,238	
General and administrative	32,800,301	12,510,611	2,248,552	47,559,464	9,371,187	
Depreciation and amortization	7,370,231	4,577,143	-	11,947,374	150,047	
Insurance claims and premiums	-	-	-	-	127,136,256	
Landfill postclosure costs	13,801,553	-	-	13,801,553		
Other	-	-	-	-	4,474,928	
Total operating expenses	113,651,065	46,788,768	2,248,552	162,688,385	174,602,326	
Operating income (loss)	(16,539,299)	(38,759,396)	12,429,494	(42,869,201)	(2,856,431)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Taxes	-	42,775,442	-	42,775,442	-	
Interest income	1,336,491	952,164	322,526	2,611,181	343,138	
Interest expense	(1,279,030)	(4,808,936)	-	(6,087,966)	-	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets			-		(822)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	57,461	38,918,670	322,526	39,298,657	342,316	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(16,481,838)	159,274	12,752,020	(3,570,544)	(2,514,115)	
Capital contributions	(16.491.939)	135,823 295,097	12,752,020	135,823	(2,514,115)	
Change in net position Net position - beginning of year	(16,481,838) 53,996,601	295,097 126,750,711	12,752,020 41,254,772	(3,434,721)	(2,514,115) (94,193,379)	
Net position - end of year	\$ 37,514,763	127,045,808	54,006,792		(96,707,494)	
,			31,000,732		(30,707,134)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund a	ctivities related to enterprise funds	3		507,795		
Change in net position of business-type activities				\$ (2,926,926)		

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

Cash flows from operating activities:		Solid Waste <u>Fund</u>	Business-type Activities Stormwater Management <u>Fund</u>	- Enterprise Funds Non-Major Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund	<u>Total</u>	Governmental Activities- Internal Service <u>Funds</u>
Cash received from customers	\$	98,929,823	8,029,372	14,633,720	121,592,915	24,900,265
Cash received from interfund charges	Ψ	-	-	-	-	144,126,907
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(73,641,230)	13,326,837	(2,127,657)	(62,442,050)	(106,266,480)
Cash payments to employees for services		(23,384,181)	(29,000,186)	-	(52,384,367)	(14,934,020)
Premium and claim payments		-	-	-	-	(55,722,628)
Other cash receipts	-					138,857
Net cash and cash equivalents provided (used) by operating activities	_	1,904,412	(7,643,977)	12,506,063	6,766,498	(7,757,099)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Tax collections		-	42,679,253	-	42,679,253	-
Transfers in from other funds		-	-	-	-	2,460,904
Transfers out to other funds	_			<u> </u>	-	(2,460,904)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by noncapital financing activities	-	-	42,679,253	<u> </u>	42,679,253	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition and construction of property, plant and equipment		(3,300,184)	(50,277,022)	-	(53,577,206)	(301,129)
Capital grants		-	1,196,460	-	1,196,460	-
Proceeds of notes payable		150,000	-	-	150,000	-
Principal payments on bonded debt		(1,920,000)	(7,880,000)	-	(9,800,000)	-
Principal payments on notes payable		(436,831)	-	-	(436,831)	-
Interest payments	-	(1,015,439)	(6,064,922)		(7,080,361)	
Net cash and cash equivalents used in capital and related financing activities	_	(6,522,454)	(63,025,484)		(69,547,938)	(301,129)
Cash flows from investing activities:				-		
Interest on investments	-	1,336,491	876,999	291,827	2,505,317	319,640
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by investing activities	_	1,336,491	876,999	291,827	2,505,317	319,640
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,281,551)	(27,113,209)	12,797,890	(17,596,870)	(7,738,588)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	=	112,733,368	48,150,728	40,221,871	201,105,967	105,913,120
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	109,451,817	21,037,519	53,019,761	183,509,097	98,174,532
Cash classified as:						
Current assets	\$	714,209	1,450,468	53,019,761	55,184,438	98,174,532
Restricted assets	_	108,737,608	19,587,051	<u> </u>	128,324,659	
	\$ _	109,451,817	21,037,519	53,019,761	183,509,097	98,174,532

(Continued)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Cash Flows, Continued Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

			Bus	iness-type Activitie	s - Ente			(Governmental
		Solid Waste <u>Fund</u>		Stormwater Management <u>Fund</u>		Non-Major ershed Protection and Restoration Fund	<u>Total</u>		Activities- Internal Service <u>Funds</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided (used in) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(16,539,299)	_	(38,759,396)	_	12,429,494	(42,869,201)	_	(2,856,431)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		7,370,231		4,577,143		-	11,947,374		150,047
Provision for doubtful receivables		561,101		-		15,293	576,394		-
Pension Expense		312,613		542,065		-	854,678		575,358
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:									
Accounts receivable		1,610,075		-		(59,619)	1,550,456		24
Inventories		-		-		-	-		10,294
Due from other governmental units		(353,119)		-		-	(353,119)		-
Prepaid costs		-		-		125,000	125,000		124,966
Compensated absences and termination benefits payable		18,986		76,945		-	95,931		(7,871)
Accounts payable		1,104,551		619,172		(4,105)	1,719,618		(3,531,479)
Retainages		(32,614)		218,276		-	185,662		-
Accrued costs		(449,665)		81,818		-	(367,847)		106,756
Due to other funds		(5,500,000)		25,000,000		-	19,500,000		-
Deferred revenue				-		-	-		(3,391,765)
Due from component units		-		-		-	-		247,861
Estimated liability for landfill closure costs		13,801,552		-		-	13,801,552		-
Estimated liability on pending claims	_	-	_	-		-	-		815,141
Total adjustments	_	18,443,711	_	31,115,419	_	76,569	49,635,699	_	(4,900,668)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ _	1,904,412	\$ =	(7,643,977)	\$	12,506,063 \$	6,766,498	\$ _	(7,757,099)
Non-cash investing, capital and related financing activities:									
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable	\$	(78,918)	_	952,164		322,526	1,195,772	_	(23,498)

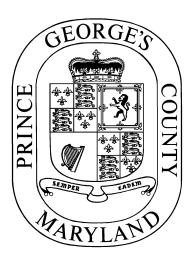
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

		Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds		Agency <u>Funds</u>
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,636,666	\$	29,606,088
Collateral for loaned securities		34,673,639		-
Investments:				
Pooled separate accounts		445,067,140		-
U.S. Government & agency securities		29,249,378		-
Corporate bonds		17,850,876		-
Common stock		228,734,514		-
Real estate investment trust		6,887,747		-
International Government securities		995,578		-
Other International investments		343,826		
Asset backed securities		10,748,704		-
Money market funds		229,375,531		-
Short-term investments		25,243,222		-
Collective trusts		288,426,648		-
Commingled trust funds		53,608,718		-
Alternative investments		478,087,932		-
Receivables:				
Taxes		-		7,212,784
Accounts		-		-
Accrued interest receivable		1,164,171		-
Prepaid costs and deposits		179,037		-
Total assets		1,856,273,328	\$	36,818,872
Liabilities:		24 672 620		
Collateral for loaned securities payable		34,673,639		-
Accounts payable		1,666,164		110,186
Accrued costs		1,315,933		-
Due to other funds		1,125,000		-
Due to other governmental units		-		32,730,445
Funds held in trust Total liabilities	_	20 700 726	-	3,978,241
Total liabilities	_	38,780,736	*	36,818,872
Net position:				
Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits	\$_	1,817,492,592		

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2017

Contributions: \$ 165,380,911 Employer 36,874,033 Other 1,466,122 Total contributions 203,721,066 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 113,252,317 Interest and dividends 40,462,606 Total investment income (loss) 153,714,923 Less investment expense 5,991,616 Net investment loss 147,723,307 Total additions 351,444,373 Deductions: 218,916,609 Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Additions:	Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds
Employee 36,874,033 Other 1,466,122 Total contributions 203,721,066 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 113,252,317 Interest and dividends 40,462,606 Total investment income (loss) 153,714,923 Less investment expense 5,991,616 Net investment loss 147,723,307 Total additions 351,444,373 Deductions: 218,916,609 Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Contributions:	
Other 1,466,122 Total contributions 203,721,066 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 113,252,317 Interest and dividends 40,462,606 Total investment income (loss) 153,714,923 Less investment expense 5,991,616 Net investment loss 147,723,307 Total additions 351,444,373 Deductions: 218,916,609 Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Employer	\$ 165,380,911
Total contributions 203,721,066 Net appreciation in fair value of investments 113,252,317 Interest and dividends 40,462,606 Total investment income (loss) 153,714,923 Less investment expense 5,991,616 Net investment loss 147,723,307 Total additions 351,444,373 Deductions: 218,916,609 Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Employee	36,874,033
Net appreciation in fair value of investments 113,252,317 Interest and dividends 40,462,606 Total investment income (loss) 153,714,923 Less investment expense 5,991,616 Net investment loss 147,723,307 Total additions 351,444,373 Deductions: 218,916,609 Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Other	1,466,122
Interest and dividends Total investment income (loss) Less investment expense Net investment loss Total additions Total additions Deductions: Benefits Benefits General and administrative expenses Total deductions Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134		
Total investment income (loss) Less investment expense Net investment loss Total additions Total additions Total additions Total additions Deductions: Benefits Benefits Refunds of contributions General and administrative expenses Total deductions Total deducti		·
Less investment expense Net investment loss Total additions Deductions: Benefits Benefits Refunds of contributions General and administrative expenses Total deductions Net increase Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 5,991,616 147,723,307 251,444,373 218,916,609 218,916,60		
Net investment loss 147,723,307 Total additions 351,444,373 Deductions: Benefits 218,916,609 Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	• • •	
Total additions Deductions: Benefits Refunds of contributions General and administrative expenses Total deductions Net increase Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 351,444,373 218,916,609 9,406,326 3,212,659 231,535,594 119,908,779 1,686,094,679 11,489,134	·	
Deductions: Benefits Refunds of contributions General and administrative expenses Total deductions Net increase Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 218,916,609 9,406,326 3,212,659 231,535,594 119,908,779 1,686,094,679 1,686,094,679	Net investment ioss	14/,/23,30/
Benefits 218,916,609 Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Total additions	351,444,373
Refunds of contributions 9,406,326 General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Deductions:	
General and administrative expenses 3,212,659 Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134		
Total deductions 231,535,594 Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134		
Net increase 119,908,779 Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	General and administrative expenses	3,212,659
Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Total deductions	231,535,594
Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Net increase	119,908,779
Beginning of year 1,686,094,679 Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 11,489,134	Net position restricted for pensions and other post-employment benefits	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,686,094,679
F. J. C	Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23	11,489,134
£nd or year \$ 1,817,492,592	End of year	\$ 1,817,492,592

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Prince George's County, Maryland (the County) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the County's significant accounting policies:

(a) Reporting Entity

The County is a body corporate and politic founded in 1696 as a political subdivision of the State of Maryland, which performs all local government functions within its jurisdiction. The County operates under a "home rule" Charter adopted in November 1970. Under the Charter, the County is governed by an elected County Executive and nine-member County Council.

As required by GAAP, the accompanying financial statements include various departments and agencies of the Primary Government and the County's component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the County.

The government-wide financial statements include a separate column for the Board of Education of Prince George's County, Maryland and a separate column combining all other discretely presented component units. Each component unit is legally separate from the Primary Government and has a June 30 fiscal year end. There are no blended component units, i.e., legally separate component units whose financial information is combined with the operations of the Primary Government, included in this financial report. A description of the County's eight discretely presented component units follows:

- (i) The <u>Board of Education of Prince George's County, Maryland (Board of Education or the Board)</u> The Board operates all public schools (grades K through 12) within the County. The Board is fiscally dependent because the County: approves its budget, is legally obligated to fund the Board's operations, and issues and is obligated to pay debt for the Board. A complete financial report is available through the Board's administrative offices, which are located at the Sasscer Administration Building, 14201 School Lane, Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772.
- (ii) The <u>Housing Authority of Prince George's County (Housing Authority)</u> The Housing Authority was created to develop safe, sanitary, and decent housing for County citizens. The governing body and management personnel are appointed by the County Executive. The County also approves the budget of the Housing Authority. Requests for copies of financial statements should be addressed to the administrative offices of the Housing Authority, which are located at Inglewood Center III, 9400 Peppercorn Place, Suite 200, Landover, Maryland 20785.
- (iii) The <u>Industrial Development Authority of Prince George's County (IDA)</u> The IDA is a public building authority providing physical facilities to local governments located in the State of Maryland. The County appoints a majority of the governing body and is able to impose its will through approval of the IDA's budget and substantial involvement in IDA operations. Requests for copies of financial statements should be addressed to the administrative offices of the Industrial Development Authority, which are located at 14741 Governor Oden Bowie Drive, Suite 3151, Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772.
 - Resolution CR-69-2017 was adopted on October 24, 2017, by the County Council of Prince George's County, Maryland, it concerns winding down and termination of the Industrial Development Authority (IDA). See IDA Annual Financial Statements Note 8 for more information.
- (iv) The Prince George's County Memorial Library System (Memorial Library or Library) The Memorial Library operates the County's public library system. The County is legally obligated to provide financial support to the Library. The County approves its budget, holds title to its assets, and can unilaterally abolish the Library. Requests for the Library's financial statements should be made to the administrative offices, which are located at 6532 Adelphi Road, Hyattsville, Maryland 20785.
- (v) The Prince George's Community College (Community College or College) The College operates a higher education institution within the County. The County is legally obligated to provide financial support to the College. In addition, the fiscal dependency criterion applies because of the County's substantial budgetary approval authority. Individuals interested in obtaining detailed financial statements for the College should contact its administrative offices, which are located at 301 Largo Road, Landover, Maryland 20772.

- (vi) The Prince George's Community Television, Inc. (PGCT) PGCT operates local government public access channel programming for cable television operations. The County appoints a majority of the governing body and imposes its will over PGCT operations. PGCT is fiscally dependent on the County (i.e., the County has substantive approval authority over the budget, sets fees, and prohibits debt issuances.) A full set of financial statements is available at PGCT's administrative offices, which are located at 9475 Lottsford Road, Suite 125, Landover, Maryland 20785.
- (vii) The <u>Redevelopment Authority of Prince George's County (Redevelopment Authority)</u> The Redevelopment Authority was created to provide residential, commercial, and industrial development or redevelopment within County boundaries. The County appoints a majority of the governing body and is able to impose its will through approval of the Redevelopment Authority's budget and substantial involvement in Redevelopment Authority operations. Requests for copies of financial statements should be addressed to the administrative offices of the Redevelopment Authority, which are located at 9201 Basil Court, Suite 155, Largo, Maryland 20774.
- (viii) The Revenue Authority of Prince George's County (Revenue Authority) The Revenue Authority was created to develop projects within the boundary lines of the County devoted wholly or partially for public uses and to stimulate employment and economic growth. The Revenue Authority is also responsible for the acquisition, construction, and operation of parking and related facilities for motorized and non-motorized vehicles within the County. The County appoints a majority of the governing body and is able to impose its will through approval of the Revenue Authority's budget and substantial involvement in Revenue Authority operations. Additionally, the County must approve and is responsible for all bonded debt issuances. Requests for financial statements should be directed to the Revenue Authority's administrative offices, which are located at 1300 Mercantile Lane, Suite 108, Landover, Maryland 20785.

As discussed in Note 21, the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission, Washington Suburban Transit Commission, Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority, and the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission are not part of the reporting entity, but rather are considered joint ventures for financial reporting purposes.

(b) Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Statements:</u> The statement of net position and the statement of activities report non-fiduciary financial activity of the County and its component units. The majority of inter-fund activity is eliminated from the statements. Governmental activities, which are mainly supported by tax revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fee charges to external parties. Additionally, the primary government is reported separately from its component units.

The statement of activities compares direct expenses and program revenues for distinct activities and for each of the County's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically related to a program or function. Program revenues include (1) fees and charges for services generated by programs and (2) grants and contributions restricted to a particular program. All taxes and other items not included as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The focus is on major governmental and enterprise funds, which are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental funds are combined and reported as non-major funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Federal and State Aided Programs</u> - This Special Revenue Fund accounts for direct financial assistance received by the County through categorical grants from Federal and State agencies.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or fiduciary funds.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Solid Waste</u> – This fund accounts for the disposition of refuse, garbage, rubbish, or any other matter to ensure the public health of the inhabitants of the County. The fund also covers programs and activities associated with solid waste management, environmental protection, and recycling and clean-up of the environment.

<u>Stormwater Management Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the servicing of County stormwater management facilities including floodplain maintenance, stormdrain maintenance, and a variety of rehabilitation, repair and maintenance contracts for open channels, ditches, and flood channels.

The County also reports the following additional funds:

<u>Non- Governmental Funds —</u> These funds are special revenue funds which are used to report specific revenues that are legally restricted for particular purposes and the debt service fund which accounts for the payment of general long term debt not paid by proprietary funds.

Non-Major Enterprise Fund - The Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund This fund was established July 1, 2013 in accordance with provisions of Maryland House Bill 987. The fund accounts for the services rendered to complete water quality and flood control management improvements.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are proprietary funds that account for vehicle maintenance, information technology, and risk management services to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal Service Fund accounting is similar to enterprise funds; however, for government-wide reporting the activity is mostly included with governmental activities because they predominantly serve the governmental funds.

<u>Trust Funds</u> - Trust Funds are fiduciary funds out of which retirement annuities and/or benefit payments are paid and designated to public employees.

Agency Funds – These fiduciary funds account for money held on behalf of other governmental entities for taxes collected by the County and deposits held for inmates.

(c) Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Trust Funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the business-type and governmental funds of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Stormwater Management Fund, Solid Waste Fund and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Furthermore, within the unrestricted fund balance the County will apply expenditures against committed, then assigned, and then unassigned amounts.

Governmental funds are used to account for the County's general government activities. Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers most revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payments are due.

Property taxes, interest, charges for services, and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the County and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

The County reports unearned revenue in its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise in governmental funds when the County receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue is also reported in the government-wide statements.

The County reports deferred inflows and outflows of resources as separate financial statement elements. Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net position applicable to a future period. While deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net position applicable to a future period. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements report both deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to debt refunding and pension costs. The governmental funds report deferred inflows relating to unavailable revenue.

(d) Budgetary Data

The Prince George's County Charter requires that certain transactions be accounted for on a basis other than GAAP. Actual results of operations are presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual for the General Fund in accordance with legislative requirements, in order to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with budget estimates. Under the budgetary basis, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures, as opposed to only a restriction, assignment, or commitment of fund balance (GAAP basis). This treatment of encumbrances represents one of two material differences between the GAAP and budget basis. The other significant difference relates to the presentation of purchase agreement financing transactions. These transactions represent equipment or real estate lease purchase contracts where an escrow account is maintained under a three-party agreement between the County, the leasing company, and the fiscal escrow agent, who controls the receipt of the financing proceeds and disbursements for equipment and real estate purchases. Under the GAAP basis, both the purchases and periodic principal and interest payments on the financing must be recorded; however, under the budgetary basis, only the principal and interest payments are recorded.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Agency budget requests are normally due to the Office of Management and budget prior to mid-November.
- Prior to January 15, the Component Units submit to the County Executive a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- Prior to April 1, the County Executive submits to the County Council a proposed operating budget for the County, which includes the needs of the Component Units for the upcoming year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- Public hearings are conducted by the County Council to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to June 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and by object within an agency. The County Executive is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within an agency within any fund; however, the County Council must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any agency or fund. No agency of the Primary Government shall during any fiscal year expend, or contract to expend, in excess of the amounts appropriated in the budget for such fiscal year. The level of budgetary control (level at which expenditures/expenses are monitored) is maintained at three major object classifications: compensation, other current expenditures/expenses (which include debt service payments, expenditure recoveries, and operating transfers out), and capital outlays. The legal level of control is exercised at the agency level in the General Fund. No County liability shall be incurred or contracted by any department, agency, or employee, and no bill or invoice shall be approved or paid, unless the Council has authorized by budget adoption or a specific appropriation to cover payment out of public funds. Any person willfully violating this provision shall be deemed to be responsible for the contract, debt, or expenditure. The agency head allowing such action shall be subject to such disciplinary action as the Council shall determine.
- Subsequent to passage of the budget ordinance, the County Council may approve supplemental appropriations. During fiscal year 2017, such appropriations amounted to a \$24.9 million increase in the Primary Government's General Fund budget (major fund).
- All unencumbered appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual for the General Fund is located included in Exhibit A-5. The following funds of the Primary Government have legally adopted annual budgets:

General Fund
Nonmajor governmental funds:
Domestic Violence Fund
Drug Enforcement and Education Fund

Although budgets are not legally adopted for all Special Revenue Funds of the County, budgetary control is exercised. The Federal and State Aided Programs Fund's expenditures are limited to the amount awarded for the associated grant programs.

Expenditures in the Debt Service Fund are limited by authorized transfer amounts from other funds. Capital Projects Funds are appropriated at the project level. Annual operating budgets are not prepared for the Debt Service or Capital Projects Funds.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flows purposes, the Primary Government defines cash equivalents to include the following: all highly liquid, unrestricted investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased; all cash and investment pools which are used essentially as demand accounts; all cash with fiscal agents; and all restricted cash and investments have been determined to be cash equivalents.

(f) Investments

Investments of the Primary Government and trust funds are recorded at amortized cost or fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset as detailed in Note 4.

(g) Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible receivables using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The total allowance amounts are summarized below:

Primary Government:

General Fund	\$ 14,835,056
Federal and State Aided Fund	28,914,473
Solid Waste Fund	840,227
Stormwater Management Fund	34,375
Watershed Protection and Restoration Fund	 15,293
	\$ 44,639,424

As part of the County's Community Development Block Grant and Rental Rehabilitation federal financial assistance programs, the County makes loans to residents and developers to restore and repair low-income housing units. At June 30, 2017, there was approximately \$44.4 million of outstanding loans receivable under these programs. Approximately \$15.5 million of these loans are offset by equivalent unearned revenue in the Federal and State Aided Programs Special Revenue Fund. The remaining \$28.9 million is completely offset by an allowance for uncollectible notes receivable (included in the table above), because collections are highly uncertain. In many cases, the County has agreed to forgive loan repayment if the resident/developer complies with certain requirements that may include residing in the property for a certain number of years.

(h) Inventories

Inventories, consisting of expendable items held for consumption, are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market or at average cost, which approximates the first-in, first-out method of costing. The consumption method is used and the cost of such items is recognized as an expense or expenditure when used in operations.

(i) Prepaid Costs and Deposits

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017 are recorded as prepaid expenses. The consumption method is used for prepaid items and expenditures or expenses are recognized when used in operations.

(j) Restricted Assets

Proceeds from debt and funds set aside for payment of revenue bonds and other general obligation debt are classified as restricted assets since there use is limited by applicable debt agreements. Federal and State Law require the County to set aside funds to finance closure and postclosure costs. The County has \$97,847,123 held for this purpose at June 30, 2017.

(k) Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. road networks, bridges, stormwater property, and similar items) are recorded at cost and as governmental or business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received. Donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in as service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Assets recorded under capital lease agreements are recorded at the lower of fair value or the net present value of minimum lease payments on the date of the lease inception. Interest is capitalized on assets acquired or constructed with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of borrowing until installation or completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is recorded over the following estimated useful lives using the straight-line method:

Land improvements	10 - 20 years
Buildings and plant improvements	3 - 50 years
Stormwater property in service	50 years
Equipment and machinery	3 - 20 years
Bridges	50 years
Road Networks	60 years

The Primary Government's landfill facility at Brown Station Road has completed expansion of the construction of eleven new treatment areas referred to as "cells." Ten cells are currently operational. The total estimated cost of the operational cells was transferred from construction-in-progress to landfill property in service based on the total acreage of the operational cells as a percentage of the total landfill acreage multiplied by total estimated costs of the entire facility. Depreciation is computed by dividing the number of tons of refuse dumped by total estimated landfill capacity, which is then multiplied by the estimated total landfill cost. An independent engineer estimates the total capacity of the landfill as 11,231,652 tons.

(I) Self-Insurance Funds

Included in the estimated liability for pending claims are estimates of incurred but not reported claims and incremental claims adjustment expenses for all lines of coverage.

(m) Arbitrage Rebate Liability

This liability represents the excess investment earnings on unspent bond proceeds over the bond yield, in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended. The County has no liability for fiscal year 2017.

(n) Long-term Obligations

(i) Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable, governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. For long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from current available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a Governmental Fund. Long-term liabilities to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

(ii) Bond Premiums/Discounts and Issuance Costs

Bond premiums and discounts for government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bondsoutstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums or discounts are reported as a net addition or reduction of the face amount of bonds payable. Bond issuance costs are recorded as debt service expenses in the year of issuance.

In the governmental funds financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the current period. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(iii) Bond Covenants

The various bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance and flow of monies through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and minimum revenue bond coverages. The County is in compliance with all bond covenants.

(o) Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position includes three categories: Net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, reduced by net outstanding debt related to capital assets and any deferred resources. Restricted net position is restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining residual balance.

The County reports fund balance in various governmental funds. The fund balance categories are listed below:

- > Nonspendable Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are in nonspendable form (i.e. inventory) or contractually required to remain intact.
- > Restricted Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- > Committed Includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Council as the highest level of decision-making authority. This same formal action (Council Bill) used to create a commitment is required to rescind or modify it.
- Assigned Includes government's intent to use for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. County Council Resolution CR-36-2011 granted the authority to assign fund balance in the General Fund to a three-person committee consisting of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, or their designee, the Director of Finance or their designee, and the County Council Administrator, or their designee.
- > Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification can be used only to report a deficit balance.
- > When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed, except for capital projects which use unrestricted resources first. Furthermore, within the unrestricted fund balance the County will apply expenditures against committed, then assigned, and then unassigned amounts.

(p) Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

(i) Property Tax Revenue Recognition

The County's real property taxes are due and payable on the first day of July each year, the levy date and the date on which an enforceable lien attaches to the property. Levies are based on assessments as certified to the County by the State of Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation. Certain bills are eligible for semi-annual payments. Annual bills and the first installment of semi-annual bills are due on or before September 30th and become delinquent on October 1st. The second semi-annual installment is due on or before December 31st and becomes delinquent on January 1st. Delinquent taxes are subject to interest and penalty at the monthly rate of 1.67% until paid in full. Personal property and real property taxes levied for fractions of a year are due when billed and are overdue within 30 days of billing. General property taxes receivable, net of the allowance for uncollectibles of \$13,745,787, amounted to \$4,547,447.

Property on which taxes remain in a delinquent status as of the second Monday in May is placed for tax sale.

At the November 1978 General Election, the voters of the County adopted an amendment to the Charter limiting future collection of real property taxes to the amount collected in fiscal year 1979. The amendment, which became effective in December 1978, added Section 817B to the Charter. It is generally referred to as "TRIM" (TRIM is an acronym for Tax Reform Initiative by Marylanders).

An amendment to TRIM was approved by the voters of the County at the November 1984 General Election, authorizing the Council to levy taxes beginning in 1986 on a maximum rate basis as an alternative to the maximum amount basis. The maximum rate authorized was two dollars and forty cents (\$2.40) for each one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed value. Beginning in fiscal year 1992, the Court of Appeals upheld the authority of the County to increase the tax rate to pay principal and interest on bonds outstanding prior to the effective date of "TRIM". Prior to fiscal year 2002, real property in the County was assessed at 40% of the phased-in market value. Pursuant to a change in State law, real property in fiscal year 2002 was assessed at 100% of the phased-in market value. For fiscal year 2017, the tax rate was set at ninety-six cents (\$0.96) and two dollars forty cents (\$2.40) for each one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed value for real and personal property, respectively. There were no bonds outstanding issued before the effective date of "TRIM".

(ii) Landfill Operations - Primary Government

Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

The October 9, 1991 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency rule, "Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria", establishes certain closure and thirty (30) year postclosure care requirements affecting municipal solid waste landfills. In accordance with GAAP, the County accrues for closure and post-closure costs related to its landfill operations.

(q) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses or expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(r) Total Column Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The total column for the reporting entity includes a reclassification for the unrestricted net position deficit related to component unit debt (\$454,176,281). The reclassification is necessary because the County issues debt to finance construction projects for its component units (Board of Education and Community College); however, the component units own the assets. The debt reduces unrestricted net position for the County, while the capital assets are reported in net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt by the component units.

(2) New Accounting Pronouncements

The County implemented the following GASB pronouncements:

Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68." This Statement applies the approach to accounting and financial reporting established in Statement 68 to all pensions, with modifications as necessary to reflect that for accounting and financial reporting purposes, any assets accumulated for pensions that are not set aside through GASB defined trusts should not be considered pension plan assets. It also requires that information similar to that required by Statement 68 be included in notes to financial statements and required supplementary information by all similarly situated employers and non-employer contributing entities. The required changes are reflected in the County's financial statements. Statement No. 73 required the restatement of beginning net position as follows:

Governmental Activities

Net Position June 30, 2016	(644,514,538)
Net Pension Liabillity	(130,863,314)
Other restatement (see note 23)	(14,371,858)
Net Position, as restated	(789,749,710)

Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans." This Statement requires the net OPEB liability to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. This Statement improves financial reporting primarily through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria. The required changes had no effect on the County's financial statements since a separate financial statement is issued for the OPEB trust.

Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosure." This Statement defines a tax abatement as resulting from an agreement between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or its citizens. Statement No. 77 addresses the ability for financial statement users to assess limitations on a government's ability to raise resources resulting from government programs that use tax abatements. This Statement requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The required changes are reflected in the County's financial statements.

(3) Compliance and Accountability

Net Position Deficit - Primary Government - Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation

The Primary Government's Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund's net deficit at June 30, 2017 was \$135,479,913. The County's risk management contributions increased by \$1.5 million during fiscal year 2017. Expenditures decreased by \$7.0 million driven by a \$13.9 million decrease in the estimated liability for pending claims. The County will continue to increase premium contributions and reduce certain administrative costs in future fiscal years to reduce this deficit.

(4) Cash and Investments

(a) Investment Policy

The Primary Government's investment policy's primary objective for the management of the County's funds is the protection of investment principal in the overall portfolio through the use of diversification and third-party collateralization while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all cash flow requirements. The secondary objective is to maximize investment return consistent with risk limitations.

The Primary Government maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's share of this pool is displayed as "Cash and investments" (restricted and unrestricted). Investment income is allocated to all funds based on the percentage of the fund's cash and investments at month-end to the total pool, with the exception of income on bond proceeds, which is allocated to the General Fund pursuant to certain legal provisions. The Component Units maintain separate bank accounts covered by Federal depository insurance or collateral held by the banks in the entity's name. Details of the component units' investment policies are included in their individual financial statements and are available to the general public [see note 1(a)]. In addition, investments are separately held by several funds. Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; interest bearing accounts; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances, money market accounts, and the State's investment pool. Statutes require that deposits, interest bearing accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements be fully collateralized.

The Primary Government, the Board of Education, the Revenue Authority, and the Memorial Library participate in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP). The MLGIP is an external investment pool that is not subject to regulation by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The State Legislature created the MLGIP within the annotated code of Maryland. The MLGIP, under the administrative control of the State Treasurer, is managed by PNC Institutional Investments. An MLGIP Advisory Committee of current participants was formed to review, on a semi-annual basis, the activities of the Fund and to provide suggestions to enhance the Pool. The reported value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. MLGIP participants may withdraw from this account balance by notifying MLGIP management by 2 pm on the day of withdrawal.

The MLGIP was established under the Annotated Code of Maryland and is rated AAAm by Standard and Poors, their highest rating for money market funds. MLGIP is a 2a7 like pool, which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but generally operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (Rule 2a7). Unit value is computed using the amortized cost method and maintains a \$1 per share value.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or identical assets or liabilities in less active markets, such as dealer or broker markets; and

• Level 3 — Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, such as pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques not based on market, exchange, dealer or broker-traded transactions.

The Primary Government had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017 (in thousands):

•	Active Ident	ve Markets for Significant Other entical Assets Observable Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance as of June 30, 2017	
Investments by fair value level:						
US Agency Securities	\$	=	153,410	-	\$	153,410
Investments carried at amortized cost:	,					
Certificates of Deposit						141,522
Money Market Funds						14,127
Maryland Local Government Investment Pool						316,372
					\$	625,431

Debt securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The OPEB Plan had the following recurring fair value measurements (in thousands):

	Level 1 Level 2			2	L	evel 3	Balance as of June 30,2017	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	- \$;	27	\$	_	\$	27
Investments carried at amortized cost:								
Money Market Funds							\$	835
Investments carried at the Net Asset Val	ue (NAV):							
Common Trust Funds								53,609
Total							\$	54,444

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table (in thousands).

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Fa</u>	air Value	<u>Unfunded</u> <u>Commitments</u>	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Common Trust Funds - Fixed Income Fund	\$	26,322	-	Daily	1-2 days
Common Trust Funds – Equity Funds		27,259	-	Daily	1-2 days
Common Trust Funds - Real Estate Funds		28		Daily	1-2 days
Total	\$	53,609			-

Equity in pooled cash and investments is comprised of shares or units in the Prince Georges County cash pool, which are valued at its respective share of pooled cash and investments.

Common Trusts-Real Estate Fund consists of an investment in one trust; the objective of the fund is to approximate the performance of the Dow Jones U. Select REIT Index. This investment is valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units of the collective trust. The NAV, as provided by the trustee, is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities.

Common Trusts-Equity Funds consist of investments in eight investment trusts. The Funds' investment objectives are to seek long-term capital appreciation through investing in other investment funds based on a custom index. These investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units of the collective trust. The NAV, as provided by the trustee, is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities.

Common Trusts-Fixed Income Funds consist of investments in six investment trusts, the objective of these funds is to approximate the performance of the Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protects Securities, Barclays U.S. Long Credit Bond and Barclays high Yield \$200 Million Very Liquid Indexes. These investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units of the collective trust. The NAV, as provided by the trustee, is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities.

The Pension Plans had the following recurring fair value measurements (in thousands):

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Balance as of June 30, 2017
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Equity in pooled cash and investments		5,610		5,610
Investments by fair value level:				
U.S. Government and agency securities	-	32,180	-	32,180
Municipal bonds	-	2,377	-	2,377
Corporate bonds	-	29,764	-	29,764
Common stock	228,735	140,978	-	369,713
Real Estate Investment Trust	6,888	2,306	-	9,194
Mutual Funds	228,540	55,468	-	284,008
Foreign Currency	996	672	-	1,668
Other international investments	344	115	-	459
Asset-backed securities		30,756	-	30,756
	465,503	294,616	-	760,119
Investments carried at amortized cost:				
Short-term investments				32,125
Investments carried at Net Asset Value (N	IAV):			
Collective trusts				341,796
Hedge Funds				112,886
International Equity Funds				84,129
Private Debt				133,741
Private Equity				161,817
Natural Resources				52,142
Real Estate				81,421
				967,932
Total Investments				1,760,176

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table.

Investment	F	air Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Collective trusts	\$	341,796	\$ -	daily	1-2 days
Hedge Funds		112,886	-	See note (A)	30-90 days
International Equity Funds		84,129	-	Monthly	15 days
Private Debt		133,741	25,240	4-10 years	N/A
Private Equity		161,817	74,876	See note (B)	5-10 days
Natural Resources		52,142	-	7-15 years	N/A
Real Estate		81,421		See note (C)	30-90 days
	\$	967,932	\$ 100,116		

⁽A) - Redemption frequency for these assets are either monthly, quarterly, or annually. Redemption notice periods also range from 2 to 90 days with asset requiring an annual notice.

Commingled trust funds consist of investments in fifteen investment trusts, the objectives of these fund is to approximate the performance of the Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protects Securities, Barclays U.S. Long Credit Bond, Barclays high Yield \$200 Million Very Liquid Indexes, the Dow Jones U. Select REIT Index and various other benchmarks These investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units of the collective trust. The NAV, as provided by the trustee, is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities.

Collective trust funds consist of investments in four investment trusts, the objectives of these fund is to approximate the performance of the Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protects Securities, the S&P 500, and various other benchmarks. These investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of units of the collective trust. The NAV, as provided by the trustee, is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held by the fund less its liabilities. International equity funds consist of one investment that invests in non-US developed markets with select exposure to emerging markets

Hedge Funds consist of approximately 12 investments in limited partnerships that invest in hedge fund strategies that seek alpha in equity of credit makers. The nature of investments in this type is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using percent ownership of the NAV of the fund.

Private Equity Funds consist of approximately 33 investments in limited partnerships. The private equity investments span the venture capital, growth equity, fund of funds, energy and buyout strategies. Private equity is considered an illiquid investment strategy as funds generally have a life span of seven to 10 years. The nature of investments in this type is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using percent ownership of the NAV of the fund.

Private Debt Funds consist of 16 investments in limited partnerships. The private debt investments span direct lending, distressed, energy, mezzanine, mortgages, opportunistic and other strategies. Private debt is considered an illiquid investment strategy as funds generally have a life span of seven to 10 years. The nature of investments in this type is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using percent ownership of the NAV of the fund.

⁽B) - Redemption frequency for these assets are either monthly, quarterly, or decenial with several investment requiring 7-10 years.

⁽C) - Redemption frequency for these assets are either monthly, quarterly, or decennial, with several investments requiring 8-10 years.

Natural resource funds include 10 investments in limited partnerships in the energy and natural resources industries. Distributions are received as the partnerships liquidate the underlying assets.

Real Estate Funds consists of 11 investments in limited partnerships that invest in income producing equity securities of U.S and International real estate. Real estate is considered an illiquid investment strategy as funds generally have a life span of seven to 10 years. The nature of investments in this type is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. The fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using percent ownership of the NAV of the fund.

The Pension Plans of the Primary Government have separate investment policies that are set by each Pension Plan's Board of Trustees to assure overall diversification of investments. Custody of Plan assets is maintained at financial institutions selected by each Board, but the responsibility for selection of specific investments is delegated to appointed investment managers. The Policy seeks to achieve a long-term rate of return on investments, net of expenses that exceed benchmarks established by the investment committee and maintains sufficient income and liquidity to pay monthly retirement benefits. For the Police and Fire Pension Plans, the policy establishes a strategic target for asset allocation among equity securities (45%), fixed income (25%), real assets (10%), hedge funds (10%), and private equity (10%). For other Comprehensive and Supplemental Plans, the policy establishes a strategic target for asset allocation among equity securities (58%), fixed income (32%) and real estate (10%). The Plans are authorized to invest in U.S. Government securities, common and international stock, money market mutual funds, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and real estate. State statutes do not prohibit the Plans from participating in securities lending activities. All investments are valued at fair value. Fair value for investments in pooled separate accounts is determined using quoted market value or fair value as determined by valuation committees when quoted market value is not available. Assets of each Plan are held in separate trust funds. Within each trust, assets are held in custodial accounts for which the custodian makes no investment decisions. The investment policies allow the Plans' to invest in Alternative Investments which the Plans enter into under limited partnership agreements. The limited partnership determines the fair value of alternative investments when quoted market value is not available. The Plans use a third-party administrator to aid in the evaluation of the Alternative Investments.

The Prince George's County, Maryland Non-Pension Post-Employment Benefits Fund (the OPEB Trust Fund) was established during fiscal year 2008. In September 2010, the Board of Trustees established an investment policy to set forth the Trustees' investment objectives, policies, guidelines, monitoring and review procedures relating to the management and safekeeping of all assets of the OPEB Trust. The Fund's assets may be invested in domestic equity investments, convertible bonds, preferred stocks, US Government obligations, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, asset backed securities, agency guaranteed mortgage pass-through securities, low risk collateralized mortgage obligations, and international investments. American Depository Receipts (ADRs) and dual listed foreign stocks may be held by each domestic equity manager to a maximum of 10%.

(b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting the exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Primary Government's investment policy limits investments with maturities greater than one year to a calculation based on 50% of the average of the investment low point for the last three years. Investments made with unspent bond proceeds may not have a maturity greater than 3 years at time of purchase. At June 30, 2017, investments with maturities greater than one year at the time of purchase were 25.0% of the portfolio. The table below includes the Primary Government's fixed income holdings by investment type, fair value, and maturity:

Primary Government Investments (in thousands)

Investment Type		Fair Value	Less than 1 year			1 to 5		
U.S. Agency Securities	\$	153,410	\$	34,932	\$	118,478		
Certificates of Deposit		141,522		136,522		5,000		
Money Market Mutual Funds		14,127		14,127		-		
Local Government Investment Pool		316,372		316,372				
	\$	625,431	\$	501,953	\$	123,478		

The Pension Plans' policies limit the average maturity and duration of certain investments. The table below includes the Pension Plans' fixed income holdings by investment type, fair value, and maturity:

Pension Fund Investments (in thousands) (1)

Investment Type	Fair Value		Less tha	n 1 year	1 to 5	6 to 10	over 10
U.S. Government Securities	\$	12,602	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,602
U.S. Agency Securities		19,578		6,116	10,531	-	2,931
Municipal bonds		2,377		-	-	-	2,377
Corporate Bonds		29,764		-	12,020	12,684	5,060
Asset-Backed Securities		30,756		-	2,034	11,254	17,469
Short-Term Investments		32,125		32,125	-	-	-
	\$	127,202	\$	38,241	\$ 24,585	\$ 23,938	\$ 40,439

⁽¹⁾ Table does not include Common Stock, International Government Securities, Mutual Funds, or Real Estate Investment Trust investments, which do not have maturity dates.

(c) Credit Risk

Credit risk involves disclosing the credit quality of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized rating agencies. The Primary Government's investment policy prescribes the following credit quality standards. Bankers' acceptances and commercial paper must have a debt rating in the highest letter and numerical rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization as designated by the SEC. As of June 30, 2017, the primary government had investments in the following issuers with credit quality ratings as a percent of the total investments in debt securities:

As of June 30, 2017, the OPEB Plan had investments in the following issuers with credit quality ratings as a percentage of the total investments in debt securities:

OPEB FUND INVESTMENTS

CREDIT RISK

INVESTMENT TYPE	AMOUNT	M OODY'S	%	INVESTMENT TYPE	AMOUN	•	S&P	%
Money Market Funds	835	NR	1.53%	Money Market Funds	8	35 NR		1.53%
Commingled Trust Funds	53,609	NR	98.47%	Commingled Trust Funds	53,6	9 NR		98.47%
	\$ 54,444	=			\$ 54,4	14		

The Pension Plans' policies do not address credit quality, except a requirement that no more than 5% of investments can be committed to government sponsored entities unless they are AAA rated. During fiscal year 2017 the Plans' investments in government sponsored entities with ratings below AAA exceeded the 5% limit. As of June 30, 2017, the Plans had investments in the following issuers with credit quality ratings as a percentage of the total investments in debt securities:

Pension Fund Investments Credit Risk

Investment Type	-	\ mo unt	M oody's	%	Investment Type	A mo unt	S&P	%
U.S. Agency Securities	\$	17,027	Aaa	13.57%				
					U.S. Agency Securities	17,025	AA	13.57%
U.S. Agency Securities		2,551	NR	2.03%	U.S. Agency Securities	2,553	NR	2.03%
M unicipal bonds		1,201	Ваа	0.96%	M unicipal bonds	679	AAA	0.54%
M unicipal bonds		994	NR	0.79%	M unicipal bonds	792	AA	0.63%
M unicipal bonds		182	NR	0.15%	M unicipal bonds	906	NR	0.72%
Short-Term Investments		32,125	NR	25.61%	Short-Term Investments	32,125	NR	25.61%
Corporate Bonds		4,714	Aa	3.76%	Corporate Bonds	6,300	AA	5.02%
Corporate Bonds		18,186	Α	14.50%	Corporate Bonds	13,260	Α	10.57%
Corporate Bonds		3,419	Ваа	2.73%	Corporate Bonds	8,104	ВВВ	6.46%
Corporate Bonds		67	Caa	0.05%	Corporate Bonds	67	CCC	0.05%
Corporate Bonds		3,378	NR	2.69%	Corporate Bonds	2,033	NR	1.62%
International Government Securities		1,668	NR	1.33%	International Government Securities	1,668	NR	1.33%
					Real Estate Investment Trust	125	В	0.10%
Real Estate Investment Trust		9,194	NR	7.33%	Real Estate Investment Trust	9,069	NR	7.23%
Asset-Backed Securities		216	Aaa	0.17%				
Asset-Backed Securities		310	Α	0.25%	Asset-Backed Securities	310	Α	0.25%
Asset-Backed Securities		7,251	NR	5.78%	Asset-Backed Securities	7,467	NR	5.95%
				0.00%	Mortgage-Backed Securities	9	AA	0.01%
Mortgage-Backed Securities		22,979	NR	18.32%	Mortgage-Backed Securities	22,970	NR	18.3 1%
	\$	125,462	=			\$ 125,462	■	

(d) Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Pension Plans' investment in a single issuer. The Primary Government's investment policy establishes maximum percentages of the portfolio for an investment class. These percentages apply at the time the investment is purchased and may be overridden to satisfy liquidity requirements. The investment policy limits certain investments to less than 5% of total investments. The percentages are as follows:

Primary Government Investments

Investment Type Name	Maximum %
U.S. Government Securities	100%
U.S. Agency Securities	90%
Repurchase Agreements	80%
Certificates of Deposit and Time Deposits	80%
Bankers' Acceptances	50%
Commercial Paper	5%
Pooled Investments	100%
Municipal Securities and Municipal Money Market Mutual Funds	100%

The OPEB Plan had no investments that exceed 5% that are required to be reported.

The Pension Plan policy limits certain investments to less than 5% of total investments. The following investments represent over 5% of total investments with a single investor:

		Pens	sion Plans	
	<u>Police</u>	E	ire Service	<u>Other</u>
State Street /PIM CO				
Bond Fund	\$ 91,468,964	\$	40,791,072	\$ 42,202,766
Percentage	24.32%		23.65%	9.48%
State Street / Causway International				
Equity Fund	76,284,965		36,638,055	26,041,619
Percentage	20.28%		21.25%	5.85%
State Street / Dollar Senior Loan Offshore FD				
Alternative Investments	42,842,684		37,913,087	-
Percentage	11.39%		21.99%	-
State Street / SSGA S&P 500				
Equity Fund	60,635,296		25,677,905	-
Percentage	16.12%		14.89%	-
State Street / Ballie Gifford Funds				
Equity Fund	63,037,434		33,242,826	-
Percentage	16.76%		19.28%	-
State Street / Ajo Emerging Markets All CAP				
Alternative Investment	47,482,921		-	22,222,996
Percentage	12.62%		-	4.99%
State Street / Mondrian International Small				
Real Estate Investment Trust	-		-	22,274,756
Percentage	-		-	5.00%

(e) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County or the Plans will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Deposits include bank accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. Deposits at financial institutions were fully insured or collateralized at year-end.

Primary Government Cash and Investments Balances (in thousands)

as of June 30, 2017

Cash in Bank	\$ 14,632
Outstanding checks in zero balance accounts	(23,373)
Investments	 625,431
	\$ 616,690

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that securities are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the County or the Plans' name. As of June 30, 2017, there were no investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

(f) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The primary government's policy does not allow investments in foreign denominations. The Pension Plans' policy allows the Plans to invest in foreign currency denominations, but does not address foreign currency exposure. The table below lists the Plans' foreign currency exposure for fixed income and equity securities as of June 30, 2017.

Other Pension Fund Investments (in thousands)

Foreign Currency Exposure

		rixeu			
Local Currency	Equity	Income	Other	Total	%
Australian Dollar	3,010	-	231	3,241	0.33%
Canadian Dollar	2,583	58	6,838	9,479	0.95%
Danish Krone Euro Currency	948 10,672	1 100	- 2,584	949 13,356	0.10% 1.34%
Hong Kong Dollar	1,707	16	342	2,065	0.21%
Japenese Yen	7,602	113	-	7,715	0.78%
New Zealand Dollar	-	1	-	1	0.00%
Norwegian Krone	893	29	-	922	0.09%
Pound Sterling	6,005	6	-	6,011	0.60%
Singapore Dollar	250	95	-	345	0.03%
South Korean Won	2,323	-	-	2,323	0.23%
Swedish Krona	1,075	1	-	1,076	0.11%
Swish Franc	1,395	8		1,403	0.14%
Total Foreign Holdings	\$ 38,463	\$ 428	\$ 9,995	\$ 48,886	

(g) Securities Lending

The Board of Trustees for the Pension Plans authorizes the lending of securities to broker-dealers for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The collateral securities, letters of credit and cash are initially pledged at 100% of the market value of the securities lent and revalued daily to ensure that the collateral does not fall below 100%. The Plans are indemnified of credit risk as it relates to counterparty loan activity. The collateral securities and letters of credit cannot be sold or pledged unless the borrower defaults. As a result, such amounts have not been reported as assets and liabilities in the combined statement of plan net position of the Pension Trust Funds. Cash collateral is invested in the Plans' custodian's short-term investment pool, which at year-end had an average duration of 29 days and an average weighted maturity of 108 days. As of the date of the report the duration pool had an average duration of 23 days and an average weighted maturity of 3,187 days for USD collateral. The relationship between the maturities of the investment pool and the Plans' loans is affected by the maturities of the securities loans made by other entities that use the pool, which the Plans cannot determine. Securities lent for cash collateral are unclassified in the Combined Statement of Plan Net Position. Securities lent for securities or letters of credit collateral are classified according to the category of custodial risk for the collateral. The collateral held and the fair value of securities on loan as of June 30, 2017 totaled \$34,673,638 and \$33,845,817, respectively. Cash collateral held, amounting to \$21,849,257 is included as an asset and liability in the accompanying financial statements at year-end.

(h) Derivatives

The Investment Policy of the Pension Plans allows the plans to invest in certain derivatives in order to increase potential earnings and hedge against potential losses. In fiscal year 2017 the Plans invested directly in various derivatives including futures contracts, forward currency contacts, and rights. During the fiscal year, the plans had the following derivative instrument activity:

			Cha	anges in Fair		Fair	Value at
Investment Type	Notion	al Amount		Value	Classification	June	30, 2017
Rights	\$	9,400	\$	25,107	Common Stock	\$	7,505
Warrants		2,793		-	Common Stock		-
Total	\$	12,193	\$	25,107		\$	7,505

(5) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances for the Primary Government as of June 30, 2017 are as follows: Due from/to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Capital Projects	<u> </u>	309,500,000
	Stormwater		25,000,000
	Trust Fund - OPEB		1,125,000
		\$	335,625,000
Due from/to other entities:			
Receivable Entity	Payable Entity		<u>Amount</u>
Component Unit - Revenue Authority	Primary Government - General Fund	\$	10,181,942
Component Unit - Board of Education	Primary Government - Capital Projects Fund		38,416,036
Component Unit - Memorial Library	Primary Government - Capital Projects Fund		1,826,427
Component Unit - Community College	Primary Government - Capital Projects Fund		19,985,946
		\$	70,410,351
Primary Government - General Fund	Component Unit - Housing Authority	\$	4,979,032
Primary Government - General Fund	Component Unit - Community Television		450,000
Primary Government - General Fund	Component Unit - Revenue Authority		474,320
		\$	5,903,352

The balance due to the General Fund from other funds is the result of temporary borrowing to cover cash deficits. Amounts due from component units are related to risk management or other contractual agreements.

Interfund transfers for the Primary Government as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Transfers from/to other funds:

Transfers From	Transfers To	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	103,649,755
General Fund	Capital Projects	4,993,446
Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,268,577
		\$ 110,911,778

Transfers are to support contributions to grants, capital projects, and debt service.

(6) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

The State owes the Primary Government \$120,904,185 for its share of income tax collections. The other Primary Government amounts are primarily grant-related receivables. A summary of amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2017 is listed below:

,		State of Maryland	Federal <u>Government</u>	Other <u>Sources</u>	<u>Total</u>
Primary Government	\$	178,944,158	21,173,986	13,914,046	214,032,190
Component Units:					
Board of Education		19,731,164	11,633,046	10,490,513	41,854,723
Other Component Units	_	968,167	1,307,336	217,983	2,493,486
Total	_	20,699,331	12,940,382	10,708,496	44,348,209
Total Reporting Entity	\$_	199,643,489	34,114,368	24,622,542	258,380,399

(7) Capital Assets

(a) Governmental Activities

Changes in capital assets during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	Balance		Disposals and	Balance
	July 1, 2016	<u>Additions</u>	Completed Construction	June 30, 2017
Primary Government:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 103,107,571	2,921,624	-	106,029,195
Construction in progress	97,415,464	59,044,773	63,830,597	92,629,640
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	200,523,035	61,966,397	63,830,597	198,658,835
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	603,392,638	34,869,738	219,199	638,043,177
Equipment	193,050,418	16,057,462	7,781,207	201,326,673
Infrastructure	2,903,094,899	60,175,916	26,587,564	2,936,683,251
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	3,699,537,955	111,103,116	34,587,970	3,776,053,101
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	162,280,092	12,620,029	217,007	174,683,114
Equipment	152,201,848	16,857,564	7,720,234	161,339,178
Infrastructure	1,220,193,075	50,128,143	3,806,137	1,266,515,081
Total accumulated depreciation	1,534,675,015	79,605,736	11,743,378	1,602,537,373
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,164,862,940	31,497,380	22,844,592	2,173,515,728
Governmental activities capital assets	\$ 2,365,385,975	93,463,777	86,675,189	2,372,174,563

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 14,125,237
Public safety	15,941,977
Environmental	342,599
Health and Human Services	\$ 434,957
Infrastructure and Development	48,610,918
Capital assets being held by internal service funds are charged to the various functions	
based on their usage of the assets	150,047
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 79,605,736

Construction of capital assets in progress for the Primary Government at June 30, 2017, exclusive of Proprietary Fund assets and improvements not capitalized, is as follows:

		Е	xpended through
	Project No.		June 30, 2017
Training/Administration Headquarters	3.50.0006	\$	35,043,084
Records Managewment System	8.31.0001		7,984,935
Blight Eradication Program	4.66.0007		611,153
Other public facilities	Various		3,106,653
Other library projects	Various		4,684,250
Public safety projects	Various		14,574,353
Other road and bridge projects	Various	_	26,625,212
Total Primary Government		\$	92,629,640

(b) Business-type Activities

Changes in capital assets during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

		Balance		Disposals and	Balance
		<u>July 1, 2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Completed Construction	June 30, 2017
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land/Land Infrastructure	\$	27,044,477	28,500	-	27,072,977
Construction in progress	_	133,520,195	52,635,881	1,469,465	184,686,611
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	_	160,564,672	52,664,381	1,469,465	211,759,588
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		34,621,730	-	-	34,621,730
Equipment and vehicles		25,671,532	941,324	941,981	25,670,875
Landfill property in service		121,336,027	-	-	121,336,027
Stormwater property in service	_	198,098,975	1,440,965		199,539,940
Total capital assets being depreciated:	_	379,728,264	2,382,289	941,981	381,168,572
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements		16,943,734	858,947	-	17,802,681
Equipment and vehicles		21,907,369	1,775,018	941,981	22,740,406
Landfill property in service		109,723,403	4,934,344	-	114,657,747
Stormwater property in service	_	60,919,681	4,379,064		65,298,745
Total accumulated depreciation		209,494,187	11,947,373	941,981	220,499,579
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	170,234,077	(9,565,084)		160,668,993
Business-type activities capital assets	\$ <u></u>	330,798,749	43,099,297	1,469,465	372,428,581

Depreciation expense was charged to functions / programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Solid Waste Fund	\$ 7,370,230
Stormwater Management Fund	4,577,143
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 11,947,373

As of June 30, 2017, construction requisitions outstanding for governmental and proprietary funds of the Primary Government totaled approximately \$4.7 million and \$19.0 million, respectively.

Changes in capital assets for the Stormwater Management Fund during 2017 were as follows:

			Balance		Disposals and	Balance
			July 1, 2016	<u>Additions</u>	Completed Construction	June 30, 2017
Capitala	assets, not being depreciated:					
	and Infrastructure	\$	15,738,396	28,500	-	15,766,896
	ction in progress	_	101,027,722	50,277,022	1,469,465	149,835,279
Т	Total capital assets, not being depreciated:		116,766,118	50,305,522	1,469,465	165,602,175
Capitala	assets, being depreciated:					
E	Buildings and improvements		242,525	-	-	242,525
E	Equipment and vehicles		4,038,582	-	-	4,038,582
5	Stormwater property in service		198,098,975	1,440,965_		199,539,940
Т	Fotal capital assets being depreciated:		202,380,082	1,440,965	- -	203,821,047
Less acc	cumulated depreciation for:					
E	Buildings and improvements		242,525	-	-	242,525
E	Equipment and vehicles		3,770,233	198,079	-	3,968,312
5	Stormwater property in service		60,919,681	4,379,064		65,298,745
Т	Fotal accumulated depreciation		64,932,439	4,577,143	<u> </u>	69,509,582
Т	Fotal capital assets being depreciated, net	_	137,447,643	(3,136,178)	<u> </u>	134,311,465
8	Stormwater Management Fund capital assets	\$	254,213,761	47,169,344	1,469,465	299,913,640
Change	s in capital assets for the Solid Waste Fund during 20	17 were a	s follows:			
			Balance		Disposals and	Balance
			July 1, 2016	Additions	Completed Construction	June 30, 2017
Capitala	assets, not being depreciated:		• .		•	
Land		\$	11,306,081	-	-	11,306,081
Construc	ction in progress		32,492,473	2,358,859		34,851,332
Т	Fotal capital assets, not being depreciated:		43,798,554	2,358,859	<u> </u>	46,157,413
	assets, being depreciated:					
	Buildings and improvements		34,379,205	-	-	34,379,205
	Equipment and vehicles		21,632,950	941,324	941,981	21,632,293
	andfill property in service		121,336,027		<u> </u>	121,336,027
T	Total capital assets being depreciated:		177,348,182	941,324	941,981	177,347,525
Lessaco	cumulated depreciation for:					
E	Buildings and improvements		16,701,209	858,947	-	17,560,156
E	Equipment and vehicles		18,137,136	1,576,939	941,981	18,772,094
L	andfill property in service		109,723,403	4,934,344_		114,657,747
Т	Fotal accumulated depreciation	_	144,561,748	7,370,230	941,981	150,989,997
Т	Fotal capital assets being depreciated, net		32,786,434	(6,428,906)	<u> </u>	26,357,528
8	Solid Waste Fund capital assets	\$	76,584,988	(4,070,047)	<u> </u>	72,514,941

Construction in progress in the enterprise funds as of June 30, 2017 consists of the following:

Prir	mary Government - Business-type Activities:		
0	Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund		
	- Stormdrain Relief Program (5.54.0005)	\$	18,969,647
	- Water Quality Control Facility (5.54.0006)		718,190
	- Anacostia Retrofit (5.54.0008)		3,424,261
	- Street Tree Removal & REplacement (5.66.0001)		726,744
	- Stormw ater Management Restoration (5.66.0002)		20,007,098
	- Watershed Implementation Plan II (5.54.0017)		12,056,059
	- Major Reconstruction – DPWT (5.54.0011)		36,981,150
	- Clean Water Partnership/NPDES (5.54.0018)		32,928,717
	- COE Anacostia Restoration (5.54.0012)		5,372,376
	- MS4/NPDES Compliance & Restoration (5.54.0019)		7,474,219
	- Bladensburg Environmental Revitalization (5.54.0013)		6,866,210
	- Other miscellaneous projects	_	4,310,608
			149,835,279
0	Solid Waste Enterprise Fund		
	- Brown Station Landfill Expansion (5.54.0001)		13,807,923
	- Rural Convenience Center (5.54.0002)		318,703
	- Sandy Hill Landfill Expansion (5.54.0003)		19,804,980
	- Commercial Manufacturer/Waste Transfer Station (5.54.0004)	_	919,726
		_	34,851,332
	Total Primary Government - Business-type Activites	\$	184,686,611

(c) Component Units Capital Assets Activity

Changes in Board of Education capital assets during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

July 1,2016 Additions. Co	ompleted Construction	June 30, 2017
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		
•		
Land \$ 23,619,039 -	-	23,619,039
Construction in progress 116,241,318 103,800,416	61,698,030	158,343,704
Total capital assets, not being depreciated: 139,860,357 103,800,416	61,698,030	181,962,743
Capital assets, being depreciated:		
Buildings and improvements 1,817,349,663 71,412,105	10,548,156	1,878,213,612
Equipment and vehicles 191,256,892 21,008,614	21,495	212,244,011
Total capital assets, being depreciated: 2,008,606,555 92,420,719	10,569,651	2,090,457,623
Less accumulated depreciation for:		
Buildings and improvements 759,298,596 56,615,652	10,491,387	805,422,861
Equipment and vehicles 98,340,501 14,642,475	21,495	112,961,481
Total accumulated depreciation 857,639,097 71,258,127	10,512,882	918,384,342
10 tal accumulated acproduction	10,0 12,002	0 10,00 1,0 12
Total capital assets being, depreciated, net 1,150,967,458 21,162,592	56,769	1,172,073,281
Component units - Board of Education capital assets \$ 1,290,827,815	61,754,799	1,354,036,024
Changes in other component units' capital assets during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:		
Balance	Disposals and	Balance
July 1.2016 Additions Co	ompleted Construction	June 30, 2017
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		
Land \$ 69,741,150 12,010,245	5,169,531	76,581,864
Construction in progress 22,924,641 51,786,641	11,752,689	62,958,593
Total capital assets, not being depreciated: 92,665,791 63,796,886	16,922,220	139,540,457
Capital assets, being depreciated:		
Buildings and improvements 294,215,605 1,906,364	(5,881,660)	302,003,629
Equipment and vehicles 57,710,931 2,312,002	1,664,777	58,358,156
Total capital assets, being depreciated: 351,926,536 4,218,366	(4,216,883)	360,361,785
Less accumulated depreciation for:		
Buildings and improvements 113,845,025 8,325,336	1,350,566	120,819,795
Equipment and vehicles 42,431,479 6,880,473	2,181,440	47,130,512
Total accumulated depreciation 156,276,504 15,205,809	3,532,006	167,950,307
Total capital assets being, depreciated, net 195,650,032 (10,987,443)	(7,748,889)	192,411,478
Other component units - capital assets \$ 288,315,823 52,809,443	9,173,331	331,951,935

(8) Risk Management

Details of estimated liabilities on pending claims, by fund, at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Risk Management <u>Pools</u>	Other <u>Self-Insurance</u>	<u>Total</u>
Primary Government:			
Internal Service Funds:			
Unemployment Compensation	\$ -	\$ 154,278	\$ 154,278
Property Loss	71,760	-	71,760
Automobile Liability	3,324,594	-	3,324,594
Workers' Compensation	147,502,179	-	147,502,179
General Liability	11,411,064	-	11,411,064
Life and Health Benefits		13,730,031	13,730,031
Total Primary Government	\$ 162,309,597	\$ 13,884,309	\$176,193,906

The Primary Government, together with the Board of Education, the Board of Trustees for Prince George's Community College, and the Board of Trustees of Prince George's County Memorial Library are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County maintains various pooled risk management Internal Service Funds (comprised of the above-mentioned members) to account for and finance its uninsured losses. Under this program, the County is an approved self-insurer by the State of Maryland, and as such, is subject to provide coverage according to State mandatory limits of \$500,000 per injury. Property coverage is self-insured for \$250,000 per incident with excess insurance above this level provided by American International Group, Inc. (AIG), which includes replacement values of both structures and contents. Liability coverage is self-insured. The County has a liability limit under the State Tort Claims Act of \$400,000 per person not to exceed \$800,000 per incident for all participants with the exception of the Board of Education, which retains immunity at \$400,000 per incident. These limits do not apply to claims brought under Federal jurisdiction.

Participants of the risk management pools normally make contributions based upon prior experience with evaluations conducted annually by an actuary. In fiscal year 2017, the Primary Government made contributions amounting to \$48,702,262. The actuarially computed claims liability has been discounted at a rate of .5 percent, based on the pool's investment yield rate and current economic conditions. There were no settlements in excess of the insurance coverage in any of the three prior fiscal years.

The total claims liability of \$162,309,597 reported for the risk management pools at June 30, 2017 is based upon the requirements of GAAP, which requires that a liability for claims be recognized if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, including claims incurred but not reported. The liability estimates are supported by an independent actuarial review made as of June 30, 2017. The funds do not utilize annuity contracts from commercial insurers; therefore, all known liabilities have been disclosed during this reporting period. Changes in the funds' claims liability amounts in fiscal years 2016 and 2017 were as follows:

	Baland	ce at Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Cla	aim Payments	Balance at End of Fiscal Year	
Fiscal year 2016	\$	145,700,806	\$	59,186,751	\$	(43,916,420)	\$	160,971,137
Fiscal year 2017		160,971,137		52,249,029		(50,910,569)		162,309,597

The following is a summary of the fiscal year 2017 claims expense by fund:

	Total Claim <u>Payments</u>	Liability on Pending Claims <u>Adjustment</u>	Total Claims <u>Expenses</u>	
Property Loss Fund	\$ 204,342	\$ (501,435)	\$ (297,093)	
Auto Liability Fund	1,809,907	723,152	2,533,059	
Workers' Compensation Fund	39,955,599	6,221,125	46,176,724	
General Liability Fund	8,940,721	(5,104,382)	3,836,339	
	\$ 50,910,569	\$ 1,338,460	\$ 52,249,029	

The Primary Government maintains separate Internal Service Funds for unemployment compensation and life and health benefits. An independent actuary is not involved in evaluating contribution levels and estimated claims for the Unemployment Compensation or Life and Health Benefits Internal Service Funds. Changes in these funds' claims liability amount in fiscal years 2016 and 2017 were as follows:

	Balance at Beginning <u>of Fiscal Year</u>	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	<u>Claim Payments</u>	Balance at End of Fiscal Year
Fiscal year 2016	\$12,795,561	\$56,686,500	\$(55,561,192)	\$13,920,869
Fiscal year 2017	13,920,869	55,461,115	(55,497,675)	13,884,309

(9) Pension Plans

(a) Primary Government

Employees of the Primary Government participate in the following pension plans:

The majority of employees participate in the statewide local government retirement system pension plan listed below. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS)], in accordance with Article 73B of the annotated Code of Maryland.

Employees Retirement and Pension System of Maryland

Public safety employees of the Primary Government may participate in the following single-employer, defined benefit pension plans:

- Police Pension Plan
- Fire Service Pension Plan
- Deputy Sheriffs' Comprehensive Pension Plan
- Correctional Officers' Comprehensive Pension Plan

Qualified employees can also supplement the State Retirement and Pension System plan with one of the following single-employer, defined benefit "Supplemental Plans":

- Deputy Sheriffs' Supplemental Pension Plan
- Correctional Officers' Association Supplemental Pension Plan
- AFSCME Local 241 (Crossing Guards) Supplemental Pension Plan
- AFSCME Local 2462, and 2735 Supplemental Pension Plan
- General Schedule Employees Supplemental Pension Plan
- Fire Civilian Supplemental Pension Plan
- Police Civilian Supplemental Pension Plan

(i) Plans Administered by the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (MSRPS) - [Multiple-employer, Cost-sharing, Defined Benefit Pension Plans]

Qualified full-time and permanent part-time general service employees and officers of the Primary Government participate in the statewide Retirement System or Pension System plans administered by the MSRPS. Effective June 1, 1984, employees who were members of a Retirement System on December 31, 1979, could elect to join a Pension System or remain in a Retirement System. All employees hired on or after January 1, 1980, are required to join the Pension System. All MSRPS plans have provisions for early retirement, death, and disability benefits.

Article 73B of the Annotated Code of Maryland assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit and contribution provisions to SRPS' Board of Trustees. MSRPS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information on the Plans. Requests for copies of annual financial reports should be addressed to MSRPS' administrative offices located at 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202, or can be made by telephoning (410) 625-5555 or 1-800-492-5909.

Participants of the Pension System plan contribute 5% of earnings above the Social Security wage base and may retire with full benefits after 30 years of service regardless of age or at age 62 or older with specified years of service. Retirement benefits are based on the participant's highest average annual compensation during any 3 consecutive years of credited service.

Participants of the Retirement System plan contribute 7% of annual compensation and upon retirement are entitled to unlimited cost-of-living adjustments, or contribute 5% of annual compensation and upon retiring are limited to 5% cost-of living increases annually. Retirement System participants may retire with full benefits after attaining age 60, or after completing 30 years of service, regardless of age. Annual retirement benefits are equal to 1/55 of the average of the participant's three highest years of annual compensation, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. The Primary Government made the actuarially required contributions of \$12,613,132 for fiscal year 2017.

(ii) Police, Fire Service, Deputy Sheriff's, Correctional Officers', and Supplemental Pension Plans [Single-Employer, Defined Benefit Pension Plans]

Plan Descriptions

The Primary Government has adopted the Police Pension Plan, Fire Service Pension Plan, Deputy Sheriff's Comprehensive Pension Plan, Correctional Officers' Comprehensive Pension Plan, Deputy Sheriff's Supplemental Pension Plan, Correctional Officers' Association Supplemental Pension Plan, AFSCME Local 241 (Crossing Guards) Supplemental Pension Plan, AFSCME Locals 1691, 2462, and 2735 Supplemental Pension Plan, General Schedule Employees Supplemental Pension Plan, Fire Civilian Supplemental Pension Plan, and Police Civilian Supplemental Pension Plan. The Pension Plans provide retirement and disability benefits for all full-time employees. Administrative, investment, and member benefit service responsibilities are provided by a separate Board of Trustees for each Plan. Such Trustees have the authority to amend benefit provisions and contribution requirements. Currently, each Plan has the same Retirement Administrator, who is an employee of the Primary Government.

Normal retirement is at age 55 or after 20 years of service for firefighters, paramedics, deputy sheriffs and correctional officers under the Comprehensive Plans. Police officers hired after June 30, 2017 are eligible to retired with 25 years of services. For AFSCME Local 241 (Crossing Guards), AFSCME Locals 2462 and 2735, general schedule employees, and deputy sheriffs under the supplemental plan, normal retirement age is the earliest of age 62 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 15 years of service, any age with 30 years of service, or 25 years of service for deputy sheriff's. For correctional officers under the supplemental plan, normal retirement is the earliest of age 60 or 25 years of County service. Retirement benefits are calculated as a percentage of average compensation, with such percentage determined by length of credited service up to a maximum of 85% for 30 years of service for police officers, firefighters, paramedics, deputy sheriffs, and correctional officers under the Comprehensive Plans. For general schedule, fire civilian employees, AFSCME Locals 2462, and 2735, and police civilian employees the maximum retirement benefit is 30% for 30 years of service, 22.5% for 30 years of service for AFSCME Local 241 (crossing quards), 36% for 30 years of service for deputy sheriff's, and 38.75% for 30 years of service for correctional officers under the Supplemental Plans.

The Pension Plans are classified by the Primary Government as Pension Trust Funds and separate financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses, benefits, and refunds are recognized when corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments of the pension funds, represented by equity in pooled pension trust funds and cash and investments are carried at market value (or at a fair value when a quoted market value is not available) as reported by the investment managers. Complete separate financial statements may be obtained at the following address: Prince George's County Office of Personnel, 1400 McCormick Drive, Room 110, Largo, Maryland 20774.

Funding Policy

Contributions to the Plans for 2017 were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements computed through an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2015. The Primary Government's fiscal year 2017 total payroll was \$536,044,045. Employee contribution rates are determined by collective-bargaining agreements or by the Board of Trustees for each Plan. Participant contributions are included in the plan assets and are 100% vested with the employee. Upon termination of employment, a participant may elect to receive a refund of contributions; if there has been at least five years of credited service, the participant may instead elect a retirement annuity upon attaining retirement age. Participants begin vesting in employer contributions after 5 years of credited service.

The contribution rates as a percentage of covered payrolls during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017					
	Employee	Employer				
	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Rates</u>				
Comprehensive Plans:						
Police	6.00 %	49.17 %				
Fire Service	6.00	63.80				
Deputy Sheriff's	10.00	43.04				
Correctional Officers'	12.00	35.78				
Supplemental Plans:						
Deputy Sheriff's	5.20	\$ 809,300 *				
Correctional Officers'	5.75	42.03				
Crossing Guards	3.96	5.04				
AFSCME	1.31	5.97				
General Schedule	3.06	6.82				
Fire Civilian	4.43	11.39				
Police Civilian	3.52	4.47				

^{*}Employer contribution is a dollar amount.

For the Police Pension Plan, officers hired on or before July 1, 2013, contribute 9% for the first five years, 8% for the second five years an 6% thereafter. Officers hired after July 1, 2013, contribute 9% of pay. For the Fire Service Pension Plan, members hired before July 1, 2008, contribute 6% of basic compensation and members hired on or after July 1, 2008, contribute 10% of basic compensation. For the Deputy Sheriffs' Pension Plan, 10% of base pay (11% of base pay for employees hired on or after July 1, 2005). For the correctional Officers Pension Plan, 12% of base pay (13% of base pay for officers hired on or after July 1, 1995).

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$161,881,386 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the MSRPS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by and actuarial valuation as of that date. As of June 30, 2017, the County's proportionate share was 0.686%.

At June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$1,354,235,304 for its other County Plans. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information shown in this report are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2016. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2017 using generally accepted actuarial principles.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$209,657,419.

	Net Pension Liability		_	⊃en	sion Expense
Proportionate share of MSRPS	\$	161,881,386		\$	19,645,847
County Plans					
Comprehensive Plans:					
Police		672,419,365			92,727,362
Fire Service		405,314,480			56,128,375
Deputy Sheriff's		65,356,838			9,628,393
Correctional Officers'		111,415,613			15,021,638
Supplemental Plans:					
Deputy Sheriff's		5,131,707			500,411
Correctional Officers'		1,239,294			51,324
Crossing Guards		549,665			75,396
AFSCME		18,381,177			4,371,683
General Schedule		60,365,216			9,431,473
Fire Civilian		5,183,342			664,157
Police Civilian		8,878,607	_		1,411,360
Total	\$	1,516,116,690	_	\$	209,657,419

The County's change in total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as (in thousands) follows:

	Total Pension Liability		Plan	Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
		(A)		(B)		(A)- (B)
Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$	3,028,979	\$	1,645,814	\$	1,383,165
Service Cost		70,800		-		70,800
Interest		223,315		-		223,315
Differences between expected and actual experience		(27,438)		-		(27,438)
Contributions-employer		=		129,683		(129,683)
Contributions-employee		=		23,124		(23,124)
Net Investment		=		144,711		(144,711)
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(175,589)		(175,589)		-
Administrative expenses		=_		(1,911)		1,911
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$	3,120,067	\$	1,765,832	\$	1,354,235

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Changes in assumptions				
Proportionate share of MSRPS	\$	8,580,626	-	
Changes in proportions				
Proportionate share of MSRPS		3,708,909	7,117,322	
Difference between expected and actuarial experience				
Comprehensive Plans:				
Proportionate share of MSRPS		1,822,345	4,238,889	
Police		3,505,609	10,640,611	
Fire Service		12,588,802	10,704,706	
Deputy Sheriff's		1,225,965	574,602	
Correctional Officers'		4,529,047	4,079,825	
Supplemental Plans:				
Crossing Guards		-	46,739	
AFSCME		-	3,922,053	
General Schedule		1,735,625	2,252,591	
Fire Civilian		189,925	49,481	
Police Civilian		217,734	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on p	oension p	lan investments		
Proportionate share of MSRPS		26,064,323	6,760,346	
Comprehensive Plans:				
Police		64,019,822	11,213,538	
Fire Service		29,143,460	5,877,348	
Deputy Sheriff's		3,975,517	4,906	
Correctional Officers'		7,324,464	60,273	
Supplemental Plans:				
Deputy Sheriff's		244,739	4,942	
Correctional Officers'		504,566	20,740	
Crossing Guards		83,754	9	
AFSCME		5,221,493	191,506	
General Schedule		8,165,356	315,888	
Fire Civilian		473,807	9,254	
Police Civilian		1,330,857	49,286	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement				
Proportionate share of MSRPS		12,613,132	<u> </u>	
	\$	197,269,877	\$ 68,134,855	

The \$12,613,132 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended					
June 30	MSRPS			Other Plans	Total
2018	\$	5,746,418		39,991,212	45,737,630
2019		5,746,418		40,013,515	45,759,933
2020	7,849,193		7,849,193 2		34,239,446
2021		4,222,447		(7,814,943)	(3,592,496)
2022		(1,504,830)		(3,215,562)	(4,720,392)
Thereafter		-		(902,234)	(902,234)
Total	\$	22,059,646		94,462,241	116,521,887

Actuarially Assumptions

The total pension liability in the actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	MSRPS Plan		County Plans			
Valuation Date	June 30, 2016	Valuation Date	July 1, 2016			
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	Measurement Date	June 30, 2017			
Inflation	2.70% general, 3.20% Payroll growth rate	Inflation	2.75% general, 3.00% Payroll growth rate			
Salary Increases	3.30% - 9.20%, inflation	Salary Increases	1.00% - 7.00%			
Investment Rate of Return	7.55%	Investment Rate of Return	7.50%			
	s that are specific to the type of eligibility e 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience I.	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2008-2013.				
RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mo	ortality Table projected to the year 2025	RP 2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 0.75 for males and 1.10 for females for non-disabled annuitants and 1.00 and 1.35 $$				
	during the year. Adjustments to roll forward ne following assumption changes in the 2016	For the Police Pension Plan, the following death benefit provisions have been added: (1) Effective January 1, 2016, the surviving spouse of a participant who died while an active employee on or before November 30, 2002, will receive a monthly annuity equal to \$1000 per m0nth payable for the spouse's remaining lifetime. (2) Effective July 1, 2016, the surviving spouse of a participant who died while an active employee with 15 or more years of service and did not meet normal retirement eligibility conditions will receive a 50 percent contingent annuitant benefit.				
Investment rate of return chan Inflation assumption changed f	5	The total pension liability was ro to the measurement date.	bled forward from the actuarial valuation date			

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments are determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are presented in the table below:

MSRPS				Police and Fi	re Service Plans	•	ensive and Supplemetal Plans
		Long-Term Expected			Long-Term Expected		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	37.00%	6.60%	Hedge Funds	10.00%	3.75%	10.00%	3.75%
Rate Sensitive	20.00%	1.30%	Private Equity	10.00%	8.75%	10.00%	8.75%
Credit Opportunity	9.00%	4.20%	Real Assets	10.00%	7.75%	10.00%	7.75%
Absolute Return	9.00%	3.70%	TIPS	5.00%	1.50%	4.00%	1.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.40%	High Yield	5.00%	3.50%	4.00%	3.50%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.70%	Core/Core Fixed Income	15.00%	2.50%	19.00%	2.25%
			Emerging Market	4.50%	8.00%	4.50%	8.00%
			International Developed	18.00%	6.05%	17.00%	6.05%
			Domestic Small Cap	4.50%	5.75%	4.50%	5.75%
			Domestic Large Cap	18.00%	5.50%	17.00%	5.50%

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the money-weighted weight of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, for the MSRPS was 1.10%. For the year ended June 30, 2017 the money-weighted weight of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, for the Police, Fire Service, and Other Comprehensive and Supplemental Plans was 14.18%, 13.90%, and 12.36% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

Single discount rates of 7.55% and 7.5% were used to measure the total pension liability for the MSRPS and Other County Plans, respectively. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 and 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using single discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

Current Single Discount Rate

Plan	(SDR) Assumption	1% Decrease	SDR	1% Increase
MSRPS	7.55%	\$ 222,358,119	\$ 161,881,386	\$ 111,555,677
Police	7.50%	856,934,013	672,419,365	518,885,246
Fire Service	7.50%	502,403,623	405,314,480	324,534,542
Deputy Sheriffs' Comprehensive	7.50%	81,050,907	65,356,838	52,218,102
Correctional Officers' Comprehensive	7.50%	140,334,139	111,415,613	87,326,140
Deputy Sheriffs' Supplemental	7.50%	5,996,052	5,131,707	4,391,747
Correctional Officers' Supplemental	7.50%	2,244,064	1,239,294	385,949
Crossing Guards	7.50%	718,993	549,665	400,828
AFSCME	7.50%	29,823,947	18,381,177	8,655,179
General Schedule	7.50%	80,476,874	60,365,216	43,198,921
Fire Civilian	7.50%	6,514,434	5,183,342	4,046,776
Police Civilian	7.50%	12,519,519	8,878,607	5,833,715
		\$ 1,941,374,684	\$ 1,516,116,690	\$ 1,161,432,822

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's net position is available in the separately issued financial reports. The MSRPS plan may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.sra.maryland.gov/Agency/Downloads/CAFR/; by writing to the MSRPS at 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202; or by calling (410)- 625-5555 or 1-800-492-5909. The County's other reports may be obtained by contain the Prince George's County Office of Personnel at 1400 McCormick Drive, Room 110, Largo, Maryland 20774.

(b) Component Units

Generally, all employees of the Board of Education, the Housing Authority, the Community College, the Memorial Library, and certain employees of the PGCT participate in one of the statewide Employee's Retirement and Pension Systems or Teacher's Retirement and Pension Systems. Information covering the Housing Authority and PGCT is included with the Primary Government because those individuals are also employees of the Primary Government. Separate financial statements prepared for the Board of Education, Memorial Library, and Community College, are available to the general public [see note 1(a)], and reflect detailed information relevant to their participation in MSRPS. Review of these financial statements indicates the Component Units individually met the actuarially determined contribution requirements for fiscal years 2017, 2016, and 2015. Additional MSRPS information is included in the table below:

	Board of Education	Community College	M emo rial Library
Proportionate share of M SRPS	0.87440%	0.01930%	0.01050%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 206,301,992	\$ 4,551,004	\$ 2,484,638
Pension Expense	13,016,979	572,232	697,537
Deferred Outflows	68,735,635	1,643,455	94,732
Deferred Inflows	6,588,583	554,643	161,393

The State of Maryland is required to contribute certain amounts to the Teacher's Retirement and Pension Systems on behalf of the Board of Education, Community College, and Memorial Library. Such contributions, made by the State on behalf of these Component Units during fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$113,081,815, \$5,573,425 and \$2,015,435, respectively, and are reflected in the Component Units' financial statements.

In addition to the statewide plans mentioned above, the Community College also offers to its employees two single-employer, defined contribution pension plans. The State of Maryland made "on behalf" employer contributions totaling \$865,412 to these plans during fiscal year 2017. The Revenue Authority established a single-employer, defined contribution pension plan for its employees on July 1, 1987. Detailed information concerning these plans may also be obtained from the separately issued financial reports of these Component Units.

(10) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

(a) Plan Description

In addition to providing pension plan benefits, the County also extends certain health care and life insurance benefits to retired persons (the Plan). The legal authority for providing these benefits was established by the County Council, Executive Orders 42-1980 and 43A-1980, "Continuation of Life and Health Benefits at Retirement", and certain collective bargaining agreements form the legal basis for providing such benefits to retirees of the Primary Government. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit health care plan. Effective June 25, 2008, the County established the Prince George's County, Maryland Non-Pension Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to hold all contributions made by the County together with any income, gains or profits and taking into account any losses. A description of the types of benefits and eligibility requirements is summarized below:

Medical Insurance

- All State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, Police, Fire Service, Correctional Officers' Comprehensive, and Deputy Sheriffs' Comprehensive Pension Plan retirees who are enrolled in a qualified plan at the time of retirement may continue this benefit.

Life Insurance

- Reduced coverage is available to all State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, Police, Fire Service, Correctional Officers' Comprehensive, and Deputy Sheriffs' Comprehensive Pension Plan retirees.

Vision Care and Prescription Drug Insurance

- The County pays premium costs of this benefit for Police, Fire Service, Correctional Officers' Comprehensive, and Deputy Sheriffs' Comprehensive Plan retirees. State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland retirees pay 100% of the monthly cost for vision care and 75% for prescription insurance. The County pays the remaining 25% of prescription coverage.

The Plan is classified by the Primary Government as a Trust Fund and separate financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Complete separate financial statements may be obtained at the following address: Prince George's County Office of Personnel, 1400 McCormick Drive, Room 110, Largo, Maryland 20774.

(b) Funding Policy

The County negotiates the contribution percentages between the County and the plan members through union contracts and personnel policy. A non-public safety and public safety retiree pays the same percentage of the premium contribution for the HMOs (20%), POS/PPO (25%), and dental (100%) plans. Non-public safety retirees pay 10% to 100% of the premium cost for each of the prescription and vision plans; whereas, the public safety retirees pay 1% to 10% of the premium contribution for each of the same two plans. The public safety group bargained these premium contributions for the retirees of this group during prior bargaining negotiations. The premium contribution share outlined above applies to a retiree who qualifies for retirement under their specified pension plan and is enrolled in the plans at the time of retirement. The County contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements with an additional amount to prefund benefits as approved in the annual budget. The County contributed \$35.7 million, during fiscal year 2017 for current employer premiums (approximately 68% of total premium contributions). Plan members contributed \$13.7 million (approximately 29% of total premium contributions) to the OPEB Plan.

(c) Annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Costs

Annual OPEB costs (AOC) are the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC) to the OPEB plan. The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) represents the difference between the AOC and the actual employer contributions. The County's AOC for fiscal year 2017 was \$121.6 million. Actual contributions for the fiscal year were \$37.2 million. The resulting change in NOPEBO of \$84.4 million along with the \$558.7 million NOPEBO from fiscal year 2017, results in a total NOPEBO at the end of the year of \$643.2 million. Three-year trend information for the County's AOC, percentage of AOC contributed to the plan, and net NOPEBO are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended	NOPEBO	 Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)					De	ecrease	N	OPEBO	Р	ercentage of		
<u>June 30</u>	beginning of year	ARC	Interest		Adjus	stment	Total		in N	<u>IOPEBO</u>	end of year		AC	OC Contributed
2017	\$ 558,748	\$ 121,978	\$	19,556	\$ (1	9,962)	\$	121,572	\$	(37,164)	\$	643,156		31%
2016	464,906	125,978		16,936	(1	7,287)		125,627		(31,785)		558,748		25%
2015	378,336	119,906		13,242	(*	13,517)		119,631		(33,061)		464,906		28%

(d) Funding Status and Funding Progress

The following is the funded status for the OPEB plan as of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date:

A ctuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		unded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)	
07/01/16	53,092	\$	1,736,989	\$	1,683,897	3.06%	\$ 536,044	314.13%	

(e) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefits costs between employers and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial assumptions used in the latest valuation are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date 07/01/2016

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit cost method

Discount rate 3.50% which is based on paygo funding

Salary Increases 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Health care trend rates		Initial	Ultimate
Medical/Prescription PRE-65	Active	7.67%	4.71%
	Kaiser	7.52%	4.77%
	НМО	7.70%	4.70%
	POS	7.67%	4.72%
Medical/Prescription 65+		Initial	Ultimate
	Active	8.36%	4.69%
	Kaiser	8.57%	4.76%
	НМО	8.39%	4.68%

POS

Vision and administrative expenses 5%

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Table fully generational projected using scale MP-2016

8.32%

Actuarial valuations of the OPEB Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of future events. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to revisions as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

4.69%

The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

(f) Component Units

The Housing Authority and the Memorial Library participate in the County's retiree life and health insurance benefit plan. Fiscal year 2017 employer contributions to the Plan by the Housing Authority and the Memorial Library were \$87,000 and \$370,988, respectively. The Board of Education and the Community College operate separate retiree benefit plans. The Board of Education paid employer contribution of \$116.7 million and recognized a NOPEBO of \$1.38 billion in fiscal year 2017. The Community College contributed \$5.3 million in employer contribution with an NOPEBO of \$0.5 million. Separate financial statements prepared for the Board of Education, Housing Authority, Memorial Library, and Community College, are available to the general public [see note 1(a)], and reflect detailed information relevant to their OPEB plans.

(g) Other Benefits - LOSAP

General Pension Information: Pension Plans Plan description: The Prince George's County Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) is a single-employer defined benefit retirement plan administered by Prince George's County, Maryland. The LOSAP was established and operates under the provisions of Prince George's County, MD Code Sec. 11-328. It was established in 1974 and last amended under CB-22-2014 effective July 1, 2014. Separate financial statements for the program are not issued.

Benefits provided: Under the LOSAP, participants become vested after 25 years of certified active service beginning at age 55. A volunteer at age 55 with less than 25 years' active service, who is disabled in the line of duty based on Workers Compensation determination (see Section 2.1.4) will receive benefits equal to the benefits of a qualified volunteer at age 55 and with 25 years of service. A death benefit equal to 50% of the volunteer's benefit is paid to the designated beneficiary. In addition, \$5,000 is paid to the designated beneficiary for burial expenses. Participants aged 55 years with 25 years of eligibility service are entitled to a normal retirement benefit. Effective January 1,1991, and thereafter volunteers and spouses receiving benefits under this Act shall receive a cost of living (COLA) increase. The monthly amount representing 1% of the current starting salary of a trainee cannot exceed \$770.25 based on limitations presented in the County Code. All benefits are paid from the Fire and Rescue Reserve Fund as they become due. This is an unfunded program; therefore, there are no assets in the program.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At July 1, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries				
currently receiving benefits	594			
Inactive plan members entitledto but not	121			
yet receiving benefits	121			
Active plan members	1,552			
	2,267			

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability of \$117,961,053 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date July 1, 2016

Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Discount Rate 2.85% for the measurement date as of June 30, 2016 / 3.56% as of June 30, 2017

Retirement Age 100 percent of the members are assumed to commence benefits at the earliest eligibility of:

1. Age 55 with 25 years of LOSAP service 2. Age 55 with 25 years of LOSAP service

Mortality RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, with 0.75 multiplier for male and 1.1 multiplier for female, sex-distinct for healthy annuitant.

RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Morality Table, with no multiplier for male and 1.35 multiplier for female, sex-distinct for annuitant disabled

mortality assumption.

RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Table, with 0.95 multiplier for male and 1.3 multiplier for female, sex-distinct for pre-retirement nonservice connected mortality. RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee Morality Table, with 0.10 multiplier for male and 0.13 multiplier for

female, sex-distinct for pre-retirement service connected mortality.

These mortality assumptions have an estimated margin of 10 percent for future mortality improvements based on the most recent experience study performed for the Prince Georges County Fire Service Pension Plan. Mortality rates for active members follow the

applicable tables above with a unisex mix of 65% male and 35% female.

Other information:

Notes Benefits are scheduled to increase from \$375 per month to \$400 per month to \$450 per month from fiscal year 2017 to 2018 to 2019

for volunteers with 25 years o af LOSAP service. These increased are reflected in the total pension liability. Effective December 13, 2017 additional changes will be made to the LOSAP benefits, these additional changes have not been reflected in the total pension

liability measures as of June 30, 2017.

Discount Rate

The discount rate at the beginning of the year is based on the rate as of June 30, 2016 from the Bond Buyer "20-Bond GO Index" general obligation, 20 years to maturity, mixed quality. In describing this index the Bond Buyer notes that the bonds' average credit quality is roughly equivalent to Moody's investors Service's rating and Standard and Poor's Corp.'s AA.

The rate at the end of the year is the fixed-income municipal bonds rate with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2017. In describing this index, fidelity notes that the municipal curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10.000 tax exempt securities.

Sensitivity of the Total Pension liability to a Singe Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using single discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	Current Single
	Discount Rate
(SDR) Assumption

	(SDR) Assumption	1% Decrease	SDR	1% Increase
Total Pension Liability	3.56%	\$ 137,577,693	\$ 117,961,053	\$ 102,705,226

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Т	Total Pension Liability			
		(A)			
Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$	130,863,314			
Service Cost		539,067			
Interest		3,685,363			
Assumption Changes		(13,460,974)			
Benefit Payments		(3,665,717)			
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$	117,961,053			

Pension plan fiduciary net position: There are no separately issued financial reports for the LOSAP.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized LOSAP pension expense of \$(7,383). The County reported deferred inflows resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Changes in assumptions	\$ (9,229,161)		
	\$ (9,229,161)		

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related LOSAP will be recognized as LOSAP pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 ered Outflows) of Resources
2018	\$ 4,231,813
2019	4,231,813
2020	765,535
Total	\$ 9,229,161

(11) Unavailable and Unearned Revenue

Unavailable revenue reported in the General and other Governmental Funds represents tax billings and other receivables not available at June 30, 2017 for funding of current operations. These amounts are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds. Unearned revenue in the Federal and State Aided Programs Fund represents the unexpended portion of funds received for various grants and unrealized revenue relating to notes receivable arising from the sale of property. The Enterprise Funds' unearned revenue represents billings or receipts for future services collected in advance. Unearned revenue in the Internal Service funds is a combination of premiums paid in advance for life and health benefits, and accumulated premium contributions of component units in excess of related risk management expenses. Unearned revenue reported in the Government-wide statements represents billings and receivables collected in advance related to items such as property tax deferrals and grant programs. The following is a summary of all primary government deferred and unearned revenue as of June 30, 2017:

	Unavailable		Unearned		 Total
General Fund					
Income Taxes Receivable	\$	4,547,446	\$	-	\$ 4,547,446
Propery Taxes Reveivable		-		-	-
Notes Receivable		1,365,893		15,483,213	16,849,106
Subtotal		5,913,339		15,483,213	21,396,552
Federal And State Aided Programs					
Grant Drawdowns in Excess of Expenditures		-		71,853,930	71,853,930
Internal Service Funds					
Receipt of Revenue prior to Service Provided		-		4,734,497	4,734,497
	\$	5,913,339	\$	92,071,640	\$ 97,984,979

12) Deferred Compensation Plans

The County offers its employees various Deferred Compensation Plans, which have been created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans permit employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseen emergency. All assets and income deferred by County plan participants are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries and are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

(13) <u>Long-term Liabilities</u>

(a) Outstanding Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of all primary government outstanding long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2017:

	Governm	ental Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total		
	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due in More Than One Year	Amounts Due Within One Year	More Than One Year	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due in More Than One Year	Total
Bonds payable							
General obligation bonds	\$ 97,765,000	1,096,198,805	10,070,000	160,171,195	107,835,000	1,256,370,000	1,364,205,000
Bond premium	-	99,187,505	<u>-</u>	6,192,861	-	105,380,366	105,380,366
Total bonds payable	97,765,000	1,195,386,310	10,070,000	166,364,056	107,835,000	1,361,750,366	1,469,585,366
Notes payable	5,703,000	49,515,480	896,582	5,296,866	6,599,582	54,812,346	61,411,928
Capital lease obligations	12,846,724	48,293,776	-	-	12,846,724	48,293,776	61,140,500
Estimated liabilities on pending claims	47,315,568	128,878,338	-	-	47,315,568	128,878,338	176,193,906
Compensated absences and termination benefits payable	47,156,093	27,833,966	2,312,048	-	49,468,141	27,833,966	77,302,107
Net pension liability	-	1,493,338,575	-	22,778,115	-	1,516,116,690	1,516,116,690
OPEB obligations	-	643,155,602	-	-	-	643,155,602	643,155,602
Net pension liability - LOSAP	-	117,961,053	-	-	-	117,961,053	117,961,053
Landfill closure / postclosure			1,342,223	89,153,198	1,342,223	89,153,198	90,495,421
Other long-term liabilities	113,021,385	2,508,976,790	4,550,853	117,228,179	117,572,238	2,626,204,969	2,743,777,207
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 210,786,385	3,704,363,100	14,620,853	283,592,235	225,407,238	3,987,955,335	4,213,362,573

(b) Bonded Debt Transactions

The following is a summary of bonded debt transactions of the primary government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance 7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2017
Governmental Activities				
General obligation bonds	1,286,868,805	=	(92,905,000)	1,193,963,805
Bond premium	122,925,719	=	(23,738,214)	99,187,505
Business Type Activities				
Solid Waste				
General obligation bonds	35,062,545	-	(1,920,000)	33,142,545
Bond premium	1,371,182	-	(297,721)	1,073,461
Stormwater				
General obligation bonds	144,978,650	-	(7,880,000)	137,098,650
Bond premium	6,420,256		(1,300,856)	5,119,400
Total bonded debt	1,597,627,157		(128,041,791)	1,469,585,366

The following is a summary of bonded debt transactions of the component for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

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General obligation bonds	46,245,000	28,000,000	(5,605,000)	68,640,000
Bond premium (discount)	161,313		(91,323)	69,990
Total bonded debt	46,406,313	28,000,000	(5,696,323)	68,709,990

(c) <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		Prima	ary Government							
_	Governmenta	l Activities		Business-t	ype Activities					
			So lid V	Vaste	Stormwater M	anagement		Compone	nt Units	<u>Total</u>
Year ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	
2018 \$	97,765,000	49,039,700	2,100,000	1,409,610	7,970,000	5,762,094	164,046,405	5,865,000	3,497,910	173,409,315
2019	99,610,000	44,714,032	2,110,000	1,313,385	8,345,000	5,370,594	161,463,011	6,230,000	3,213,929	170,906,940
2020	101,933,639	40,022,541	2,378,030	1,210,225	8,993,331	4,950,178	159,487,943	2,205,000	2,909,102	164,602,045
2021	103,421,033	35,223,597	2,370,627	1,099,939	8,978,339	4,514,719	155,608,254	2,350,000	2,799,230	160,757,484
2022	103,911,061	30,366,018	2,402,483	989,277	9,086,456	4,087,661	150,842,955	2,240,000	1,321,265	154,404,220
2023 - 2027	462,835,235	89,086,845	11,154,717	3,375,640	43,470,048	14,615,052	624,537,537	14,990,000	11,239,199	650,766,736
2028 - 2032	188,270,837	22,734,677	8,123,688	1,239,065	39,080,476	6,202,995	265,651,738	18,050,000	7,578,685	291,280,423
2033 - 2037	36,217,000	2,191,740	2,503,000	159,260	11,175,000	533,100	52,779,100	14,355,000	2,896,500	70,030,600
2038 - 2042	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			-	<u> </u>	-	2,355,000	11,775	2,366,775
\$	1,193,963,805	313,379,150	33,142,545	10,796,400	137,098,650	46,036,393	1,734,416,944	68,640,000	35,467,595	1,838,524,539

(d) Bonded Debt Details

Details of the County's long-term bonded debt at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Primary Government:	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Calendar Year Maturity Dates	Amount <u>Issued</u>	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Governmental Activities:				
General obligation bonds:				
2007A, 2007B, 2008, 2009A, 2009B CPI; 2009A TQSC, 2009B TESC; 2010 A/B; 2011 TQSC, 2011A/11B, 2013 A/B/C, 2014A/B, 2016A/B	1.615 - 6.05%	2036	\$ 2,022,556,805	\$ 1,193,963,805
Total governmental activities long-term bonded debt			\$ 2,022,556,805	\$ 1,193,963,805

Business-type Activities:	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Calendar Year <u>Maturity Dates</u>		Amount <u>Issued</u>		Amount Outstanding
2007A, 2007B, 2008, 2010 A/B, 2011A/B, 2013 A/B/C, 2014 A, 2016 B stormwater management - general obligation 2007B, 2008, 2009A and 2009B, 2010A/B, 2011A/B, 2013A/B/C, 2014A/B,	2.50 - 5.50%	2034	\$	179,728,650	\$	137,098,650
2016 A/B solid waste management system - general obligation	2.50 - 5.50%	2036	\$	104,697,545	\$	33,142,545
Total business-type activities long-term bonded debt Total primary government long-term bonded debt			\$ \$	284,426,195 2,306,983,000	\$ \$	170,241,195 1,364,205,000
Component Units:						
Revenue bonds:						
Revenue Authority - 2016 Special Obligation Bonds	4.375 - 5.00%	2038	\$	28,000,000	\$	28,000,000
Housing Authority - Capital Fund Securitization Revenue Bonds	2.0 - 4.55%	2023	\$	1,465,000	\$	595,000
Industrial Development Authority -						
2003A refunding lease revenue 2003B subordinated lease revenue 2009 taxable lease revenue bonds Total Component Units revenue bonds Total long-term bonded debt	2.0 - 5.125% 3.5 - 4.75% 0.64 - 6.169%	2019 2030 2030	\$	27,430,000 22,085,000 23,850,000 102,830,000 2,409,813,000	\$ \$	8,220,000 13,550,000 18,275,000 68,640,000 1,432,845,000

(e) Bond Authorizations

The County Charter requires that any borrowing to finance capital projects must be authorized by an enabling act of the General Assembly of Maryland or by an enabling act of the County Council. The County Council is required by the Charter to submit to voter referendum any act enabling the County to borrow money to finance capital projects, except for school construction bonds. In addition, the County Council is required by the Charter to adopt a bond authorization act before bonds may be issued. The amount of bonds enabled and authorized but not yet issued at June 30, 2017 is summarized as follows:

	Enabled Amount	Authorized and Unissued amount
Enabled by authority of the State of Maryland:		
Health	\$ 22,144,000	6,120,000
Roads, parking and mass transit	1,025,398,000	289,559,000
Public buildings	692,710,765	209,715,000
Public Safety	634,913,000	155,980,000
	\$ 2,375,165,765	661,374,000

The legal debt limit and margin at June 30, 2017 were \$5,697,761,199 and \$4,799,749,164 respectively. The County was in compliance with all significant bond covenants at June 30, 2017.

(f) Prior Period Defeasance of Debt

In prior periods, the County defeased or participated in the defeasance of certain long-term bonded debt. The proceeds of new bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments on the old debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the County's financial statements. A general description of the defeased debt and the amounts outstanding at June 30, 2017 follows:

- On December 15, 2004, the Primary Government issued \$141,130,000 of General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, 2004 Refunding Series A, B, C, D, E and F, dated December 1, 2004 to advance refund certain portions of the County's (i) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1996 (ii) General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1997A, (iii) General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1997A, (iii) General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1999A, (v) General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2001. Of the \$141,170,000 advance refunded bonds, \$8,490,000 are bonds of the Solid Waste Enterprise Funds. The remaining \$132,680,000 Refunded Bonds relate to governmental activities. At June 30, 2017, \$4,580,000 of the refunded bonds outstanding that mature in fiscal year 2018 are considered defeased.
- On June 21, 2007, the Primary Government issued \$80,735,000 of General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2007B, dated June 1, 2007 to (a) currently refund \$1,600,000 of certain maturities of the County's Unlimited Tax General Obligation Stormwater Management Bonds, Series 1997B and b) advance refund certain portions of the County's (i) Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1998, (ii) Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1999, (iii) Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2003A. Of the \$80,070,000 advance refunded bonds, \$7,960,000 are bonds of the Stormwater Enterprise Fund, \$2,710,000 are bonds of the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund and the remaining \$69,400,000 refunded bonds relate to governmental activities. At June 30, 2017, \$72,230,000 of the refunded bonds outstanding that mature in the years 2018 through 2024 are considered defeased.
- On September 15, 2011, the Primary Government issued \$182,375,000 of General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2011B, dated September 27, 2011 to advance refund \$201,895,000 of certain maturities of the County's (i) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2001, (ii) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2002, dated September 15, 2002, (iii) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2003 A, dated June 15, 2003, and (iv) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2004, dated June 15, 2004. Of the \$201,895,000 advance refunded bonds, \$7,440,000 (\$4,570,000 for Stormwater and \$2,870,000 for Solid Waste) is reported as business-type activities. The remaining \$194,455,000 Refunded Bonds relate to governmental activities. At June 30, 2017, \$126,860,000 of the refunded bonds outstanding that mature in the years 2018 through 2025 are considered defeased.
- On February 20, 2013, the Primary Government issued \$200,390,000 of General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2013B, dated February 5, 2013 to advance refund \$190,055,000 of certain maturities of the County's (i) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2005, dated Jul 1, 2005, (ii) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2007 A, dated June 1, 2007. Of the \$190,055,000 advance refunded bonds, \$8,865,000 (\$6,765,000 for Stormwater and \$2,100,000 for Solid Waste) is reported as business-type activities. The remaining \$181,190,000 Refunded Bonds relate to governmental activities. At June 30, 2017, \$183,095,000 of the refunded bonds outstanding that mature in the years 2018 through 2028 are considered defeased.
- On September 16, 2014, the Primary Government issued \$28,800,000 of General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B, dated September 30, 2014 to advance refund \$30,305,000 of certain maturities of the County's (i) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, 2004 Refunding Series D, dated December 1, 2004, (ii) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Refunding Series E, dated December 1, 2004, (iv) General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, 2004 Refunding Series F, dated December 1, 2004. Of the \$30,305,000 advance refunded bonds, \$1,325,000 (\$1,325,000 for Solid Waste) is reported as business-type activities. The remaining \$28,980,000 Refunded Bonds relate to governmental activities. At June 30, 2017, \$4,590,000 of the refunded bonds outstanding that mature in fiscal year 2018 are considered defeased.
- On June 07, 2016, the Primary Government issued \$58,350,000 of General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B, dated June 22, 2016 to advance refund \$66,155,000 of certain maturities of the County's General Obligation Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2008, dated June 1, 2008. Of the \$66,155,000 advance refunded bonds, \$7,730,000 (\$5,470,000 for Stormwater and \$2,260,000 for Solid Waste) is reported as business-type activities. The remaining \$58,425,000 Refunded Bonds relate to governmental activities. At June 30, 2017, \$66,155,000 of the refunded bonds outstanding that mature in the years 2020 through 2029 are considered defeased.

(14) Conduit Debt Transactions

The County encourages private industry to locate and remain in the County by, among other things, the issuance of tax exempt Economic Development Revenue Bonds, which bear the County's name and benefit the private enterprise. The funds provided from the sale of such debt are used for the public interest, such as for hospital construction or expansion of private businesses to increase employment and the County's tax base. These bonds do not constitute indebtedness or a charge against the general credit or taxing power of the County. The bond indentures explicitly state the absence of any legal obligation by the County to repay the indebtedness. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2017, there were one hundred and seventy-four series of Economic Development Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount, for the five series issued after July 1, 1995 that remain outstanding, is \$120.8 million. The aggregate principal amount payable on June 30, 2017 for the one hundred and sixty-eight series issued prior to July 1, 1995, could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled approximately \$1.1 billion.

(15) Special Taxing Districts

The County has issued various special taxing district bonds pursuant to Section 10-279 of the Prince George's County Code and Section 9-1301 of Article 24 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the County is pledged for the payment of these bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Details of the outstanding debt as of June 30, 2017 are as follows.

05/11/2005 09/08/2005 09/21/2005 10/25/2006 11/20/2006	\$ 95,000,00 12,000,00 65,000,00 7,450,00 8,205,00	0 11,017,000 0 56,440,000 0 4,575,000	07/01/2033 07/01/2035 07/01/2034 07/01/2026 07/01/2032
09/21/2005 10/25/2006 11/20/2006	65,000,00 7,450,00 8,205,00	0 56,440,000 0 4,575,000	07/01/2034 07/01/2026
10/25/2006	7,450,00 8,205,00	0 4,575,000	07/01/2026
11/20/2006	8,205,00	, ,	
	, ,	0 6,105,000	07/01/2032
2.1/2.2/2.2.2	E0 000 00		
04/02/2008	50,000,00	50,000,000	09/01/2037
01/27/2009	35,000,00	0 34,357,000	01/01/2039
01/18/2012	17,000,00	0 14,191,685	01/01/2032
05/06/2014	2,220,00	0 1,901,512	01/01/2043
05/06/2014	2,280,00	0 1,952,904	01/01/2043
06/30/2014	4,900,00	0 4,790,103	01/01/2043
09/17/2015			01/01/2035
	06/30/2014	06/30/2014 4,900,000 09/17/2015 3,000,000	06/30/2014 4,900,000 4,790,103

(16) Other Long-term and Short-term Debt

The following represents the changes in other long-term liabilities for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	
	July 1. 2016	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2017	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,512,318,094	33,853,050	52,832,569	\$ 1,493,338,575	
OPEB obligations	558,747,985	121,572,000	37,164,383	643,155,602	
Net Pension Liability - LOSAP	130,863,314	4,224,430	17,126,691	117,961,053	i
Compensated absences and termination benefits payable	77,041,020	45,105,132	47,156,093	74,990,059	
Estimated liabilities on pending claims and judgements	174,892,006	107,216,940	105,915,040	176,193,906	
Capital lease obligations	41,962,400	30,686,760	11,508,660	61,140,500	
Notes payable:					
Purchase agreements and certificates of participation	61,740,000	-	10,235,000	51,505,000	
University of Maryland, College Park	-	1,418,480	-	1,418,480	
Commercial Building Loan Fund	3,716,000	-	1,421,000	2,295,000	
Maryland CDA Infrastructure Financing	 261,200		261,200		
Total notes payable	65,717,200	1,418,480	11,917,200	55,218,480	_
	\$ 2,430,678,705	344,076,792	283,620,636	\$ 2,621,998,175	

The following represents the changes in other long-term liabilities for business-type activities:

		Balance				Balance
	<u>July 1. 2016</u>		Additions	Reductions	<u>J</u> 1	une 30. 2017
Compensated absences and termination benefits payable	\$	2,216,117	2,407,979	2,312,048	\$	2,312,048
Landfill closure / postclosure costs		76,693,869	13,801,552	-		90,495,421
Net Pension Liability		22,328,688	2,038,940	1,589,513		22,778,115
Notes payable:						
Purchase agreements and certificates of participation		6,480,279	150,000	436,831		6,193,448
Total notes payable		6,480,279	150,000	436,831		6,193,448
	\$	107,718,953	18,398,471	4,338,392	\$	121,779,032

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for internal service funds are included as part of the above for governmental activities. At year-end, \$1,468,591 (\$1,360,515 within one year, and \$108,076 due in more than one year) of internal service fund compensated absences are included in the above amounts. For the remainder of compensated absences, the General Fund normally liquidates over 90 percent and the remainder is liquidated by the Federal and State Aided Programs Special Revenue Fund. Also, for governmental activities net pension obligations, net other post-employment benefit obligations, and capital lease obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Estimated liability on pending claims and judgments is reported in risk management internal service funds and will be liquidated by those funds. Notes payables are generally liquated by the General Fund with the exception of the Commercial Building Loan Fund which is liquidated by the Federal and State Aided Programs Special Revenue Fund.

a) Capital Lease Obligations

The County entered into agreements with Grant Capital Management, Banc of America Public Capital Corporation, and Old Line Bank to finance the purchase of snow removal equipment and Fire/EMS ambulances in April of 2011; snow removal equipment and Fire/EMS ambulances in May 2013; Fire/EMS ambulances and other Public Safety vehicles in June 2014; Public Safety and other County agency vehicles and equipment in June 2015; Fire equipment Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) in April 2016; Public Safety and other County agency vehicles in December 2016; and Public Safety and other County agency vehicles in June 2017. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. In June 2017 the County entered into a lease agreement for \$22,486,760 of this amount \$34,676 was spent as of June 30, 2017.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental			
	Activities			
Asset:				
Equipment	\$ 56,712,420			
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(26,769,312)			
Total	\$ 29,943,107			

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Year ending June 30	Governmental Activities
2018	\$13,754,239
2019	13,935,966
2020	10,810,195
2021	8,771,404
2022	6,732,614
2023	6,732,614
2024	3,651,074
Total minimum lease payments	64,388,106
Less: amount representing interest	(3,247,606)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$61,140,500

b) Pension Liability and OPEB Obligations

The Net Pension Liability represents the difference between the actuarially determined total pension liability and plan fiduciary net position and Net OPEB obligations represents the difference between the actuarially required and the actual employer contributions. The balance as of June 30, 2017 for the Pension and OPEB liabilities was \$1,516,116,690 (see note 9 – Pension Plans) and \$643,155,602 (see note 10 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions), respectively.

c) Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits

County employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation in full, and for sick leave in varying amounts based on years of service. Participants in the plans administered by the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland may apply accrued sick leave as service credits toward retirement.

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that relates to employees who terminated employment with the County on or before June 30, 2017 are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that do not meet the above criteria are not reported in the governmental funds.

For purposes of reporting in the County's government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are recognized as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees. Current amounts are such amounts expected to be paid within one year.

The liability includes an accrual at the current rate for ancillary salary-related payments (i.e., employer's share of Social Security and Medicare taxes) associated with its ultimate liquidation.

The following is a summary of compensated absences and termination benefits payable at June 30, 2017 (in thousands):

	 	Pri	imary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Bu Solid Waste	usiness-type Activitie Stormwater Management	Total	Component Units	
				Total		Offics
Primary Government	\$ 74,990	932	1,380	2,312	77,302	-
Component Units:						
Board of Education	-	-	-	-	-	69,084
Housing Authority	-	-	-	-	-	537
Memorial Library	-	_	-	-	-	1,691
Community College					-	2,502
	74,990	932	1,380	2,312	77,302	73,814
Less current portion	47,156	932	1,380	2,312	49,468	422
Total long-term portion	\$ 27,834				27,834	73,392

d) Notes Payable

(i) Purchase Agreement and Certificates of Participation Notes Payable

The County has entered into certain financing/purchasing agreements for the purpose of acquiring real estate, equipment, textbooks, vehicles, and school buses. Under these agreements, the financing amounts are deposited with a fiscal escrow agent who will pay the vendors as the County takes delivery of the assets. The County makes periodic loan repayments directly to the lender over a specified period of time.

The interest rates on all financing/purchasing agreements in force range from 2.0% to 6.5%. The liability for the debt is carried as notes payable in various funds as listed below. Following is a schedule by year of future principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2017 (in thousands):

	Primary Government									
	_	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty						
				Solid V	<u>Vaste</u>					
Year ending										
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>				
2018	\$	5,435	2,194	897	103	8,629				
2019		5,520	1,957	924	88	8,489				
2020		5,670	1,706	940	72	8,388				
2021		5,780	1,448	956	55	8,239				
2022		5,775	1,191	973	39	7,978				
2023- 2027		17,705	2,783	1,503	26	22,017				
2028- 2031	_	5,620	580			6,200				
Total note payments	\$_	51,505	11,859	6,193	383	69,940				

(ii) Other General Long-Term Debt Notes Payable

The Primary Government entered into an agreement with The State of Maryland for the Use of the University System of Maryland on behalf of Its Constituent Institution, The University of Maryland, College Park, to convey to Prince George's County, Maryland Property and, in addition, a Utility Relocation Easement in exchange for equal value in the form of certain public works projects to be performed by the County or, alternatively, deferred cash payment by the County. Consummation of the conveyance of the Property occurred on November 16, 2016. The parties agreed that the fair market value of the Property and the Easements is \$1,418,480. At any time before the fifth anniversary of the date of Closing, the County may satisfy its consideration payment obligation by identifying, funding, and completing one or more public works and engineering projects that are mutually agreed upon, in writing, by the University, the University System of Maryland, the Maryland Board of Public Works and the County. The cost at completion of the projects will not be less than the FMV plus interest at an annual rate of 2%, compounded annually, on each anniversary of the date of closing. If the County fails to identify, fully fund and commence construction of mutually agreeable projects at a cost at least equal to the FMV by the fifth anniversary of the date of closing, the County shall pay the FMV plus accrued interest to the University. At June 30, 2017, \$1,418,480 was outstanding.

The Primary Government entered into an agreement with HUD to administer a \$10,000,000 Section 108 Commercial Building Loan Fund. The first project financed under the loan fund was a \$2,000,000 loan paid to a private partnership for land acquisition. The first principal payment of \$165,000 was paid August 1, 2002. The loan was paid in full on August 1, 2011. The second project financed under the loan fund was a \$2,600,000 loan paid to a developer for the construction of a restaurant. The developer is responsible for servicing the loan balance that matures August 1, 2022, at rates ranging from 1.21% to 5.69%. At June 30, 2017, \$1,337,000 remains outstanding. The third project financed under this loan was a \$1,900,000 loan paid to a developer for land acquisition and the construction of rental housing units. The first principal payment of \$70,000 was paid on August 1, 2006. The developer is responsible for servicing the loan balance that matures August 1, 2023, at rates ranging from 2.31% to 5.97%. At June 30, 2017, \$958,000 was outstanding. The fourth project financed under this loan was a \$1,837,000 loan paid to a sign manufacturing company for building acquisition and construction renovations to relocate the company. The first principal payment of \$46,000 was paid on August 1, 2006. The loan was paid in full on February 1, 2017.

On March 10, 1999, the Primary Government issued for the benefit of the Community Development Administration ("CDA"), a division of the Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development, a general obligation bond designated as "Prince George's County, Maryland Infrastructure Bond, 1999 Series A" in the amount of \$1,217,800 secured by the full faith and credit of the County. Secured by the pledges of seven participating local governments, including the Primary Government, the CDA issued on March 10, 1999 Infrastructure Financing Bonds (MBIA Insured) 1999 Series A in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,985,000. The Primary Government used the proceeds to provide funds to refinance certain outstanding loans and to purchase a fire truck for Accokeek Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. ("AVFD") and to pay the costs of issuance of bonds. Because the County issued the obligation to obtain a loan for the benefit of AVFD, the latter executed a promissory note on March 11, 1999 promising to pay to the Primary Government the principal sum of \$1,217,800, plus interest on the unpaid principal amount. The debt service payment made by AVFD to the Primary Government equals the Primary Government's debt service payments to the CDA. The debt is repayable to the State in 20 annual installments with interest rates ranging from 4.125% to 5.0%, and matures May 1, 2019. The debt was paid in full on July 13, 2016.

Following is a schedule by year of future principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2017 (in thousands):

Primary Government - Governmental Activities

	CE	<u>BLF</u>	
Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018 \$	268	123	391
2019	293	107	400
2020	312	90	402
2021	325	72	397
2022	355	53	408
2023- 2026	742	31	773
 Total note payments \$ 	2,295	476	2,771

^{*} Does not include a note for 1,418,000. Does not have an amortization table.

(17) Fund Balance Policy and Reporting

The County has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy for its governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed, except for capital projects which use unrestricted resources first. Furthermore, within the unrestricted fund balance the County will apply expenditures against committed, then assigned, and then unassigned amounts.

Stabilization Arrangement - Per voter referendum and Council Bills (CB-81-1992 & CB-6-2003) the County is required to maintain a Charter Mandated contingency reserve equal to 5% of the annual budget. Funds can only be used to meet a public emergency, which constitutes a sudden, unexpected or unforeseen condition or occurrence, creating an immediate action, the Council may, by resolution and upon the recommendation of the County Executive, make emergency appropriations from contingent reserve. Withdrawals may be used only for appropriations which have become unfunded. The balance in the stabilization fund is disclosed in the table below.

A schedule of fund balance classifications at June 30, 2017 follows:

	Primary Government							
	Total	(General Fund		deral and State ded Programs	Capital Projects Fund	Nor	n-Major Funds
Restricted Fund Balances								
Restricted for contingencies:								
Economic Stabiliztion	\$157,467,470	\$	157,467,470	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Debt Service	30,433,927		-		601,452	-		29,832,475
Retricted for other purposes								
Domestic Violence	180,213		-		-	-		180,213
Drug Enforcement and Education	8,149,469		-		-	-		8,149,469
Unspent Proceeds from debt issuances	S:							
Equipment purchases	27,870,978		27,870,978		-	-		
Total restricted fund balances	\$224,102,057		185,338,448	\$	601,452	\$ -	\$	38,162,157

Managara dahlar		Total	G	General Fund	deral and State ided Programs	C	apital Projects Fund	Nor	n-Major Funds
Nonspendable: Inventory	\$	2,010,022	\$	2,010,022	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Unrestricted - Committed Fund Balance Operating Reserve	\$	62,986,988		62,986,988	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Unrestricted - Assigned Fund Balance									
Economic Development	\$	35,624,910	\$	35,624,910	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Property Sales and Acquisitions		1,473,415		1,473,415	-		-		-
Drug Enforcement and Education		4,075,470		-	-		-		4,075,470
Other		11,190,237		11,190,237					
Total assigned fund balances	\$	52,364,032		48,288,562	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,075,470
Unassigned:	\$ ((81,588,296)	\$	167,450,824	\$ -	\$	(249,039,120)	\$	-
Total fund balance	\$2	259,874,803	\$	466,074,844	\$ 601,452	\$	(249,039,120)	\$	42,237,627

(18) Encumbrances

Certain governmental funds use encumbrance accounting for budgetary purposes. Encumbrances represent claims against appropriations for purchase order and executed contracts that have not been expended. All outstanding encumbrances were closed as of three end of fiscal year 2017.

(19) Tax Abatements

A tax abatement as defined by GASB 77 is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity through which the government promises to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled, and the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefit the government or its citizens. As of June 30, 2017, the County provides tax abatements through the following programs:

The Enterprise Zone program provides real property tax credits for businesses located in a Maryland enterprise zone in return for job creation and investments. State and local incentives and assistance are offered to encourage the expansion of existing businesses and the attraction of new business activity and jobs in economically distressed areas. See MD Annotated Code –Section 9-103.

Enterprise Zone Tax Abatement Program Amount of Taxes Abated: \$973,776

Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) program. State law provides, among other things, that real property may be exempt from county property tax under certain conditions: (1) the property is located in a designated focus area; (2) the owner of the real property agrees to maintain the real property as rental housing for lower income persons; (3) the project is an economic development project; (4) the property is an electricity generation facility; and (5) the owner enters into an agreement with the governing body of the county to pay a negotiated amount in lieu of the applicable county property tax. See MD Annotated Code –Section 7-211.3; 7-505; 7-506.1; 7-514; 7-516.

Payment in Lieu of Taxes Tax Abatement Program Amount of Taxes Abated: \$1,296,833

Admissions and Amusement Tax-This tax is collected by the State of Maryland and paid to the County quarterly. In 2009, the County passed CR-87-2009 which gave certain incentives for events in Prince George's County in the form of a reduction in the amount of the County admissions and amusement tax levy on the events subject to certain conditions. This was offered as an incentive for events to be held at FedEx field. An admissions and amusement tax waiver in the amount of 50% to 80% of the admission and amusement tax may be exercised upon the gross receipts derived from the amount charged for admission on the event.

Admissions and Amusement Tax Abatement Program Amount of Taxes Abated: \$482,344

The County has other various tax credit incentives that are not defined as tax abatements under generally accepted accounting principles and therefore are not described and included here.

(20) Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

(a) Litigation

In addition to those suits in which claims for liability are adequately covered by insurance, the County is involved in numerous lawsuits with a potential liability ranging up to \$1.0 million. In the opinion of legal counsel and management, it is reasonably possible that some of these cases will be settled against the County, resulting in varying degrees of monetary damages.

(b) Contingent Liabilities

(i) Questioned Costs

The County participates in a number of Federally-assisted grant programs. These programs are currently under examination in accordance with Uniform Grant Guidance. The final results of this examination for fiscal year 2017 have not yet been determined. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be specifically determined at this time. The County expects any disallowed costs to be immaterial, as has been the case in previous audits.

(ii) Brown Station Road Landfill

The Primary Government owns and operates the Brown Station Road Landfill, which is accounted for in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund. Phase I of the landfill was closed in September 1993 after 25 years of operation. Phase II of the landfill began operations on May 13, 1992 and approximately 79.7% of total estimated capacity has been utilized as of June 30, 2017. It is expected to operate through the year 2028.

To close both Phase I and Phase II of the landfill, State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on both landfill phases. (The closure and post-closure plan for both phases is pending final State approval.) These laws also require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site. In accordance with statutory requirements, the Primary Government estimates closure costs only for Phase I, of approximately \$15.7 million (\$14.2 million of which has been liquidated), and closure and 30-year post-closure costs for Phase II of \$69.7 million. Estimated costs are "as if incurred" in fiscal year 2017 and may change due to inflation, technological enhancements, and revisions to State and Federal requirements - as well as any additional measures that may be undertaken to safeguard the quality of life for residents. These estimates are updated annually.

At June 30, 2017, the Primary Government has recorded an accumulated total liability for closure and post-closure costs of \$58.3 million for Phases I and II based on the percentage of capacity of Phases I and II utilized to date multiplied by the total capacity of Phases I and II. As of June 30, 2017, the Primary Government's Solid Waste Enterprise Fund shows restricted assets of \$97,847,123 for landfill closure costs for Brown Station Road Landfill as well as Sandy Hill Landfill.

(iii) Sandy Hill Landfill

On July 1, 1992, the Primary Government entered into a three-part agreement with The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC), a joint venture, to operate the Sandy Hill Landfill. The daily operations and responsibility to develop and to maintain the "Existing Landfill" through closure and one year of post-closure of this refuse disposal facility had been contracted to Waste Management, Inc., for the period May 1977 to March 2007. Since 2007, post-closure activities have been the responsibility of the County.

As part of the 1992 Agreement, the County received \$1,890,485 from M-NCPPC when responsibility for the landfill was assigned to the County. The funds are held in a Trust Fund for post-closure construction phase and maintenance of the Landfill and its environmental control facilities including monitoring.

In May 1997, the County was granted a permit by the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) to vertically expand the operation. The Landfill stopped accepting waste in June 2000 and was certified closed by the State effective August 6, 2012.

As with the Brown Station Road Landfill, State and Federal laws and regulations require a final landfill cover and 30 years of post-closure activities. The Primary Government has recorded an estimated liability for 30 years of post-closure costs of \$34 million because this landfill is substantially full. Estimated costs for post-closure activities, are "as if incurred," and will be updated annually for changes in technology, applicable regulations and inflation.

(c) Operating Leases

Under the terms of various operating lease agreements for facilities, the Primary Government's approximate future minimum annual rental payments for facilities are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending		
<u>June 30,</u>		
2018	\$	15,425
2019		15,646
2020		11,463
2021		11,701
2022		11,947
2023-2027		62,374
2028-2032		62,655
2033-2037	_	60,632
	\$	251,843

During fiscal year 2017, rent expense under these lease agreements amounted to approximately \$15.3 million.

(21) Joint Ventures

The County participates in the financial activities of certain entities providing services within the County, which are deemed joint venture activities. The joint ventures described in the following paragraphs are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements because the County has no equity interest in the operations of these entities.

(a) Washington Suburban Transit Commission (WSTC)

The WSTC is a State of Maryland bi-county agency, which receives funds from Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, both of which participate in the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA), to construct and maintain a cohesive and uniform transportation system. WSTC is composed of seven members; two from each county, two members appointed by the Governor of Maryland, and one ex officio representative from the Maryland Department of Transportation. WSTC acts as a coordinator for transit-related information and provides a forum for the discussion, formulation and transmittal of Federal, state and local funds paid to WMATA on behalf of the Maryland region. The annual operating costs of WSTC are shared equally by Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. The Primary Government's share of these costs for fiscal year 2017 amounted to \$117,760.

(b) The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission (M-NCPPC)

M-NCPPC is a bi-county agency servicing Montgomery and Prince George's Counties' regional system of parks. It also conducts the recreation program for Prince George's County. The Commission consists of ten members - five from each County. The County can modify its share of the budget and also approves applicable fees and sets the recreational tax rate. The County must also approve any debt issuances and is obligated to honor any bonded debt deficiencies (which to date have not occurred). At June 30, 2017, the Primary Government was contingently liable as guarantor on bonds issued by M-NCPPC in the amount of \$61,061,181.

(c) Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA)

On January 9, 1970, the County entered into an agreement with other local jurisdictions for construction of the Washington Metropolitan Area Rapid Transit System. Since then, the County has entered into several additional agreements providing for financing of both construction and operations. The County's obligation for funding the construction of the rail transit facilities is borne by the State of Maryland. WMATA is governed by a board of six directors and six alternates, who are appointed on a pro rata basis by the Northern Virginia Transportation Commission, the City Council of the Government of the District of Columbia, and the WSTC (mentioned above).

In 2016, the State contributed \$4.9 million toward the payment of principal and interest on WMATA revenue bonds. This was provided pursuant to amended Chapter 530, Acts of Maryland General Assembly 1980, which provides for State payment of 100% of the debt service bond repayment costs.

(d) Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC)

The WSSC is a bi-county political subdivision of the State of Maryland created to provide water supply and sewage disposal facilities for Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. WSSC's governing body is composed of six members, three from each county; the budgeting authority and financing responsibility is shared equally by the participating counties.

(e) Availability of Financial Statements

Complete separate financial statements may be obtained at the administrative offices of the individual joint ventures as follows:

Washington Suburban Transit Commission 8720 Georgia Avenue, Suite 904 Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority 600 Fifth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20001

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission 6611 Kenilworth Avenue Riverdale, Maryland 20737

Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission 14501 Sweitzer Lane Laurel, Maryland 29797

(22) Jointly Governed Organization

The Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (COG) provides resources to participating local governments within the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area for a regional approach to local urban problems, emphasizing regional planning, community and economic development and conservation. Under COG's bylaws, contributions of participating local governments are calculated on a per capita basis. The twenty-four board members are elected by the local jurisdiction which they represent; two members are appointed by the Primary Government. The Primary Government's fiscal year 2017 contributions to COG amounted to approximately \$562,157.

(23) Prior Period Adjustment/Correction of Error

The net position of the governmental activities and the fund balance of the General Fund were restated to correct an error in the accounting for a payroll liability/clearing account. In fiscal year 2017 the County identified an error in the balance of the payroll clearing account that had accumulated over previous fiscal years. The adjustment of \$14,371,858 should have been recorded as an increase to accounts payable and payroll expense. The restatement resulted in a decrease of \$14,371,858 in the net position for the governmental activities and the fund balance in the General Fund for June 30, 2016.

The net position of the OPEB trust fund was restated to correct an error in the accrual of claim expenditures. The adjustment of \$11,489,134 resulted in an overstatement of expenditures and accrued liabilities in prior fiscal years. The restatement resulted in an increase of \$11,489,134 in the net position for the fiduciary funds for June 30, 2016.

(24) Subsequent events

On August 29, 2017, The County issued General Obligation Bonds in the amount of 471,425,000 (2017 A - \$366,460,000, 2017B - \$104,965,000). Series 2017A was issued provide funds for financing in whole or in part the costs of planning, construction, reconstruction, establishment, extension, enlargement, demolition, improvement or acquisition of certain capital projects including enterprise resource program; public school facilities; roads and bridges; public buildings; police, fire and correctional facilities; and environmental resource and stormwater management facilities and pay the costs and expense of issuing and delivering the Series 2017A Bonds. 2017B was issued to provide funds to advance refund or currently refund certain maturities of certain general obligation bonds originally issued to finance certain public improvement projects, including portions of the County's Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2007B and 2011A, collectively referred to as the "Refunded Bonds"; and to pay the costs and expenses of issuing and delivering the Series 2017B Refunding Bonds.

On September 12, 2017, the County issued Certificate of Participation 2017 in the amount of \$104,000,000. The Series 2017 Certificates are being issued in order to fund the County's contribution for a portion of the costs of the design, construction and equipping of the Regional Medical Center to be located in Largo, Maryland and to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2017 Certificates.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Prince George's County, Maryland Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Employment Benefits For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Analysis of the dollar amounts of actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of the plan over time indicates whether the plans are becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan. Trends in unfunded actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the Plans' progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller the percentage, the stronger the plan. The OPEB Plan had actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2008, July 1, 2010, July 1, 2012, July 1, 2014 and July 1, 2017. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the accrued actuarial liability are the same as those used to compute the actuarially determined contribution requirements.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio <u>(a/b)</u>	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
Date	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(D-a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(C)</u>	<u>((D-a)/C)</u>
07/01/16	53,092	\$ 1,736,989	\$ 1,683,897	3.06%	\$ 536,0 44	314.13%
07/01/15	49,825	1,735,132	1,685,307	2.87%	521,315	323.28%
07/01/14	48,140	1,651,196	1,603,056	2.92%	524,603	305.58%
07/01/13	49,856	1,690,289	1,640,433	2.95%	504,339	325.26%
07/01/12	47,938	1,584,584	1,536,646	3.03%	494,980	310.45%
07/01/11	44,457	875,301	830,844	5.08%	477,915	173.85%
07/01/10	42,444	825,330	782,886	5.14%	419,062	186.82%
07/01/09	35,295	842,813	807,518	4.19%	460,100	175.51%

Police Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Fiscal Year 2014 through 2017⁽¹⁾

Fiscal year ending June 30	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 32,364,400	32,875,100	32,427,700	38,339,800
Interest	112,147,767	108,826,271	104,196,812	97,116,878
Difference between expected and actual experience	(4,552,241)	(10,608,284)	7,177,558	-
Assumption changes	-	-	-	40,734,204
Benefit payments	(83,930,734)	(82,938,604)	(79,160,257)	(76,560,744)
Refunds	 (4,557,046)	(1,753,711)	(823,760)	(1,272,420)
Net change in total pension liability	51,472,146	46,400,772	63,818,053	98,357,718
Total pension liability - beginning	 1,522,857,943	1,476,457,171	1,412,639,118	1,314,281,400
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,574,330,089	1,522,857,943	1,476,457,171	1,412,639,118
Plan fiduciary net position	_			
Employer contributions	61,636,821	58,726,423	65,705,413	66,113,037
Employee contributions	8,835,456	8,415,273	8,710,935	8,190,741
Net investment income	76,628,221	(19,270,258)	31,033,375	120,575,139
Benefit payments	(83,930,734)	(82,938,604)	(79,160,257)	(76,560,744)
Refunds	(4,557,046)	(1,753,711)	(823,760)	(1,272,420)
Administrative expense	(545,459)	(628,194)	(585,034)	(517,840)
Net transfers	 (169,993)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	57,897,266	(37,449,071)	24,880,672	116,527,913
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 844,013,458	881,462,529	856,581,857	740,053,944
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$ 901,910,724	844,013,458	881,462,529	856,581,857
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$ 672,419,365	678,844,485	594,994,642	556,057,261
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	57.29%	55.42%	59.70%	60.64%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$ 125,230,400	127,185,700	123,481,300	121,886,100
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	536.95%	533.74%	481.85%	456.21%

 $^{^{(1)}}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Fire Service Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	18,947,200	18,580,700	18,272,700	17,384,400
Interest		59,295,587	56,434,441	53,654,660	49,506,707
Benefit changes		-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(12,785,431)	10,729,376	10,759,866	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-	31,788,934
Benefit payments		(46,448,040)	(46,067,060)	(43,816,726)	(41,916,128)
Refunds		(2,599,305)	(482,418)	(1,210,716)	(719,912)
Net change in total pension liability		16,410,011	39,195,039	37,659,784	56,044,001
Total pension liability - beginning		805,385,824	766,190,785	728,531,001	672,487,000
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	821,795,835	805,385,824	766,190,785	728,531,001
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions		39,887,570	38,078,291	37,391,396	34,826,767
Employee contributions		4,682,622	4,303,868	4,159,906	3,835,790
Net investment income		36,065,184	(7,803,168)	12,392,319	56,155,443
Benefit payments		(46,448,040)	(46,067,060)	(43,816,726)	(41,916,128)
Refunds		(2,599,305)	(482,418)	(1,210,716)	(719,912)
Administrative expense		(428,428)	(479,212)	(456,462)	(413,936)
Net transfers				<u> </u>	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		31,159,603	(12,449,699)	8,459,717	51,768,024
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		385,321,752	397,771,451	389,311,734	337,543,710
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	416,481,355	385,321,752	397,771,451	389,311,734
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$	405,314,480	420,064,072	368,419,334	339,219,267
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		50.68%	47.040/	E1 020/	F3 440/
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	_		47.84%	51.92%	53.44%
Covered payron **	\$	62,427,600	60,992,900	59,216,400	58,003,300
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		649.26%	688.71%	622.16%	584.83%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Deputy Sheriff's Comprehensive Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	4,384,500	4,359,000	4,085,500	3,871,100
Interest		9,357,745	8,922,118	8,333,756	7,628,903
Benefit changes				-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(375,209)	(372,277)	2,253,312	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-	4,557,828
Benefit payments		(7,045,429)	(6,954,174)	(6,730,533)	(6,582,813)
Refunds		(138,885)	(90,039)	(152,216)	(68,733)
Net change in total pension liability		6,182,722	5,864,628	7,789,819	9,406,285
Total pension liability - beginning		126,144,532	120,279,904	112,490,085	103,083,800
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	132,327,254	126,144,532	120,279,904	112,490,085
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions		6,841,157	6,780,148	6,613,913	5,853,975
Employee contributions		1,696,697	1,580,443	1,562,200	1,405,110
Net investment income		4,627,591	(432,595)	1,894,023	8,305,560
Benefit payments		(7,045,429)	(6,954,174)	(6,730,533)	(6,582,813)
Refunds		(138,885)	(90,039)	(152,216)	(68,733)
Administrative expense		(211,728)	(280,425)	(220,964)	(211,737)
Net transfers		279,252		<u> </u>	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		6,048,655	603,358	2,966,423	8,701,362
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		60,921,761	60,318,403	57,351,980	48,650,618
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	66,970,416	60,921,761	60,318,403	57,351,980
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$	65,356,838	65,222,771	59,961,501	55,138,105
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension	1				
liability		50.61%	48.30%	50.15%	50.98%
Covered payroll (2)	\$	15,839,200	15,679,200	15,222,500	14,251,600
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		412.63%	415.98%	393.90%	386.89%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Correctional Officers' Comprehensive Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	7,041,300	7,200,400	6,809,700	6,838,600
Interest		16,849,899	15,560,139	14,532,414	12,993,205
Benefit changes				-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(4,787,673)	4,780,950	1,847,358	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-	9,933,562
Benefit payments		(9,854,847)	(9,305,786)	(8,724,601)	(8,354,218)
Refunds		(685,157)	(697,058)	(640,680)	(742,136)
Net change in total pension liability		8,563,522	17,538,645	13,824,191	20,669,013
Total pension liability - beginning		226,383,049	208,844,404	195,020,213	174,351,200
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	234,946,571	226,383,049	208,844,404	195,020,213
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions		9,263,190	9,525,885	9,198,374	7,363,022
Employee contributions		3,416,254	3,416,276	3,282,970	3,054,222
Net investment income		8,625,807	(795,879)	3,510,171	15,128,737
Benefit payments		(9,854,847)	(9,305,786)	(8,724,601)	(8,354,218)
Refunds		(685,157)	(697,058)	(640,680)	(742,136)
Administrative expense		(264,234)	(219,077)	(175,666)	(240,480)
Net transfers		(109,259)		<u> </u>	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		10,391,754	1,924,361	6,450,568	16,209,147
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		113,139,204	111,214,843	104,764,275	88,555,128
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	123,530,958	113,139,204	111,214,843	104,764,275
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$	111,415,613	113,243,845	97,629,561	90,255,938
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension	-				
liability (2)		52.58%	49.98%	53.25%	53.72%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$	27,281,900	27,898,000	27,085,400	25,445,200
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		408.39%	405.92%	360.45%	354.71%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Deputy Sheriff's Supplemental Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30	 2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 31,900	40,300	39,600	45,400
Interest	677,418	694,511	695,358	658,384
Benefit changes			-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(19,004)	(152,939)	87,731	-
Assumption changes	-	-	-	615,240
Benefit payments	(735,685)	(790,199)	(819,027)	(805,234)
Refunds	 (48,281)	(36,363)	(22,784)	-
Net change in total pension liability	 (93,652)	(244,690)	(19,122)	513,790
Total pension liability - beginning	 9,401,478	9,646,168	9,665,290	9,151,500
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 9,307,826	9,401,478	9,646,168	9,665,290
Plan fiduciary net position	 			
Employer contributions	809,300	846,400	815,900	768,500
Employee contributions	23,845	26,337	30,157	29,030
Net investment income	296,564	(17,544)	131,609	521,224
Benefit payments	(735,685)	(790,199)	(819,027)	(805,234)
Refunds	(48,281)	(36,363)	(22,784)	-
Administrative expense	(34,008)	(31,822)	(31,774)	(27,614)
Net transfers	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	311,735	(3,191)	104,081	485,906
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 3,864,384	3,867,575	3,763,494	3,277,588
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$ 4,176,119	3,864,384	3,867,575	3,763,494
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$ 5,131,707	5,537,094	5,778,593	5,901,796
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 44.87%	41.10%	40.09%	38.94%
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 493,500	600,800	583,300	574,600
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	1039.86%	921.62%	990.67%	1027.11%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Correctional Officers' Supplemental Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30	J	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	114,300	136,800	128,100	140,000
Interest		752,543	682,481	651,696	581,835
Benefit changes				-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(336,423)	573,596	17,577	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-	557,170
Benefit payments		(463,704)	(398,513)	(369,988)	(309,055)
Refunds		(25,673)	(8,936)	(5,512)	-
Net change in total pension liability		41,043	985,428	421,873	969,950
Total pension liability - beginning		10,218,051	9,232,623	8,810,750	7,840,800
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	10,259,094	10,218,051	9,232,623	8,810,750
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions		517,388	620,834	675,703	559,655
Employee contributions		70,755	83,472	90,308	84,396
Net investment income		651,124	(32,724)	281,057	1,045,836
Benefit payments		(463,704)	(398,512)	(369,988)	(309,055)
Refunds		(25,673)	(8,936)	(5,512)	-
Administrative expense		(34,548)	(31,822)	(31,774)	(27,614)
Net transfers		-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		715,342	232,312	639,794	1,353,218
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,304,458	8,072,146	7,432,352	6,079,134
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	9,019,800	8,304,458	8,072,146	7,432,352
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$	1,239,294	1,913,593	1,160,477	1,378,398
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		87.92%	81.27%	87.43%	84.36%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$	1,387,800	1,669,100	1,620,500	1,519,300
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	4	89.30%	114.65%	71.61%	90.73%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Prince Georges County Maryland Crossing Guards Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 54,600	60,700	60,100	66,300
Interest	152,094	151,447	149,464	140,397
Benefit changes			-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(27,662)	(37,977)	(15,625)	-
Assumption changes	-	-		81,491
Benefit payments	(160,109)	(145,303)	(150,128)	(144,342)
Refunds	 (4,698)	(15,063)	(24,818)	(9,611)
Net change in total pension liability	14,225	13,804	18,993	134,235
Total pension liability - beginning	 2,082,032	2,068,228	2,049,235	1,915,000
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,096,257	2,082,032	2,068,228	2,049,235
Plan fiduciary net position	 			
Employer contributions	77,415	85,297	87,270	81,888
Employee contributions	60,826	66,985	68,869	64,330
Net investment income	109,888	(11,504)	89,869	222,555
Benefit payments	(160,109)	(145,303)	(150,128)	(144,342)
Refunds	(4,698)	(15,063)	(24,818)	(9,611)
Administrative expense	(29,075)	(29,501)	(28,122)	(21,310)
Net transfers	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(220)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	54,247	(49,089)	42,940	193,290
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 1,492,345	1,541,434	1,498,494	1,305,204
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$ 1,546,592	1,492,345	1,541,434	1,498,494
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$ 549,665	589,687	526,794	550,741
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 73.78%	71.68%	74.53%	73.12%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$ 1,326,600	1,460,700	1,418,200	1,402,400
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	41.43%	40.37%	37.15%	39.27%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

⁽²⁾ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

AFSCME Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	2,337,800	2,405,400	2,404,200	2,949,000
Interest		7,387,324	7,166,483	6,865,340	6,434,666
Benefit changes				-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(2,470,329)	(1,961,698)	(864,476)	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-	755,549
Benefit payments		(4,597,996)	(4,339,973)	(4,075,963)	(3,860,360)
Refunds		(201,760)	(131,065)	(236,734)	(92,288)
Net change in total pension liability		2,455,039	3,139,147	4,092,367	6,186,567
Total pension liability - beginning		99,706,381	96,567,234	92,474,867	86,288,300
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	102,161,420	99,706,381	96,567,234	92,474,867
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions		3,034,645	3,248,913	4,203,607	3,924,252
Employee contributions		671,040	715,902	924,937	862,630
Net investment income		6,110,266	(583,438)	2,579,265	11,124,936
Benefit payments		(4,597,996)	(4,339,971)	(4,075,963)	(3,860,360)
Refunds		(201,760)	(131,065)	(236,734)	(92,288)
Administrative expense		(101,249)	(99,769)	(96,546)	(116,210)
Net transfers			<u> </u>	(51,363)	(125,063)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,914,946	(1,189,428)	3,247,203	11,717,897
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		78,865,297	80,054,725	76,807,522	65,089,625
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	83,780,243	78,865,297	80,054,725	76,807,522
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$	18,381,177	20,841,084	16,512,509	15,667,345
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension		02.040/	70.400	02.000	02.0557
liability		82.01%	79.10%	82.90%	83.06%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$	51,301,100	52,869,200	51,329,300	51,111,200
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		35.83%	39.42%	32.17%	30.65%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

General Schedule Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 4,566,800	4,712,000	4,665,500	5,213,600
Interest	13,676,412	13,234,761	12,468,033	11,683,071
Benefit changes			-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,238,092)	(650,926)	3,639,626	-
Assumption changes	-	-	-	3,805,637
Benefit payments	(10,729,870)	(10,377,212)	(9,850,377)	(9,661,847)
Refunds	(935,030)	(641,289)	(292,878)	(135,253)
Net change in total pension liability	4,340,220	6,277,334	10,629,904	10,905,208
Total pension liability - beginning	 185,837,046	179,559,712	168,929,808	158,024,600
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 190,177,266	185,837,046	179,559,712	168,929,808
Plan fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	6,432,619	6,607,768	7,757,860	7,189,526
Employee contributions	2,910,222	2,983,908	3,531,597	3,338,347
Net investment income	9,510,800	(913,560)	4,006,797	17,349,257
Benefit payments	(10,729,870)	(10,377,212)	(9,850,377)	(9,661,847)
Refunds	(935,030)	(641,289)	(292,878)	(135,253)
Administrative expense	(122,954)	(117,761)	(115,975)	(153,155)
Net transfers	 		21,670	152,316
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	7,065,787	(2,458,146)	5,058,694	18,079,191
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 122,746,263	125,204,409	120,145,715	102,066,524
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$ 129,812,050	122,746,263	125,204,409	120,145,715
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$ 60,365,216	63,090,783	54,355,303	48,784,093
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	68.26%	66.05%	69.73%	71.12%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$ 93,107,700	95,570,500	92,786,900	90,154,600
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	64.83%	66.01%	58.58%	54.11%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Fire Civilian Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

1.00					
Fiscal year ending June 30		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	187,000	187,400	180,400	218,900
Interest	·	899,836	854,877	836,587	789,219
Benefit changes				-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		120,092	186,157	(154,697)	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-	256,389
Benefit payments		(628,337)	(599,487)	(572,118)	(603,003)
Refunds		(11,606)	(18,593)	(53,345)	-
Net change in total pension liability		566,985	610,354	236,827	661,505
Total pension liability - beginning		12,220,186	11,609,832	11,373,005	10,711,500
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	12,787,171	12,220,186	11,609,832	11,373,005
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions		436,162	474,312	511,188	455,754
Employee contributions		169,640	181,788	198,816	177,317
Net investment income		544,896	(52,155)	232,048	1,014,503
Benefit payments		(628,337)	(599,487)	(572,118)	(603,003)
Refunds		(11,606)	(18,593)	(53,345)	-
Administrative expense		(68,218)	(67,687)	(65,939)	(57,930)
Net transfers		-	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	(4,197)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		442,537	(81,822)	250,650	982,444
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		7,161,292	7,243,114	6,992,464	6,010,020
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	7,603,829	7,161,292	7,243,114	6,992,464
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$	5,183,342	5,058,894	4,366,718	4,380,541
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		59.46%	58.60%	62,39%	61.48%
Covered payroll (2)					
Covereu payron	\$	4,005,800	3,987,900	3,871,700	3,638,800
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		129.40%	126.86%	112.79%	120.38%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\mbox{\sc Payroll}$ from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Police Civilian Pension Plan

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal year ending June 30		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	770,000	799,900	795,600	1,023,800
Interest		2,118,233	2,034,463	1,938,410	1,908,551
Benefit changes				-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		34,381	51,023	212,896	-
Assumption changes		-	-	-	(785,355)
Benefit payments		(1,587,910)	(1,474,674)	(1,397,887)	(1,395,958)
Refunds		(198,885)	(247,230)	(218,740)	(260,381)
Net change in total pension liability		1,135,819	1,163,482	1,330,279	490,657
Total pension liability - beginning		28,742,318	27,578,836	26,248,557	25,757,900
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	29,878,137	28,742,318	27,578,836	26,248,557
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions		746,382	845,730	1,089,407	1,068,827
Employee contributions		587,101	654,575	838,457	802,285
Net investment income		1,541,066	(148,154)	649,268	2,833,208
Benefit payments		(1,587,910)	(1,474,674)	(1,397,887)	(1,395,958)
Refunds		(198,885)	(247,230)	(218,740)	(260,381)
Administrative expense		(72,477)	(69,349)	(67,533)	(64,464)
Net transfers		-		29,693	(22,836)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,015,277	(439,102)	922,665	2,960,681
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		19,984,253	20,423,355	19,500,690	16,540,009
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	20,999,530	19,984,253	20,423,355	19,500,690
Net pension liability - (a) - (b)	\$	8,878,607	8,758,065	7,155,481	6,747,867
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		70.28%	69.53%	74.05%	74.29%
Covered payroll ⁽²⁾	\$	18,061,900	18,662,200	18,118,600	17,183,600
	*				
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		49.16%	46.93%	39.49%	39.27%

 $^{^{(1)}}$ GASB67 implemented in Fiscal Year 2014. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(2)}}\xspace$ Payroll from actuarial valuation performed at fiscal year end.

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Fiscal Year 2014 through 2017⁽¹⁾

Measurement Date		2016	2015	2014
County's proportionate share of net pens	ion liability	0.6861117%	0.7289217%	0.6960475%
County's proportionate share of net pens	ion liability	\$ 161,881,386	151,482,409	123,525,669
County's covered payroll		\$ 198,403,627	195,770,350	196,774,400
County's proportionate share of the net of its covered employee payroll	pension liability as a percentage	81.59%	77.38%	62.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	ge of the total pension liability	68.78%	68.78%	71.87%

⁽¹⁾ GASB68 implemented in Fiscal Year 2015. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

Prince Georges County Maryland
Length of Service Awards Program
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Pension Liability

Fiscal Year 2017⁽¹⁾

Actuarial Valuation Date		July 1, 2016
Measurement Date		June 30, 2017
Employer Fiscal Year Ending Date for GASB 73		June 30, 2017
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$	539,067
Difference between expected and actual experience		-
Assumption changes		(13,460,974)
Refunds		-
Net change in total pension liability		(12,902,261)
Total pension liability - beginning		130,863,314
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	117,961,053
Covered payroll	\$	-
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered		
payroll	N/A	

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ GASB73 implemented in Fiscal Year 2017. Ultimately 10 years will be displayed.

The change in Total Pension Liability due to the change in the Singe Discount rate from 2.85 percent as of the beginning of the year to 3.56 percent as of the end of the year is included as an assumption change.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in Paragraph 4 of Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

	2017	2016	 2015	2014	 2013	2012	2011	2010	 2009	2008
Police Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 61,636,821	\$ 58,726,423	\$ 65,705,413	\$ 66,113,037	\$ 56,265,491	\$ 52,792,772	\$ 47,358,991	\$ 40,746,884	\$ 41,312,456	\$ 40,899,662
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	61,636,821	58,726,423	65,705,413	66,113,037	56,265,491	52,792,772	47,358,991	40,746,884	41,312,456	40,899,662
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
Covered payroll	\$ 125,322,184	\$ 119,399,271	\$ 121,869,863	\$ 132,856,596	\$ 113,612,283	\$ 110,472,635	\$ 105,941,115	\$ 105,067,297	\$ 110,266,912	\$ 97,043,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	49.18%	49.18%	53.91%	49.76%	49.52%	47.79%	44.70%	38.78%	37.47%	42.15%
Fire Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 39,887,570	\$ 38,078,591	\$ 37,391,396	\$ 34,826,767	\$ 29,993,835	\$ 31,141,432	\$ 25,956,943	\$ 23,247,348	\$ 25,628,801	\$ 25,411,809
determined contribution	39,887,570	38,078,591	37,391,396	34,826,767	29,993,835	31,141,432	25,956,943	23,247,348	25,628,801	25,411,809
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -								
Covered payroll	\$ 63,976,346	\$ 60,833,272	\$ 58,868,793	\$ 61,520,842	\$ 51,609,161	\$ 58,769,965	\$ 49,076,124	\$ 48,791,822	\$ 54,472,521	\$ 50,944,023
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	62.35%	62.60%	63.52%	56.61%	58.12%	52.99%	52.89%	47.65%	47.05%	49.88%
Deputy Sheriff's Comprehensive Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 6,841,157	\$ 6,780,148	\$ 6,613,913	\$ 5,853,975	\$ 5,171,709	\$ 5,243,696	\$ 4,627,135	\$ 3,898,491	\$ 4,110,295	\$ 4,138,909
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	6,841,157	6,780,148	6,613,913	5,853,975	5,171,709	5,243,696	4,627,135	3,898,491	4,110,295	4,138,909
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 15,470,323	\$ 15,130,115	\$ 14,760,637	\$ 14,819,114	\$ 13,408,926	\$ 13,689,694	\$ 13,180,174	\$ 13,060,220	\$ 13,868,817	\$ 12,455,970
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	44.22%	44.81%	44.81%	39.50%	38.57%	38.30%	35.11%	29.85%	29.64%	33.23%
Correctional Officers' Comprehensive Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 9,263,190	\$ 9,525,885	\$ 9,198,374	\$ 7,363,022	\$ 6,361,469	\$ 6,655,547	\$ 6,196,486	\$ 5,082,212	\$ 5,001,190	\$ 4,932,268
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	9,263,190	9,525,885	9,198,374	7,363,022	6,361,469	6,655,547	6,196,486	5,082,212	5,001,190	4,932,268
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 26,127,022	\$ 26,668,372	\$ 25,545,117	\$ 26,087,235	\$ 23,470,084	\$ 25,215,683	\$ 24,347,628	\$ 23,217,583	\$ 24,013,591	\$ 22,030,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	35.45%	35.72%	36.01%	28.22%	27.10%	26.39%	25.45%	21.89%	20.83%	22.39%

		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	2010		2009			2008
Deputy Sheriff's Supplemental Actuarially determined contribution	\$	809,300	\$	846,400	\$	815,900	\$	768,500		652,200	\$	274,717	\$	257,053	<i>*</i>	255,608		214,001	\$	224.410
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Þ	809,300	Þ	846,400	Þ	815,900	Þ	768,500	\$	652,200	Þ	274,717	Þ	257,053	\$	255,608	\$	214,001	Þ	224,419
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	458,558	\$	506,489	\$	579,946	\$	558,262	\$	717,237	\$	1,021,708	\$	1,105,715	\$	1,307,494	\$	1,259,659	\$	1,292,922
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	,	176.49%	•	167.11%	,	140.69%	,	137.66%	,	90.93%	•	26.89%	,	23.25%	•	19.55%	•	16.99%	,	17.36%
Correctional Officers' Supplemental Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	517,388	\$	620,834	\$	675,703	\$	559,655	\$	528,851	\$	568,320	\$	546,421	\$	142,397	\$	149,743	\$	167,390
determined contribution		517,388		620,834		675,703		559,655		528,851		568,320		546,421		142,397		149,743		167,390
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	1,211,915	\$	1,451,278	\$	1,567,767	\$	1,613,254	\$	1,547,850	\$	1,689,161	\$	1,726,284	\$	1,825,432	\$	1,940,038	\$	2,075,209
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		42.69%		42.78%		43.10%		34.69%		34.17%		33.65%		31.65%		7.80%		7.72%		8.07%
Crossing Guards Actuarially determined contribution	\$	77,415	\$	85,297	\$	87,270	\$	81,888	\$	86,674	\$	85,002	\$	79,090	\$	74,880	\$	85,965	\$	78,794
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		77,415		85,297		87,270		81,888		86,674		85,002		79,090		74,880		85,965		78,794
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	1,458,659	\$	1,606,345	\$	1,568,767	\$	1,478,859	\$	1,576,052	\$	1,560,515	\$	1,480,461	\$	1,635,018	\$	1,666,680	\$	1,596,052
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.31%		5.31%		5.56%		5.54%		5.50%		5.45%		5.34%		4.58%		5.16%		4.94%
AFSCME Actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,034,645	\$	3,248,913	\$	4,203,607	\$	3,924,252	\$	3,876,642	\$	4,063,116	\$	3,907,035	\$	3,761,772	\$	4,100,704	\$	3,978,481
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Ψ	3,034,645	Ψ	3,248,913	4	4,203,607	Ÿ	3,924,252	Ÿ	3,876,642	Ψ	4,063,116	4	3,907,035	4	3,761,772	Ţ	4,100,704	Ψ	3,978,481
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	_
Covered payroll	\$	46,925,851	\$	50,063,087	\$	51,962,760	\$	54,596,819	\$	54,115,932	\$	56,189,039	\$	54,702,748	\$	57,385,298	\$	59,410,466	\$	55,667,983
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.47%		6.49%		8.09%		7.19%		7.16%		7.23%		7.14%		6.56%		6.90%		7.15%

	 2017	 2016	_	2015		2014		2013	 2012	2011	2010	 2009	 2008
General Schedule Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 6,432,619	\$ 6,607,768	\$	7,757,860	\$	7,189,526	\$	6,269,930	\$ 6,225,415	\$ 5,687,109	\$ 5,355,284	\$ 5,477,978	\$ 5,104,563
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	6,432,619	6,607,768		7,757,860		7,189,526		6,269,930	6,225,415	5,687,109	5,355,284	5,477,978	5,104,563
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 89,346,878	\$ 91,566,772	\$	92,547,260	\$	96,687,856	\$	83,866,383	\$ 84,317,601	\$ 79,224,231	\$ 81,358,176	\$ 81,562,184	\$ 77,971,726
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.20%	7.22%		8.38%		7.44%		7.48%	7.38%	7.18%	6.58%	6.72%	6.55%
Fire Civilian Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 436,162	\$ 474,312	\$	511,188	\$	455,754	\$	412,724	\$ 425,660	\$ 374,931	\$ 339,173	\$ 346,042	\$ 350,325
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	436,162	474,312		511,188		455,754		412,724	425,660	374,931	339,173	346,042	350,325
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 3,671,858	\$ 3,934,806	\$	3,772,598	\$	4,007,893	\$	3,634,202	\$ 3,879,187	\$ 3,935,198	\$ 4,213,435	\$ 4,280,833	\$ 4,154,906
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.88%	12.05%		13.55%		11.37%		11.36%	10.97%	9.53%	8.05%	8.08%	8.43%
Police Civilian Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 746,382	\$ 845,730	\$	1,089,407	\$	1,068,827	\$	998,499	\$ 1,050,281	\$ 968,151	\$ 882,194	\$ 956,128	\$ 892,370
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	746,382	845,730		1,089,407		1,068,827		998,499	1,050,281	968,151	882,194	956,128	892,370
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 15,614,385	\$ 17,408,900	\$	17,614,642	\$	19,058,383	\$	17,251,532	\$ 17,910,236	\$ 17,347,443	\$ 17,631,392	\$ 17,799,883	\$ 16,006,191
Contributions as a percentage of payroll	4.78%	4.86%		6.18%		5.61%		5.79%	5.86%	5.58%	5.00%	5.37%	5.58%
					Requi Sche	ice Georges Coun red Supplemental edule of County C ical Year 2014 thr	y Info	ormation outions					
MSRPS Contractually required contribution		\$ 13,366,027	\$	15,363,699	\$	16,220,418							
Contributions in relation to the contractually determined contribution		13,366,027		15,363,699		16,220,418							
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ 	\$	-	\$	-							
Covered payroll		\$ 198,403,627	\$	195,770,350	\$	196,774,400							
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.74%		7.85%		8.24%							

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

This sub-section contains the Combining and Individual Fund Statements for the General Fund, Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Internal Service Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and Nonmajor Component Units. Also included are Supplementary Schedules.



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not legally or by sound financial management required to be accounted for in another fund.

	PRINCE GEC	DRGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Balance Sheet General Fund June 30, 2017	<u>EXHIDIT B-1</u>
Assets Cash and investments Taxes receivable: Property taxes Less allowance for uncollectible taxes Net property taxes	\$ 79,935,180 18,293,234 (13,745,787) 4,547,447	Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balance Liabilities: Compensated absences and termination benefits payable Accounts payable Accrued costs Unearned revenue	\$ 417,877 36,991,548 27,215,624 15,483,213
Accounts receivable Less allowance for uncollectible accounts Net accounts receivable	42,763,998 (1,089,269) 41,674,729	Deposits Due to Revenue Authority Total liabilities	36,787,948 10,181,942 127,078,152
Notes receivable	16,849,107	Deferred Inflow of Resources: Unavailable revenue - income taxes Unavailable revenue - property tax Unavailable revenue - other Total deferred inflow of resources	66,792,425 4,547,446 1,365,893 72,705,764
Accrued interest receivable	208,764		72,705,764
Due from other funds: Capital Projects Stormwater Management OPEB Total due from other funds	309,500,000 25,000,000 1,125,000 335,625,000	Fund balance: Nonspendable Restricted Economic stabilization Equipment purchases Total Restricted	2,010,022 157,467,470 27,870,978 185,338,448
Due from component units: Housing Authority, net of allowance Revenue Authority Community Television Total due from component units	4,979,032 474,320 450,000 5,903,352	Committed - Operating Reserve Assigned Economic Development Local Impact Grant Summer Youth Enrichment Program	62,986,988 35,624,910 178,659 1,572,940
Due from other governmental units: State Federal Other Total due from other governmental units	138,831,773 277,656 12,081,348 151,190,777	Property Sales and Acquisition Other Total Assigned Unassigned	1,473,415 9,438,638 48,288,562
Inventories, at average cost Cash and investments-restricted Other assets	2,010,022 27,864,382 50,000 \$ 665,858,760	Total fund balance	466,074,844 \$ 665,858,760

Exhibit B-1

92,559,657

387,887,045

(14,371,858)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2017

Taxes \$ 1,706,425,548 Licenses and permits 47,551,850 Fines and forfeitures 14,070,017 Use of money and property 3,724,472 Charges for services 48,991,951 Intergovernmental 47,347,209 Miscellaneous 3,905,879 Total revenues 1,872,016,926 Expenditures: 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201) Total other financing sources (uses) (77,956,441)	Revenues:	
Fines and forfeitures 14,070,017 Use of money and property 3,724,472 Charges for services 48,991,951 Intergovernmental 47,347,209 Miscellaneous 3,905,879 Total revenues 1,872,016,926 Expenditures: 211,424,101 General government 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Taxes	\$ 1,706,425,548
Use of money and property 3,724,772 Charges for services 48,991,951 Intergovernmental 47,347,209 Miscellaneous 3,905,879 Total revenues 1,872,016,926 Expenditures: 2 General government 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Licenses and permits	47,551,850
Charges for services 48,991,951 Intergovernmental 47,347,209 Miscellaneous 3,905,879 Total revenues 1,872,016,926 Expenditures:	Fines and forfeitures	14,070,017
Intergovernmental 47,347,209 Miscellaneous 3,905,879 Total revenues 1,872,016,926 Expenditures: 211,424,101 General government 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Use of money and property	3,724,472
Miscellaneous 3,905,879 Total revenues 1,872,016,926 Expenditures: 211,424,101 General government 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Charges for services	48,991,951
Total revenues 3,872,016,926 Expenditures: 211,424,101 General government 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Intergovernmental	47,347,209
Expenditures: 211,424,101 General government 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing Transfers out - other funds 30,686,760	Miscellaneous	 3,905,879
General government 211,424,101 Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Total revenues	 1,872,016,926
Public safety 655,742,034 Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Expenditures:	
Environmental 3,502,882 Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): 30,686,760 Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	General government	211,424,101
Health and Human Services 28,885,737 Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 0ther financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing Transfers out - other funds 28,885,737 22,951,425 25,058,749 25,058,749 25,058,749 25,058,749 26,008 27,0516,098 27,0516,098 28,885,737 22,951,425 22,95	Public safety	655,742,034
Infrastructure and Development 22,951,425 Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Environmental	3,502,882
Payments to component units 753,935,900 Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Health and Human Services	28,885,737
Debt Service 25,058,749 Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Infrastructure and Development	22,951,425
Total expenditures 1,701,500,828 Excess of revenues over expenditures 170,516,098 Other financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing 30,686,760 Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	Payments to component units	753,935,900
Excess of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing Transfers out - other funds 170,516,098 30,686,760 (108,643,201)	Debt Service	 25,058,749
Other financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing Transfers out - other funds 30,686,760 (108,643,201)	Total expenditures	 1,701,500,828
Other financing sources (uses): Purchase agreement financing Transfers out - other funds 30,686,760 (108,643,201)	Excess of revenues over expenditures	170 516 098
Transfers out - other funds (108,643,201)	•	 170,310,030
	Purchase agreement financing	30,686,760
	Transfers out - other funds	(108,643,201)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	

Excess of revenues and other financing sources under

expenditures and other uses

Fund balance, beginning of year

Prior Period Adjustment - Note 23 Fund balance, end of year

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Revenue-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Budget Actual Revenues			Variance Positive		
	As Revised	General Fund	Economic Incentive	Property Management	<u>Total</u>	(Negative)
General property taxes:						
Real property (net of credits)	\$ 723,300,600	740,984,626	_	-	740,984,626	17,684,026
Unincorporated business personal property	4,260,600	1,421,594	-	=	1,421,594	(2,839,006)
Railroad and public utility	34,249,400	35,134,073	-	=	35,134,073	884,673
Corporate personal property	33,553,800	49,644,272		<u> </u>	49,644,272	16,090,472
Total general property taxes	795,364,400	827,184,565		<u> </u>	827,184,565	31,820,165
Local taxes:						
Income	561,316,900	559,400,547	-	-	559,400,547	(1,916,353)
State income disparity grant	30,175,200	26,631,763	-	-	26,631,763	(3,543,437)
Recordation	45,272,700	46,617,973	-	-	46,617,973	1,345,273
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes	3,201,400	3,454,875	-	-	3,454,875	253,475
Transfer	105,525,500	113,354,607	-	-	113,354,607	7,829,107
Trailer camp	35,000	41,685	-	-	41,685	6,685
Hotel/motel	9,600,200	9,971,743	-	-	9,971,743	371,543
Amusement	16,838,000	15,002,686	-	-	15,002,686	(1,835,314)
Telecommunications tax	32,289,700	29,305,472	-	-	29,305,472	(2,984,228)
Energy tax	69,188,600	71,865,024			71,865,024	2,676,424
Total local taxes	873,443,200	875,646,375			875,646,375	2,203,175
Shared taxes:						
Gas and motor vehicle	2,981,500	3,107,973	-	-	3,107,973	126,473
State transfer taxes	750,000	486,635	_		486,635	(263,365)
	3,731,500	3,594,608		<u> </u>	3,594,608	(136,892)
Total taxes	1,672,539,100	1,706,425,548	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,706,425,548	33,886,448

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Revenue-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis), Continued General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2017

							Variance
		Budget			Revenues		Positive
		As Revised	General Fund	Economic Incentive	Property Management	<u>Total</u>	(Negative)
Licenses and permits:							
Street privileges and permits	\$	5,215,700	4,671,350	-	-	4,671,350	(544,350)
Liquor license and permits		1,900,000	2,328,566	-	-	2,328,566	428,566
Traders		900,700	875,928	-	-	875,928	(24,772)
Hawkers and peddlers		57,300	105,072	-	-	105,072	47,772
Taxicab		537,600	407,900	-	-	407,900	(129,700)
Bonder's license fees		485,000	621,669	-	-	621,669	136,669
Animal registration		125,000	98,879	-	-	98,879	(26,121)
Mechanics		13,100	17,869	-	-	17,869	4,769
Electrical licenses		140,700	299,828	-	-	299,828	159,128
Building permits		16,281,900	19,918,411	-	-	19,918,411	3,636,511
Single family and apartment rental license fee		2,734,300	3,789,081	-	-	3,789,081	1,054,781
New sign permits		87,400	100,463	-	-	100,463	13,063
Burglar alarm		524,300	445,582	-	-	445,582	(78,718)
Benefit performance and casino permits		-	3,491	-	-	3,491	3,491
Board of registration - contractor's fee		5,100	11,256	-	-	11,256	6,156
Health permits		2,200,000	2,591,506	-	-	2,591,506	391,506
Secondhand dealers		7,500	29,768	-	-	29,768	22,268
Casino Revenue		11,600,400	11,153,583			11,153,583	(446,817)
Other	_	1,618,300	81,648			81,648	(1,536,652)
Total licenses and permits	_	44,434,300	47,551,850			47,551,850	3,117,550
Fines and forfeitures:							
Motor vehicles		1,177,400	654,747	-	-	654,747	(522,653)
Animal		45,000	62,840	-	-	62,840	17,840
Automated Speed Enforcement		7,961,200	7,173,439	-	-	7,173,439	(787,761)
Traffic Light		3,679,400	6,010,934	-	-	6,010,934	2,331,534
Other		50,000	168,057	-	-	168,057	118,057
Total fines and forfeitures		12,913,000	14,070,017	-	-	14,070,017	1,157,017

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Revenue-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis), Continued General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Budget Actual Revenues						Variance Positive
		As Revised	General Fund	Economic Incentive	Property Management	Total	(Negative)
Use of money and property:		10 11011000	ocitoral Fatta	20011011110 2111001111110	. roperty riamagement	10001	(Trogative)
Interest and dividends	\$	3,975,000	632,471	238,971	-	871,442	(3,103,558)
Telephone commissions	Ψ.	377,300	333,352	-	-	333,352	(43,948)
Rental of County-owned property		2,182,500	1,185,453	_	-	1,185,453	(997,047)
Xerox commissions		69,300	84,520	_	-	84,520	15,220
Vending machines and cafeteria commissions		75,000	47,015	_	-	47,015	(27,985)
Other use of money and property		575,500	27,339	1,175,351	-	1,202,690	627,190
Total use of money and property	_	7,254,600	2,310,150	1,414,322		3,724,472	(3,530,128)
Charges for services:							
Sheriff's fees		3,416,000	3,181,167	_	_	3,181,167	(234,833)
Zoning Appeals Board fee		23,500	36,376			36,376	12,876
Tax certification fees		37,650	26,200	_		26,200	(11,450)
Tax collection service		65,000	65,000			65,000	(11,750)
Health fees		1,792,200	1,441,503	_	_	1,441,503	(350,697)
Appearance and witness fees		173,900	164,825	_		164,825	(9,075)
Emergency transport and related services		13,313,800	14,857,735			14,857,735	1,543,935
Tax sale cost recoveries		61,450	62,079			62,079	629
Housing - State prisoners		548,900	463,725	_	_	463,725	(85,175)
Housing - State prisoners Housing - Federal prisoners		269,900	69,058	_	_	69,058	(200,842)
Contractual police services		201,000	867,542	-	-	867,542	666,542
Fire inspection fee		300,000	302,566	-	-	302,566	2,566
Inmate commissions		356,200		-	-	,	,
		400	268,627	-	-	268,627	(87,573)
County sales			100.041	-	-	100.041	(400)
Animal control fees		165,400	189,941	-	-	189,941	24,541
Circuit Court marriage ceremonies		20,900	33,500	-	-	33,500	12,600
Public safety surcharge		-	1,530,495	-	-	1,530,495	1,530,495
Local 911 fee		6,336,100	6,717,571	-	-	6,717,571	381,471
Cable franchise fees		12,651,000	13,309,259	-	-	13,309,259	658,259
Stadium contract revenue		1,112,000	1,824,191	-	-	1,824,191	712,191
MGM Contract Revenue			1,682,720			1,682,720	1,682,720
Jury fees reimbursements		786,400	595,380	-	-	595,380	(191,020)
Sex offenders registration fee		170,000	-	-	-	-	(170,000)
Interpreter fee		382,000	453,121	=	-	453,121	71,121
Other	_	240,300	849,370		<u> </u>	849,370	609,070
Total charges for services		42,424,000	48,991,951		<u> </u>	48,991,951	6,567,951

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Revenue-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis), Continued General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Budget Actual Revenues					Variance Positive	
		As Revised	General Fund	Economic Incentive	Property Management	<u>Total</u>	(Negative)
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Police protection	\$	11,517,700	11,441,046	-	-	11,441,046	(76,654)
Land management		-	10,514	-	=	10,514	10,514
Health Department - State share		6,644,500	12,449,545	-	=	12,449,545	5,805,045
Racing grant		1,000,000	1,000,000	-	=	1,000,000	-
Fish and wildlife service		150,000	180,403	-	-	180,403	30,403
Teacher Retirement grant		9,628,700	9,628,702	-	-	9,628,702	2
FEMA Reimbursement		-	639,193	-	-	639,193	639,193
State grants		50,000	492,131	-	-	492,131	442,131
Federal grants		268,500	1,410,062	-	-	1,410,062	1,141,562
DSS salary reimbursement		228,200	146,839	-	-	146,839	(81,361)
M-NCPPC reimbursement		9,954,900	9,045,476	-	-	9,045,476	(909,424)
Other	_	-	903,298		- -	903,298	903,298
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	39,442,500	47,347,209		<u> </u>	47,347,209	7,904,709
Miscellaneous revenues:							
Cedarville state forest		-	20,978	-	-	20,978	20,978
Sale of surplus property		200,000	212,794	-	-	212,794	12,794
Sale of voter lists		6,700	4,728	-	=	4,728	(1,972)
Sale of accident reports and photos		138,800	120,928	-	-	120,928	(17,872)
Other miscellaneous sales		60,300	63,570	-	956,806	1,020,376	960,076
Miscellaneous revenue	_	900,000	2,526,075			2,526,075	1,626,075
Total miscellaneous revenues	_	1,305,800	2,949,073		956,806	3,905,879	2,600,079
	\$	1,820,313,300	1,869,645,798	1,414,322	956,806	1,872,016,926	51,703,626

Exhibit B-4

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

		Year ended June 30, 2017				
General Government:	_	Budget <u>as revised</u>	Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)		
County Executive:						
Compensation	\$	4,274,200	4,105,445	168,755		
Fringe benefits	7	1,072,800	938,195	134,605		
Other current expenses	_	371,000	342,058	28,942		
Total County Executive	_	5,718,000	5,385,698	332,302		
Legislative Branch:						
Compensation		10,000,800	9,519,762	481,038		
Fringe benefits		3,080,300	2,620,872	459,428		
Other current expenses		4,305,100	2,807,377	1,497,723		
Capital Outlay		29,400	-	29,400		
Project charges	_	(1,188,100)	(1,193,265)	5,165		
Total Legislative Branch	_	16,227,500	13,754,746	2,472,754		
Office of Ethics and Accountability:						
Compensation		419,100	417,520	1,580		
Fringe benefits		117,500	119,031	(1,531)		
Other current expenses	_	50,200	50,249	(49)		
Total Office of Ethics and Accountability	_	586,800	586,800	<u>-</u> _		
Circuit Court:						
Compensation		9,539,500	9,256,660	282,840		
Fringe benefits		3,173,100	2,755,107	417,993		
Other current expenses		3,578,800	3,352,282	226,518		
Project charges	_	(129,400)	(46,253)	(83,147)		
Total Circuit Court	_	16,162,000	15,317,796	844,204		
				(Continued)		

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Year ended June 30, 2017				
General Government, continued:	Budget as revised	Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Orphan's Court:					
	314,400	315,910	(1,510)		
Fringe benefits	90,400	87,294	3,106		
Other current expenses	17,100	14,545	2,555		
Other current expenses	17,100	17,575	2,333		
Total Orphan's Court	421,900	417,749	4,151		
Personnel Board:					
Compensation	196,100	196,985	(885)		
Fringe benefits	51,200	46,471	4,729		
Other current expenses	84,100	75,692	8,408		
Total Personnel Board	331,400	319,148	12,252		
Office of Finance:					
Compensation	4,461,700	4,474,203	(12,503)		
Fringe benefits	1,462,100	1,406,848	55,252		
Other current expenses	883,600	867,192	16,408		
Project charges	(3,134,200)	(3,133,951)	(249)		
Total Office of Finance	3,673,200	3,614,292	58,908		
Citizen Complaint Oversight Panel:					
Compensation	127,200	140,790	(13,590)		
Fringe benefits	44,300	44,200	100		
Other current expenses	93,100	79,610	13,490		
Total Citizen Complaint Oversight Panel	264,600	264,600			

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing

Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

		Year ended June 30, 2017			
		Budget as revised	Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)	
General Government, continued:					
Office of Community Relations: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses	\$	3,020,700 918,400 381,700	2,766,374 843,818 347,126	254,326 74,582 34,574	
Total Office of Community Relations		4,320,800	3,957,318	363,482	
Peoples Zoning Council: Other current expenses	_	250,000	250,000		
Total Peoples Zoning Council		250,000	250,000	-	
Office of Management and Budget: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges	_	2,133,900 648,700 146,300 (508,400)	1,977,004 558,286 151,873 (272,293)	156,896 90,414 (5,573) (236,107)	
Total Office of Management and Budget		2,420,500	2,414,870	5,630	
Board of License Commissioners: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Capital Outlay	_	883,600 334,000 86,200 100,000	738,727 304,355 113,694 -	144,873 29,645 (27,494) 100,000	
Total Board of License Commissioners		1,403,800	1,156,776	247,024	
Office of Law: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges	_	4,692,200 1,428,100 441,400 (2,832,800)	4,587,090 1,321,980 414,200 (2,594,370)	105,110 106,120 27,200 (238,430)	
Total Office of Law	_	3,728,900	3,728,900	-	
				(Continued)	

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2017

	_	Year ended June 30, 2017				
		Budget <u>as revised</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)		
General Government, continued:						
Office of Human Resource Management: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges	\$	5,418,400 1,383,200 1,083,100 (1,976,000)	4,794,873 1,233,936 1,097,976 (1,933,049)	623,527 149,264 (14,876) (42,951)		
Total Office of Human Resource Management	_	5,908,700	5,193,736	714,964		
Board of Elections: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses	_	4,118,800 555,900 817,100	4,047,649 536,369 800,292	71,151 19,531 16,808		
Total Board of Elections	_	5,491,800	5,384,310	107,490		
Office of Central Services: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges	_	9,390,100 3,074,200 8,383,600 (1,801,800)	8,345,148 2,775,919 7,767,178 (1,039,086)	1,044,952 298,281 616,422 (762,714)		
Total Office of Central Services	_	19,046,100	17,849,159	1,196,941		
Property Management: Other current expenses	_	300,000	195,405	104,595		
Total Property Management	_	300,000	195,405	104,595		
Collington Center: Other current expenses	_	5,000	5,000	-		
Total Collington Center	_	5,000	5,000	-		
				(Continued)		

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

		Year ended June 30, 2017				
				Variance		
		Budget		Positive		
		as revised	Expenditures	(Negative)		
General Government, continued:						
Non-Departmental:						
Grants to community organizations	\$	4,616,600	4,758,990	(142,390)		
Grants to governmental groups		250,000	274,325	(24,325)		
Grants and contributions to component units		14,586,800	14,586,800	-		
Memberships		646,800	634,784	12,016		
Economic Development		5,150,800	4,567,612	583,188		
Economic Development Incentive		9,000,000	2,703,972	6,296,028		
Conference and Visitors Bureau		743,200	743,200	-		
Discretionary Grants		3,582,000	2,632,000	950,000		
General Fund insurance payments		8,956,600	8,956,600	-		
Judgments - associated legal and						
professional expenses		200,000	642	199,358		
Professional Service		13,858,300	15,031,133	(1,172,833)		
Postage		1,510,000	1,087,858	422,142		
Utilities and leases		58,702,500	51,908,441	6,794,059		
Vehicle Purchase		3,324,300	2,329,605	994,695		
Debt payments		2,884,200	266,696	2,617,504		
Debt issuance costs		9,200	11,925	(2,725)		
Project charges		(3,517,700)	(3,592,254)	74,554		
Grant to Dimensions Health Corporation		15,000,000	15,000,000	-		
Interest		700,000	378,278	321,722		
Group Health (Retirees)		28,048,400	28,048,400	-		
Group Life (Retirees)		1,000,000	1,089,608	(89,608)		
Unemployment Compensation		524,100	461,590	62,510		
Deferred compensation contributions		100,000	94,875	5,125		
Retired county personnel pension						
payments		50,000	44,602	5,398		
Compensated Absences		-	77,815	(77,815)		
Summer Youth Programs		2,337,200	2,198,678	138,522		
Workers Compensation		-	521,516	(521,516)		
Other miscellaneous	_	712,600	1,059,883	(347,283)		
Total Non-Departmental	_	172,975,900	155,877,574	17,098,326		
Total General Government	_	259,236,900	235,673,877	23,563,023		
				(Continued)		

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

		Year ended June 30, 2017							
		Budget <u>as revised</u>	Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Public Safety:									
Office of the State's Attorney:									
Compensation	\$	11,604,200	11,492,436	111,764					
Fringe benefits		3,761,400	3,410,433	350,967					
Other current expenses		1,551,100	1,647,928	(96,828)					
Project charges		(179,000)	(89,404)	(89,596)					
Total Office of the State's Attorney	_	16,737,700	16,461,393	276,307					
Police Department:									
Compensation		176,733,200	172,558,879	4,174,321					
Fringe benefits		102,500,800	97,157,145	5,343,655					
Other current expenses		30,855,900	27,563,455	3,292,445					
Capital Outlay		955,000	710,925	244,075					
Project charges		(395,000)	(255,910)	(139,090)					
Total Police Department		310,649,900	297,734,494	12,915,406					
Fire Department:									
Fire Department									
Compensation		90,301,300	90,367,457	(66,157)					
Fringe benefits		63,567,300	64,611,329	(1,044,029)					
Other current expenses		21,313,900	20,394,354	919,546					
Capital Outlay		722,000	237,518	484,482					
Project charges		(98,000)	(319,851)	221,851					
Total Fire Department	_	175,806,500	175,290,807	515,693					
Sheriff's Department:									
Compensation		25,903,100	25,453,055	450,045					
Fringe benefits		14,862,800	15,189,890	(327,090)					
Other current expenses		5,227,900	4,332,895	895,005					
Project charges	_	-	(13,570)	13,570					
Total Sheriff's Department		45,993,800	44,962,270	1,031,530					
				(Continued)					

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing

Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

	Year ended June 30, 2017							
Public Safety, continued:		dget <u>evised</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>		Variance Positive (Negative)			
•								
Department of Corrections: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges	22 11	,891,500 ,693,900 ,692,800 (180,000)	48,321,1 22,014,4 11,222,9 (187,6	80 29	1,570,357 679,420 469,871 7,616			
Total Department of Corrections	84	,098,200	81,370,9	36	2,727,264			
Office of Homeland Security: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Capital outlay Project charges	3	,884,800 ,852,600 ,811,100 82,900	12,465,4 3,530,1 9,039,2 29,6 (27,8	52 49 00	419,326 322,448 (228,149) 53,300 27,860			
Total Office of Homeland Security	25	,631,400	25,036,6	<u> 15</u>	594,785			
Total Public Safety	658	,917,500	640,856,5	15	18,060,985			
Environmental:								
Soil Conservation: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges		,040,200 325,600 14,400 ,380,200)	1,006,1 290,5 14,0 (1,310,7	37 20	34,002 35,063 380 (69,445)			
Total Soil Conservation								
Department of the Environment: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges Total Department of the Environment Total Environmental	2 1 (5	,378,500 ,047,200 ,095,600 ,671,300) ,850,000	5,700,5 2,218,6 1,054,8 (5,556,1 3,417,9	04 98 80) 06	677,916 (171,404) 40,702 (115,120) 432,094			
					(Continued)			

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Year ended June 30, 2017								
Health and Human Services:		Budget <u>as revised</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)						
Department of Family Services:										
Compensation	\$	1,573,300	1,471,701	101,599						
Fringe benefits	Ψ	406,900	400,881	6,019						
Other current expenses		2,294,900	2,161,394	133,506						
Project charges		(158,200)	(48,104)	(110,096)						
Total Department of Family Services		4,116,900	3,985,872	131,028						
Health Department:										
Compensation		13,810,100	13,256,133	553,967						
Fringe benefits		4,931,400	4,248,205	683,195						
Other current expenses		5,310,500	5,842,874	(532,374)						
Project charges		(2,267,000)	(1,913,269)	(353,731)						
Total Health Department		21,785,000	21,433,943	351,057						
Department of Social Services:										
Compensation		2,138,500	1,628,724	509,776						
Fringe benefits		478,600	374,534	104,066						
Other current expenses	_	1,664,700	1,462,664	202,036						
Total Department of Social Services		4,281,800	3,465,922	815,878						
Total Health and Human Services		30,183,700	28,885,737	1,297,963						

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Year ended June 30, 2017								
Infrastructure and Development:		Budget <u>as revised</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Department of Public Works and Transportation: Compensation	\$	14,396,100	14,059,674	336,426					
Fringe benefits Other current expenses Capital Outlay		5,119,200 40,611,500 1,910,000	4,372,842 40,274,834 -	746,358 336,666 1,910,000					
Project charges	_	(52,439,400)	(49,109,950)	(3,329,450)					
Total Department of Public Works and Transportation	_	9,597,400	9,597,400						
Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement:									
Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses Project charges	_	17,163,600 5,869,800 4,590,600 (19,105,300)	16,930,244 5,230,559 4,814,132 (18,456,235)	233,356 639,241 (223,532) (649,065)					
Total Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement	_	8,518,700	8,518,700						
Department of Housing and Community Development: Compensation Fringe benefits Other current expenses	_	2,258,500 713,700 902,900	2,140,422 664,886 976,121	118,078 48,814 (73,221)					
Total Department of Housing and Community Development	_	3,875,100	3,781,429	93,671					
Total Infrastructure and Development	_	21,991,200	21,897,529	93,671					

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Compared with Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund

		Year ended June 30, 2017									
		Budget <u>as revised</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)							
Payments to Component Units:	\$										
Board of Education Community College Memorial Library	_	699,448,100 34,872,800 19,615,000	699,448,100 34,872,800 19,615,000	- - -							
Total payments to component units	_	753,935,900	753,935,900								
Total expenditures	\$_	1,728,115,200	1,684,667,464	43,447,736							
Transfers out:											
Special revenue funds Capital projects fund Debt service fund	\$	(82,000) (5,252,400) (110,754,200)	(82,000) (4,993,446) (103,567,755)	- 258,954 7,186,445							
Total transfers out	_	(116,088,600)	(108,643,201)	7,445,399							
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	(116,088,600)	(108,643,201)	7,445,399							



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Domestic Violence Fund - to account for the receipt of revenue from marriage license fees to finance the costs of shelters for homeless spouses who are the object of domestic violence.

Drug Enforcement and Education Fund - to account for the proceeds from the forfeiture or sale of property seized as a result of the enforcement of drug laws, which will finance costs associated with the County's drug enforcement and education activities.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the payment of general long-term debt of the County (not serviced by Enterprise Funds), including state participation loans and service charges.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

<u>Assets</u>	Domestic <u>Violence</u>	Drug Enforcement and <u>Education</u>	<u>Total</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agents Due from other governmental units Restricted cash and investments	\$ 144,203 - 36,010 - 180,213	12,227,114 - - - - - 12,227,114	12,371,317 - 36,010 - 12,407,327	12,822 20,728,047 - 9,104,428 	12,384,139 20,728,047 36,010 9,104,428 42,252,624
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>					
Liabilities: Accounts payable		2,175	2,175	12,822	14,997
Total liabilities		2,175	2,175	12,822	14,997
Fund balances: Restricted Assigned	180,213	8,149,469 4,075,470	8,329,682 4,075,470	29,832,475 	38,162,157 4,075,470
Total fund balances	180,213	12,224,939	12,405,152	29,832,475	42,237,627
	\$ 180,213	12,227,114	12,407,327	29,845,297	42,252,624

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Drug			
		Enforcement			
	Domestic	and		Debt	
	<u>Violence</u>	<u>Education</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:	*			2 441 210	2 441 210
Taxes	\$ -	-	-	2,441,219	2,441,219
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	381,485	1 142 070	381,485	-	381,485
Use of money and property:	-	1,143,970	1,143,970	-	1,143,970
Interest and dividends	_	51,446	51,446	72,105	123,551
Charges for services	_	J1, 11 0	51,770	28,504,887	28,504,887
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	3,421,759	3,421,759
Sale of property	_	83,062	83,062	5,121,755	83,062
Total revenues	381,485	1,278,478	1,659,963	34,439,970	36,099,933
Expenditures:					
General government	_	35,359	35,359	12,822	48,181
Public safety	_	1,034,108	1,034,108	12,022	1,034,108
Health and Human Services	347,468	-	347,468	_	347,468
Debt service:	,		,		,
Principal retirement	-	-	-	92,905,000	92,905,000
Interest				50,029,119	50,029,119
Total expenditures	347,468	1,069,467	1,416,935	142,946,941	144,363,876
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	34,017	209,011	243,028	(108,506,971)	(108,263,943)
Other financing sources (uses):	34,017	209,011	243,020	(100,300,371)	(100,203,943)
Bond premium	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers in - other funds	82,000	_	82,000	105,836,332	105,918,332
Transfers out- other funds	-		-	-	-
Bonds issued - refunding	-	-	-	-	-
Bond premium - refunding	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunding escrow agent					
Total other financing sources (uses)	82,000		82,000	105,836,332	105,918,332
Net change in fund balances	116,017	209,011	325,028	(2,670,639)	(2,345,611)
Fund balances, beginning of year	64,196	12,015,928	12,080,124	32,503,114	44,583,238
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 180,213	12,224,939	12,405,152	29,832,475	42,237,627

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual, Continued Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2017

			Domestic	Violence		Drug Enforcement and Education				Totals			
		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Licenses and permits Interest and Dividends Fines and forfeitures Sale of property	\$	308,000	308,000 - -	381,485 - -	73,485 - -	50,000 1,450,000 10,000	50,000 1,450,000 10,000	- 51,446 1,143,970 83,062	- 1,446 (306,030) 73,062	308,000 50,000 1,450,000 10,000	308,000 50,000 1,450,000 10,000	381,485 51,446 1,143,970 83,062	73,485 1,446 (306,030) 73,062
Total revenues	_	308,000	308,000	381,485	73,485	1,510,000	1,510,000	1,278,478	(231,522)	1,818,000	1,818,000	1,659,963	(158,037)
Expenditures:								25.250	(25.250)			25.250	(25.250)
General government Public safety Health and human services		390,000	- - 440,000	- - 347,468	- - 92,532	1,815,000	1,815,000	35,359 1,034,108	(35,359) 780,892	1,815,000 390,000	1,815,000 440,000	35,359 1,034,108 347,468	(35,359) 780,892 92,532
Total expenditures		390,000	440,000	347,468	92,532	1,815,000	1,815,000	1,069,467	745,533	2,205,000	2,255,000	1,416,935	838,065
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(82,000)	(132,000)	34,017	166,017	(305,000)	(305,000)	209,011	514,011	(387,000)	(437,000)	243,028	680,028
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in - other funds Appropriated fund balance		82,000	59,000 73,000	82,000	(23,000) 73,000	305,000	305,000	<u>-</u>	(305,000)	82,000 305,000	59,000 378,000	82,000	23,000 (378,000)
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in rung palances	_	82,000	132,000	82,000	50,000	305,000	305,000		(305,000)	387,000	437,000	82,000	(355,000)
(budgetary basis)	\$			116,017	216,017			209,011	209,011			325,028	325,028
Fund balances, beginning of year basis)				64,196 180,213				12,015,928 12,224,939				12,080,124 12,405,152	

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Primary Government and to other government units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Self-Insurance Funds - to provide insurance protection to the Primary Government and the participating Component Unit Entities - Board of Education, Library, and Community College. The Life and Health Benefits Fund provides coverage for the Primary Government and Library employees. The Unemployment Compensation Fund covers required payments to the State of Maryland Unemployment Compensation Fund.

Vehicle Maintenance Fund - to account for the activities which provide the maintenance and repair services for County-owned vehicles.

Computer Services Fund - to provide for computer and office automation services to County departments and agencies.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2017

Self-Insurance Funds

Self-Insurance Funds									
Assets	Unemployment Compensation	Property <u>Loss</u>	Automobile <u>Liability</u>	Worker's Compensation	General <u>Liability</u>	Life and Health <u>Benefits</u>	Vehicle Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Computer Services <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$ 254,773	75,055	3,335,325	16,974,321	11,505,424	42,778,334	11,721,099	11,530,201	98,174,532
Accounts receivable	-	-	108,575	115,384	103,822	296,962	285,555	1,875,025	2,785,323
Accrued interest receivable	-	77	1,116	33,745	770	-	-	-	35,708
Due from other governmental units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	386,994	386,994
Inventories, at cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	669,084	38,108	707,192
Prepaid costs and deposits		-		-	6,564	95,088			101,652
Total current assets	254,773	75,132	3,445,016	17,123,450	11,616,580	43,170,384	12,675,738	13,830,328	102,191,401
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,640,889	-	2,640,889
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,640,889)	-	(2,640,889)
Improvements other than buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	328,014	-	328,014
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	(328,014)	-	(328,014)
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,900,849	532	6,901,381
Accumulated depreciation		-					(6,240,999)		(6,240,999)
Total noncurrent assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,659,850	532	1,660,382
Total assets	254,773	75,132	3,445,016	17,123,450	11,616,580	43,170,384	14,335,588	13,830,860	103,851,783
Deferred outflow of resources									
Pension deferrals	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,361,195	2,258,659	3,619,854
Total deferred outflow of resource	es \$ -					-	1,361,195	2,258,659	3,619,854

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2017

Self-Insurance Funds Life and Vehicle Computer Worker's Services Unemployment Property Automobile General Health Maintenance Liabilities Compensation Loss Liability Compensation Liability **Benefits Fund** <u>Fund</u> <u>Total</u> Current liabilities: Current portion of compensated absences and termination benefits payable 597,454 763,061 1,360,515 97,815 3,372 120,422 205,504 232,555 Accounts payable 366,687 2,334,196 2,288,581 5,649,132 21,773 Accrued costs 12 231,406 348,274 601,465 Unearned revenue 4,734,497 4,734,497 Current portion of estimated liability on pending claims 28,345 1,548,928 29,397,184 2,456,802 13,730,031 47,315,568 154,278 Total current liabilities 252,093 31,717 1,669,350 34,498,368 2,662,318 16,086,000 1,061,415 3,399,916 59,661,177 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences and termination benefits payable, less current portion 11,504 96,572 108,076 Estimated liability on pending claims, 43,415 less current portion 1,775,666 118,104,995 8,954,262 128,878,338 Net pension liability 5,384,582 8,917,242 14,301,824 Total long-term liabilities 43,415 1,775,666 118,104,995 8,954,262 5,396,086 9,013,814 143,288,238 Total liabilities 252,093 75,132 3,445,016 152,603,363 11,616,580 16,086,000 6,457,501 12,413,730 202,949,415 Deferred inflow of resources Pension deferrals 465,800 763,916 1,229,716 465,800 763,916 1,229,716 Total deferred inflow of resources Net position Net investment in capital assets 1,659,850 532 1,660,382 10,787,145 Restricted 10,787,145 Unrestricted 2,680 (135,479,913) 20,987,979 7,113,632 (7,875,804)(109,155,021)2,680 27,084,384 8,773,482 (96,707,494) Total net position (135,479,913)2,911,873

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

Occupies and the control of the cont	Unemployment Compensation	Property Loss	Automobile <u>Liability</u>	Worker's Compensation	General <u>Liability</u>	Life and Health <u>Benefits</u>	Vehicle Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Computer Services <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenues:	¢ 461 E00	2,259,684	3,574,162	26 700 100	6,159,226	78,559,043			127,722,895
Premium contributions Sales	\$ 461,590	2,259,084	3,3/4,102	36,709,190	0,159,220	78,559,043	-	-	127,722,895
Fuel sales							388,372	_	388,372
Office automation sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,372	- 29,434,817	29,434,817
Charges for services:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,434,017	29,434,017
Maintenance and repair charges							12,569,028		12,569,028
Use of money and property - rentals		_	_		_		157,178	_	157,178
Miscellaneous - subrogations and other	-	120,453	465,052	- 749,233	10	126,736	12,121	-	1,473,605
Total operating revenues	461,590	2,380,137	4,039,214	37,458,423	6,159,236	78,685,779	13,126,699	29,434,817	171,745,895
Operating expenses:	401,390	2,300,137	4,039,214	37,430,423	0,139,230	70,000,779	13,120,099	29,434,017	1/1,/45,695
Salaries							3,846,781	5,851,662	9,698,443
Fringe benefits		_	_		_		2,263,726	3,624,344	5,888,070
Contractual services	_	_	_	_	_		31,782	8,692,694	8,724,476
Materials		_	_		_		89,590	8,771,091	8,860,681
Facility and equipment rental	_				_	_	237,233	61,005	298,238
General and administrative:	-	_	_	_	-	-	237,233	01,003	230,230
Administrative expenses	17,557	166,155	1,147,669	2,959,718	1,586,838	2,470,505	220,441	470,526	9,039,409
State worker's compensation tax	17,337	100,133	1,147,009	331,778	1,300,030	2,470,303	220,771	4/0,320	331,778
Depreciation		_	_	331,776	_		150,047	_	150,047
Insurance claims	443,058	(297,093)	2,533,059	46,176,724	3,836,339	55,018,057	130,047	_	107,710,144
Insurance premiums	773,036	1,564,162	2,333,039	2,733,201	27,937	15,100,812	_	-	19,426,112
Other:	-	1,304,102	-	2,/33,201	27,937	15,100,612	-	-	19,420,112
Repair and maintenance							4,352,436	122,492	4,474,928
Total operating expenses	460,615	1,433,224	3,680,728	52,201,421	5,451,114	72,589,374	11,192,036	27,593,814	174,602,326
Operating income (loss)	975	946,913	358,486	(14,742,998)	708,122	6,096,405	1,934,663	1,841,003	(2,856,431)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):	9/3	940,913	330,400	(14,742,990)	700,122	0,090,403	1,934,003	1,041,003	(2,030,431)
Interest income		796	13,759	317,617	10,966				343,138
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	_	790	13,739	317,017	10,900	_		(822)	(822)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		796	13,759	317,617	10,966			(822)	342,316
Income (loss) before transfers	975	947,709	372,245	(14,425,381)	719,088	6,096,405	1,934,663	1,840,181	(2,514,115)
Interfund transfer in	9/3	•	,		120,478	0,090,405	1,934,003	1,040,101	
Interfund transfer in Intrafund transfers out	-	83,684 (1,031,393)	6,769 (379,014)	2,249,973 (210,931)		-	-	-	2,460,904 (2,460,904)
Change in net position	975	(1,031,393)	(3/9,014)	(12,386,339)	(839,566)	6,096,405	1,934,663	1,840,181	(2,460,904)
Total net position - beginning	1,705	-	-		-		6,838,819	1,071,692	
Total net position - beginning Total net position - end	\$ 2,680			(123,093,574) (135,479,913)		20,987,979 27,084,384	8,773,482	2,911,873	(94,193,379) (96,707,494)
rotal fiet position - end	φ 2,000			(133,4/3,313)		27,004,384	0,//3,462	2,911,0/3	(90,707,494)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

Self-Insurance Funds Life and Vehicle Computer Unemployment Automobile Worker's General Health Maintenance Services Property Liability Liability Total Compensation Loss Compensation **Benefits** Fund Fund Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers 947,157 1,147,450 10,732,362 942,902 2,093,870 512,928 8,523,596 24,900,265 Cash received from interfund charges 461,590 1,430,384 3,416,695 23,909,763 5,112,512 76,272,901 12,501,715 21,021,347 144,126,907 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (106,266,480) (392,178)(166,155)(1,147,669)(3,050,632) (1,598,272) (73,030,893)(5,032,729)(21,847,952) Cash payments to employees for services (5,841,934) (9,092,086) (14,934,020) Premium and claim payments (1,768,504) (2,296,666) (42,688,800) (8,968,658) (55,722,628) Other cash receipts 126,736 12,121 138,857 Net cash and cash equivalents provided (used) by operating activities 69,412 442,882 1,119,810 (11,097,307) (4,511,516) 5,462,614 2,152,101 (1,395,095) (7,757,099) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 83,684 2,460,904 Interfund transfers in 6,769 2,249,973 120,478 Intrafund transfers in (out) (1,031,393) (379,014)(210,931)(839,566) (2,460,904) Net cash and cash equivalents provided (used) by noncapital financing activities (947,709) (372,245)2,039,042 (719,088)Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets (301,529)400 (301,129)Net cash and cash equivalents used in capital 400 and related financing activities (301,529)(301,129) Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on Investments 739 13,008 295,454 10,439 319,640 Net cash and cash equivalents provided by investing activities 739 13,008 295,454 10,439 319,640 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 69,412 (504,088) 760,573 (8,762,811) 5,462,614 1,850,572 (1,394,695) (7,738,588) (5,220,165) Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 185,361 579,143 2,574,752 25,737,132 16,725,589 37,315,720 9,870,527 12,924,896 105,913,120 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year 254,773 3,335,325 16,974,321 11,505,424 42,778,334 11,721,099 11,530,201 98,174,532 75,055

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

			Self-Insurance Fun						
	Unemployment Compensation	Property Loss	Automobile <u>Liability</u>	Worker's Compensation	General <u>Liability</u>	Life and Health Benefits	Vehicle Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Computer Services <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$ 975	946,913	358,486	(14,742,998)	708,122	6,096,405	1,934,663	1,841,003	(2,856,431)
Operating meome (1033)	y 575	540,515	330,100	(17,772,550)	700,122	0,030,103	1,334,003	1,041,005	(2,030,131)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)									
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities									
Depreciation - equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,047	-	150,047
Pension expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	211,463	363,895	575,358
Accounts receivable	-	-	(41,679)	278,518	(103,822)	(143,184)	(99,935)	110,126	24
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,494	(21,200)	10,294
Prepaid costs	-	-	-	-	398	(13,248)	-	137,816	124,966
Compensated absences and termination							-		
benefits payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,233	(18,104)	(7,871)
Accounts payable	47,057	(2,596)	566,610	240,864	(11,809)	(392,104)	(132,741)	(3,846,760)	(3,531,479)
Accrued costs	-	-	-	-	(23)	21,773	46,877	38,129	106,756
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	(3,342,677)	-	(49,088)	-	-	(3,391,765)
Due from component units	-	-	-	247,861	-	-	-	-	247,861
Estimated liability on pending claims	21,380	(501,435)	236,393	6,221,125	(5,104,382)	(57,940)		<u> </u>	815,141
Total adjustments Net cash and cash equivalents provided (used)	68,437	(504,031)	761,324	3,645,691	(5,219,638)	(633,791)	217,438	(3,236,098)	(4,900,668)
by operating activities	69,412	442,882	1,119,810	(11,097,307)	(4,511,516)	5,462,614	2,152,101	(1,395,095)	(7,757,099)
Non-cash investing, capital and related financing activities:									
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable	_	(57)	(751)	(22,163)	(527)	_	_	_	(23,498)
	\$ -	(57)	(751)	(22,163)	(527)	-		-	(23,498)
									, ,

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the Primary Government in a trustee capacity. Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Primary Government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

Pension Trusts - are fiduciary funds out of which retirement annuities and/or other benefits are paid to authorized and designated public employees.

Other Post Employment Benefit Trust - is used to account for retiree life and health benefits.

Agency Funds - are legal and accounting methods used by government for the administration of assets that come into its possession and are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Exhibit E-1

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Fiduciary Plan Net Position Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds June 30, 2017

			Other Post- Employment	
		Pension Trust	Benefit	
		Funds	Trust Fund	Total
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,609,948	26,718	5,636,666
Collateral for loaned securities	•	34,673,639	-	34,673,639
Investments:				
Pooled separate accounts		445,067,140	-	445,067,140
U. S. Government & agency securities		29,249,378	-	29,249,378
Corporate bonds		17,850,876	-	17,850,876
Common stock		228,734,514	-	228,734,514
Real estate investment trust		6,887,747	-	6,887,747
International Government securities		995,578	-	995,578
Other International investments		343,826	-	343,826
Asset-backed securities		10,748,704	-	10,748,704
Money market funds		228,540,296	835,235	229,375,531
Short-term investments		25,243,222	-	25,243,222
Collective trusts		288,426,648	-	288,426,648
Commingled trust funds		-	53,608,718	53,608,718
Alternative investments		478,087,932	-	478,087,932
Accrued interest receivable		1,163,593	578	1,164,171
Prepaid expenses		44,608	134,429	179,037
Total assets		1,801,667,649	54,605,679	1,856,273,328
Liabilities:				
Collateral for loaned securities payable		34,673,639	-	34,673,639
Accounts payable		173,721	1,492,443	1,666,164
Accrued costs		963,673	352,260	1,315,933
Due to other funds		25,000	1,100,000	1,125,000
Total liabilities		35,836,033	2,944,703	38,780,736
Net assets held in trust for benefit payments	\$	1,765,831,616	51,660,976	1,817,492,592

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Plan Net Position Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Pe	ension Trust <u>Funds</u>	Other Post- Employment Benefit <u>Trust Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	129,682,649	35,698,262	165,380,911
Member		23,124,458	13,749,575	36,874,033
Other		-	1,466,122	1,466,122
Total contributions		152,807,107	50,913,959	203,721,066
Investment income:				
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		110,230,839	3,021, 4 78	113,252,317
Interest and dividends		40,362,197	100,409	40,462,606
Total investment income (loss)		150,593,036	3,121,887	153,714,923
Less investment expense		5,881,629	109,987	5,991,616
Net investment income (loss)		144,711,407	3,011,900	147,723,307
Total additions		297,518,514	53,925,859	351,444,373
Deductions:				
Benefits		166,182,661	52,733,9 4 8	218,916,609
Refunds of contributions		9,406,326	· · · · -	9,406,326
General and administrative expenses		1,912,378	1,300,281	3,212,659
Total deductions		177,501,365	54,034,229	231,535,594
Net increase (decrease)		120,017,149	(108,370)	119,908,779
Net position restricted for benefit payments, beginning of year		1,645,814,467	40,280,212	1,686,094,679
Prior period adjustment		<u>-</u>	11,489,134	11,489,134
Net position restricted for benefit payments, end of year		1,765,831,616	51,660,976	1,817,492,592

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Fiduciary Plan Net Position Pension Trust Funds June 30, 2017

		Comprehensive Po	ension Plans		Supplemental Pension Plans							
		Fire	Deputy	Correctional	Deputy	Correctional	Crossing		General	Fire	Police	
	<u>Police</u>	Service	Sheriff's	Officers'	Sheriff	Officers'	Guards	<u>AFSCME</u>	Schedule	Civilian	Civilian	<u>Total</u>
Assets:												
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,535,309	972,611	677,518	387,181	109,930	37,014	15,723	294,913	451,514	4,038	124,197	5,609,948
Collateral for loaned securities	19,243,743	8,597,349	1,017,177	1,889,518	62,325	137,686	23,586	1,280,612	1,984,295	117,054	320,294	34,673,639
Investments:												
Pooled separate accounts	-	-	66,258,179	123,081,810	4,059,837	8,968,753	1,536,343	83,418,151	129,255,523	7,624,792	20,863,752	445,067,140
U. S. Government & agency securities	19,163,743	10,085,635	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,249,378
Corporate bonds	12,562,218	5,288,658	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,850,876
Common stock	161,518,027	67,216,487	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	228,734,514
Real Estate Investment Trust	4,787,072	2,100,675	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,887,747
International Government securities	658,566	337,012	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	995,578
Other International investments	237,795	106,031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	343,826
Asset-backed securities	7,112,832	3,635,872	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,748,704
Money market funds	154,506,398	74,033,898	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	228,540,296
Short-term investments	15,604,411	9,638,811	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,243,222
Collective trusts	200,471,639	87,955,009	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	288,426,648
Alternative investments	322,898,293	155,189,639	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	478,087,932
Accrued interest receivable	321,806	145,160	103,828	192,663	6,352	14,033	2,404	130,524	202,246	11,931	32,646	1,163,593
Prepaid expenses	22,955	10,449	1,737	3,269	-	-	39	2,127	3,306	191	535	44,608
Total assets	921,644,807	425,313,296	68,058,439	125,554,441	4,238,444	9,157,486	1,578,095	85,126,327	131,896,884	7,758,006	21,341,424	1,801,667,649
Liabilities:												
Collateral for loaned securities payable	19,243,743	8,597,349	1,017,177	1,889,518	62,325	137,686	23,586	1,280,612	1,984,295	117,054	320,294	34,673,639
Accounts payable	43,343	27,180	22,478	43,134	-	-	6,860	7,106	9,822	6,878	6,920	173,721
Accrued costs	446,997	207,412	48,368	90,831	-	-	1,057	58,366	90,717	5,245	14,680	963,673
Due to other funds			-							25,000	-	25,000
Total liabilities	19,734,083	8,831,941	1,088,023	2,023,483	62,325	137,686	31,503	1,346,084	2,084,834	154,177	341,894	35,836,033
Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 901,910,724	416,481,355	66,970,416	123,530,958	4,176,119	9,019,800	1,546,592	83,780,243	129,812,050	7,603,829	20,999,530	1,765,831,616

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Plan Net Position Pension Trust Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Comprehensive	Pension Plans		Supplemental Pension Plans							
		Fire	Deputy	Correctional	Deputy	Correctional	Crossing		General	Fire	Police	
	Police	Service	Sheriff's	Officers'	Sheriff's	Officers'	Guards	AFSCME	Schedule	Civilian	Civilian	Total
Additions:												
Contributions:												
Employer	\$ 61,636,821	39,887,570	6,841,157	9,263,190	809,300	517,388	77,415	3,034,645	6,432,619	436,162	746,382	129,682,649
Employee	8,835,456	4,682,622	1,696,697	3,416,254	23,845	70,755	60,826	671,040	2,910,222	169,640	587,101	23,124,458
Total contributions	70,472,277	44,570,192	8,537,854	12,679,444	833,145	588,143	138,241	3,705,685	9,342,841	605,802	1,333,483	152,807,107
Investment income:												
Net depreciation in fair value of assets	54,631,488	25,700,420	4,326,654	8,070,876	266,167	584,281	102,505	5,710,322	8,889,149	508,725	1,440,252	110,230,839
Interest and dividends	24,846,069	11,658,496	566,467	1,053,068	34,897	76,746	13,350	729,579	1,134,011	65,787	183,727	40,362,197
Total investment income	79,477,557	37,358,916	4,893,121	9,123,944	301,064	661,027	115,855	6,439,901	10,023,160	574,512	1,623,979	150,593,036
Less investment expense	2,849,336	1,293,732	265,530	498,137	4,500	9,903	5,967	329,635	512,360	29,616	82,913	5,881,629
Net investment income	76,628,221	36,065,184	4,627,591	8,625,807	296,564	651,124	109,888	6,110,266	9,510,800	544,896	1,541,066	144,711,407
Total additions	146,930,505	80,635,376	13,444,697	21,195,992	1,129,709	1,239,267	248,129	9,815,951	18,853,641	1,150,698	2,874,549	297,518,514
Deductions:												
Benefits	83,930,734	46,448,040	7,045,429	9,854,847	735,685	463,704	160,109	4,597,996	10,729,870	628,337	1,587,910	166,182,661
Refunds of contributions	4,557,046	2,599,305	138,885	685,157	48,281	25,673	4,698	201,760	935,030	11,606	198,885	9,406,326
General and administrative expenses	545,459	428,428	211,728	264,234	34,008	34,548	29,075	101,249	122,954	68,218	72,477	1,912,378
Total deductions	89,033,239	49,475,773	7,396,042	10,804,238	817,974	523,925	193,882	4,901,005	11,787,854	708,161	1,859,272	177,501,365
Net increase (decrease) Net position restricted for pension benefits.	57,897,266	31,159,603	6,048,655	10,391,754	311,735	715,342	54,247	4,914,946	7,065,787	442,537	1,015,277	120,017,149
beginning of year	844,013,458	385,321,752	60,921,761	113,139,204	3,864,384	8,304,458	1,492,345	78,865,297	122,746,263	7,161,292	19,984,253	1,645,814,467
Net position restricted for pension benefits, end of year	\$ 901,910,724	416,481,355	66,970,416	123,530,958	4,176,119	9,019,800	1,546,592	83,780,243	129,812,050	7,603,829	20,999,530	1,765,831,616

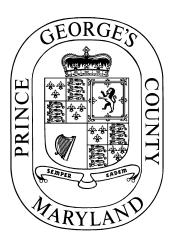
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Agency Funds - Primary Government Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

For the year ended	June 30, 2017
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State of Maryland property taxes:		Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2017
Assets:					
Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	231 544,809	84,281,572 91,104,214	(84,281,115) (90,924,244)	688 724,779
Total assets	=	545,040	175,385,786	(175,205,359)	725,467
Liabilities: Due to State of Maryland	_	545,040	91,557,707	(91,377,280)	725,467
Total Liabilities	\$	545,040	91,557,707	(91,377,280)	725,467
M-NCPPC property taxes: Assets:	-				
	\$	2.047.064	252 500 071	(255 546 701)	244
Cash and investments Taxes receivable	.	2,047,064 2,977,411	253,500,071 253,693,419	(255,546,791) (253,258,641)	344 3,412,189
Total assets	\$	5,024,475	507,193,490	(508,805,432)	3,412,533
Liabilities:					
Due to M-NCPPC	\$ _	5,024,475	255,457,778	(257,069,720)	3,412,533
Total liabilities	\$	5,024,475	255,457,778	(257,069,720)	3,412,533
Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission charges: Assets:					
Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	10,351 230,707	12,406,913 12,393,181	(12,407,732) (12,395,300)	9,532 228,588
	•				
Total assets Liabilities:	\$ =	241,058	24,800,094	(24,803,032)	238,120
Liability - due to Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission	\$	241,058	12,428,881	(12,431,819)	238,120
Total liabilities	\$	241,058	12,428,881	(12,431,819)	238,120
Incorporated towns property taxes:	=				
Assets:	•	200	447.000.040	(447.007.070)	05 500
Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$ -	268 -	117,932,940 118,795,100	(117,907,672) (118,276,282)	25,536 518,818
Total assets	\$	268	236,728,040	(236,183,954)	544,354
Liabilities:					
Due to towns	-	268	120,472,955	(119,928,869)	544,354
Total liabilities	\$	268	120,472,955	(119,928,869)	544,354
Washington Suburban Transit Commission taxes: Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	8,557,335	51,841,303	(33,331,277)	27,067,361
Taxes receivable	•	283,946	23,390,585	(23,345,033)	329,498
Total assets	\$	8,841,281	75,231,888	(56,676,310)	27,396,859
Liabilities:					
Due to Washington Suburban Transit Commission	\$ _	8,841,281	39,186,212	(20,630,634)	27,396,859
Total liabilities	\$	8,841,281	39,186,212	(20,630,634)	27,396,859
			145		(Continued)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Agency Funds - Primary Government Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Balance July 1, 2016	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2017
Special taxes:					
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	1,475,584	33,807,870	(33,347,315)	1,936,139
Taxes Receivable		1,719,345	36,967,876	(36,688,309)	1,998,912
Total assets	\$	3,194,929	70,775,746	(70,035,624)	3,935,051
Liabilities:					
Due to other participants	\$	3,194,929	36,967,876	(36,227,754)	3,935,051
Total liabilities	\$	3,194,929	36,967,876	(36,227,754)	3,935,051
Agricultural transfer taxes:	-				
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ _	455,739	90,230	(132,857)	413,112
Total assets	\$	455,739	90,230	(132,857)	413,112
Liabilities:					
Due to other governmental units	\$	455,739	90,230	(132,857)	413,112
Total liabilities	\$	455,739	90,230	(132,857)	413,112
Inmate Holding Account: Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	210,207	800,757	(857,588)	153,376
Accounts receivable		94		(94)	
Total assets	\$	210,301	800,757	(857,682)	153,376
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	169,010	-	(58,824)	110,186
Due to participants	-	41,291	800,663	(798,764)	43,190
Total liabilities	\$	210,301	800,663	(857,588)	153,376
<u>Totals</u>					
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	12,756,779	554,661,656	(537,812,347)	29,606,088
Taxes receivable		5,756,218	536,344,375	(534,887,809)	7,212,784
Accounts receivable		94		(94)	
Total assets	\$	18,513,091	1,091,006,031	(1,072,700,250)	36,818,872
Liabilities:	_	_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	169,010	-	(58,824)	110,186
Due to other governmental units	*	15,107,861	519,193,763	(501,571,179)	32,730,445
Due to participants		3,236,220	37,768,539	(37,026,518)	3,978,241
Total liabilities	\$	18,513,091	556,962,302	(538,656,521)	36,818,872



NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units June 30, 2017

			General Government		Educa	tion	Community De	evelopment	
<u>ASSETS</u>	ı	Prince George's Community <u>Television</u>	Revenue Authority of Prince George's <u>County</u>	Industrial Development Authority of Prince George's County	Prince George's County Memorial <u>Library</u>	Prince George's Community <u>College</u>	Housing Authority of Prince George's <u>County</u>	Redevelopment Authority of Prince George's <u>County</u>	<u>Total</u>
Current assets:									
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	807,803	13,372,416	4,505,980	5,194,939	16,579,766	6,066,220	5,733,762	52,260,886
Accounts		133,409	18,006,456	-	305,484	20,074,668	707,114		39,227,131
Notes		· -	· · · · -	-	·	· · · · · -	· -	1,305,900	1,305,900
Accrued interest receivable		-	-	481		9,481	-	-	9,962
Due from component units		-	10,181,942	-	1,826,427	19,985,946	-	-	31,994,315
Due from other governmental units		-	-	819,912	148,255	1,217,562	307,757	-	2,493,486
Inventories		-	-	-	290	101,362	-	-	101,652
Prepaid costs and deposits	_	26,393	153,549		483,374	2,247,861		474	2,911,651
Total current assets	_	967,605	41,714,363	5,326,373	7,958,769	60,216,646	7,081,091	7,040,136	130,304,983
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments		-	3,708,625	2	-	7,835,438	819,878	1,115,512	13,479,455
Land held for transfer and other		_	-	_	-	-	2,651,832	9,512,170	12,164,002
Total restricted assets	_	-	3,708,625	2	-	7,835,438	3,471,710	10,627,682	25,643,457
Noncurrent assets:									
Land			19,448,259			3,184,932	1,116,278	52,832,395	76,581,864
Construction in progress		_	19,440,239	_	-	61,206,833	1,110,276	1,751,760	62,958,593
Buildings and improvements		_	_	73,043,523	_	184,057,096	30,972,821	1,731,700	288,073,440
Accumulated depreciation		_	_	(31,083,230)	_	(57,755,659)	(19,637,214)	-	(108,476,103)
Improvements other than buildings		229,112	13,701,077	(31,003,230)	_	(37,733,033)	(15/05//211)	_	13,930,189
Accumulated depreciation		(229,112)	(12,101,257)	_	-	-	_	_	(12,330,369)
Equipment		174,105	2,294,128	-	13,094,944	41,208,755	1,562,216	24,008	58,358,156
Accumulated depreciation		(141,679)	(1,709,108)	-	(8,597,618)	(35,010,092)	(1,676,335)	(9,003)	(47,143,835)
Other noncurrent Assets		· - /	3,158,656	-	- '		823,587	` -	3,982,243
Total noncurrent assets		32,426	24,791,755	41,960,293	4,497,326	196,891,865	13,161,353	54,599,160	335,934,178
Total assets	\$	1,000,031	70,214,743	47,286,668	12,456,095	264,943,949	23,714,154	72,266,978	491,882,618
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Pension deferrals		_	-	-	697,537	1,634,455	911,947	-	3,243,939
Deferred charge on refunding		-	-	626,318	-		·-	-	626,318
Total deferred outflow of resources	_	-	-	626,318	697,537	1,634,455	911,947	-	3,870,257

(Continued)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units June 30, 2017

		General Government		Educa	ntion	Community De	evelopment	
LIABILITIES	Prince George's Community Television	Revenue Authority of Prince George's <u>County</u>	Industrial Development Authority of Prince George's County	Prince George's County Memorial <u>Library</u>	Prince George's Community <u>College</u>	Housing Authority of Prince George's <u>County</u>	Redevelopment Authority of Prince George's County	<u>Total</u>
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 6,533	1,286,475	-	1,340,364	22,141,874	1,826,360	692,854	27,294,460
Accrued liabilities	76,732	-,,	225,272	925,974		-,,	-	1,227,978
Due to primary government	450,000	474,320	,	/	_	4,979,032	<u>-</u>	5,903,352
Due to other governmental units	-	149,272	_	_	-	9,602	_	158,874
Unearned revenue		/	-	206,567	1,608,815	-	_	1,815,382
Matured bonds and interest payable	-	687,188	-	,	-,,	-	_	687,188
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	143,243	197,500	340,743
Current portion of bonded debt	-	-	5,780,000	-	-	85,000	-	5,865,000
Current portion of capital lease obligations	-	159,721	· · · -	-	441,569	· -	4,755	606,045
Current portion of compensated absences		•			•		·	·
and termination benefits payable	-	-	-	76,683	315,311	26,849	-	418,843
Total current liabilities	533,265	2,756,976	6,005,272	2,549,588	24,507,569	7,070,086	895,109	44,317,865
Noncurrent liabilities:		-						
Bonded debt, less current portion	_	28,000,000	34,265,000	_	_	510.000	_	62,775,000
Unamortized premium (discount)		168,781	(102,875)			4,084	_	69,990
Capital lease obligations, less	_	100,701	(102,073)	_	_	7,007	_	09,990
current portion	_	200,201	_	_	211,172	_	11,087	422,460
Compensated absences and termination		200,201			211,172		11,007	722,700
benefits payable, less current portion				1,614,376	2,186,754	510,144		4,311,274
Notes payable, less current portion	-	31,444	-	1,014,370	2,100,734	310,144	6,975,549	7,006,993
Net pension liability	-	31,777	-	2,484,638	4,551,004	2,797,237	0,373,343	9,832,879
Net OPEB obligation			_	2,404,030	471,298	2,737,237	_	471,298
Total noncurrent liabilities		28,400,426	34,162,125	4,099,014	7,420,228	3,821,465	6,986,636	84,889,894
Total Horiculteric Habilities		20,400,420	34,102,123	4,055,014	7,420,220	3,021,703	0,300,030	07,009,097
Total liabilities	533,265	31,157,402	40,167,397	6,648,602	31,927,797	10,891,551	7,881,745	129,207,759
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Subsidy Received in Advance						122,704		122,704
Pension Deferrals	-	-	-	161,393	554,643	634,516	-	1,350,552
Total deferred Inflow of resources	-	-	-	161,393	554,643	757,220	-	1,473,256
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	32,426	2,980,091	20,715,302	4,497,326	193,092,469	11,738,682	49,443,525	282,499,821
Restricted	8,378	12,065,033	-	1, 157,520	8,476,758	227,455	9,907,491	30,685,115
Unrestricted (deficit)	425,962	24,012,217	(12,969,713)	1,846,311	32,526,737	1,011,193	5,034,217	51,886,924
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 466,766	39,057,341	7,745,589	6,343,637	234,095,964	12,977,330	64,385,233	365,071,860
rotal fiet position (deficit)	100,700	33,037,341	7,7 13,309	0,5 15,057	23 1,033,30 1	12,577,550	01,303,233	303,071,000

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Combining Statement of Activities Nonmajor Component Units For the year ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
						General Governmen	t	Educa	tion	Community [Development	
Programs / Functions	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Prince George's Community <u>Television</u>	Revenue Authority of Prince George's <u>County</u>	Industrial Development Authority of Prince George's County	Prince George's County Memorial <u>Library</u>	Prince George's Community <u>College</u>	Housing Authority of Prince George's <u>County</u>	Redevelopment Authority of Prince George's County	<u>Total</u>
Component Units:												
General government												
PGCT \$, . ,	428,982		-	(1,382,871)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,382,871)
Revenue Authority	16,666,037	17,711,026	660,000	163,410	-	1,868,399	-	-	-	-	-	1,868,399
IDA	4,025,270	7,866,378	-	-	-	-	3,841,108	-	-	-	-	3,841,108
Education												
Library	36,843,589	893,579	385,350	6,634,309	-	-	-	(28,930,351)	-	-	-	(28,930,351)
PGCC	128,231,646	28,383,601	10,274,499	-	-	-	-	-	(89,573,546)	-	-	(89,573,546)
Community Development												
Housing Authority	85,261,984	2,105,049	81,941,688	380,960	-	-	-	-	-	(834,287)		(834,287)
Redevelopment Authority	1,938,966	124,961	1,628,816	3,650,000	(1.202.071)	1 000 200	2 041 100	(20,020,251)	(00 572 546)	(024 207)	3,464,811	3,464,811
Total component units \$	274,779,345	57,513,576	94,890,353	10,828,679	(1,382,871)	1,868,399	3,841,108	(28,930,351)	(89,573,546)	(834,287)	3,464,811	(111,546,737)
		General revenues:										
		Other grants and			1,260,022	2,613,727	-	28,869,137	87,153,629	-	-	119,896,515
		Investment incom	e		365	191,060	486	436	492,696	24,876		709,919
		Miscellaneous			131	775,594		146,620	783,952	240,177		1,946,474
		Total general re			1,260,518	3,580,381	486	29,016,193	88,430,277	265,053		122,552,908
		Change in ne			(122,353)	5,448,780	3,841,594	85,842	(1,143,269)	(569,234)	3,464,811	11,006,171
		Net position - beginni	· .		589,119	33,608,561	3,903,995	6,257,795	185,117,171	13,546,564	63,012,629	306,035,834
		Prior period adjustme							50,122,062		(2,092,207)	48,029,855
		Net position - end of	year	5	466,766	39,057,341	7,745,589	6,343,637	234,095,964	12,977,330	64,385,233	365,071,860

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds By Function and Activity (1) June 30, 2017

Function and activity	<u>Total</u>	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Infrastructure</u>	<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Vehicles</u>
Primary government: General government:						
Control - legislative, executive and judicial	\$ 334,069,399	23,487,757	310,352,272	-	-	229,370
Staff agencies:				-		
Finance	29,550	-	-	-	29,550	-
Personnel	52,140	-	-	-	52,140	-
Central services	50,147,142	-	-	48,613,973	323,134	1,210,035
General government buildings	73,412,332	12,667,199	60,745,133	-	-	-
Other	49,046,222	-	-	-	-	49,046,222
Total staff agencies	 172,687,386	12,667,199	60,745,133	48,613,973	404,824	50,256,257
Total general government	 506,756,785	36,154,956	371,097,405	48,613,973	404,824	50,485,627
Public safety:						
State's Attorney	346,026	-	-	-	27,435	318,591
Police services	71,791,852	2,124,313	45,328,126	-	5,227,236	19,112,177
Fire services	102,430,815	5,979,918	56,232,988	-	11,254,864	28,963,045
Sheriff services	2,573,297	-	32,684	-	409,715	2,130,898
Corrections	111,978,349	1,953,617	109,492,362	-	146,603	385,767
Homeland Security	 53,636,805		<u> </u>	48,952,026	1,837,435	2,847,344
Total public safety	 342,757,144	10,057,848	211,086,160	48,952,026	18,903,288	53,757,822
Environmental:						
Environmental resources	15,418,275	604,804	14,256,906	-	34,939	521,626
Health and human services:						
Health	16,345,780	165,800	15,176,754	-	455,717	547,509
Total health and human services	16,345,780	165,800	15,176,754	-	455,717	547,509
Infrastructure and Development:						
Public works and transportation	2,973,203,069	55,189,199	20,916,528	2,839,117,252	215,709	57,764,381
Federal programs	16,730,958	2,856,588	2,540,519	-	7,967,802	3,366,049
Total governmental fund capital assets allocated Construction-in-progress: Total primary government	\$ 3,871,212,011 92,629,640 3,963,841,651	105,029,195	635,074,272	2,936,683,251	27,982,279	166,443,014

⁽¹⁾ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in the internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds By Function and Activity (1) For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Balance <u>July 1, 2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Deductions and <u>adjustments</u>	Net Inter-agency <u>transfers</u>	Balance June 30, 2017
Primary government:					
General government:					
Control, legislative, executive and judicial	\$ 304,380,983	29,937,953	(249,537)	-	334,069,399
Staff agencies:					
Finance	29,550	-	-	-	29,550
Personnel	52,140	-	-	-	52,140
Central services	41,047,661	9,099,481	-	-	50,147,142
General government buildings	73,412,332	-	-	-	73,412,332
Other	52,207,840	1,227,925	(4,389,543)	<u>-</u> _	49,046,222
Total staff agencies	166,749,523	10,327,406	(4,389,543)	-	172,687,386
Total general government	471,130,506	40,265,359	(4,639,080)	-	506,756,785
Public safety:					
State's attorney	221,431	124,595	-	-	346,026
Police services	69,154,296	2,918,439	(280,883)	-	71,791,852
Fire services	91,146,990	11,746,694	(462,869)	-	102,430,815
Sheriff services	2,143,645	465,405	(35,753)	-	2,573,297
Corrections	108,744,430	3,315,208	(81,289)	-	111,978,349
Homeland Security	53,663,067	34,739	(61,001)	-	53,636,805
Total public safety	325,073,859	18,605,080	(921,795)	-	342,757,144
Environmental	15,369,500	84,976	(36,201)	-	15,418,275
Health and human services:					
Health	16,426,420	-	(80,640)	-	16,345,780
Infrastructure and Development:					
Public works and transportation	2,946,292,586	54,370,898	(27,460,415)	-	2,973,203,069
Federal programs	16,334,058	396,900	-	-	16,730,958
Construction-in-progress:	97,415,464	57,626,292	(62,412,116)	-	92,629,640
Total governmental fund capital assets	\$ 3,888,042,393	171,349,505	(95,550,247)	-	3,963,841,651

⁽¹⁾ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in the internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Schedule of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds By Source June 30, 2017

	Primary Government
Governmental fund capital assets	
Land	\$ 105,029,195
Buildings	635,074,272
Infrastructure	2,936,683,251
Equipment	194,425,293
Construction in progress	 92,629,640
Total governmental fund capital assets	\$ 3,963,841,651
Investment in governmental fund capital assets from: Capital projects funds: General obligation bonds Intergovernmental General fund revenue Special revenue fund revenue Federal programs Other	\$ 70,225,726 3,851,041 3,836,139,126 18,341,928 16,730,957 18,552,873
- 	\$ 3,963,841,651

⁽¹⁾ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in the internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

The Statistical Section provides detailed information for the primary government, as a context for understanding what the information in the comprehensive annual financial report says about the overall financial health of the County in the following areas:

Financial Trends - Information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - Information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity - Information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information - Demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - Service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FISCAL YEAR										
						Restated (2)					
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	
Governmental activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,421,477,574	\$ 1,481,956,322	\$ 1,475,449,993 \$	1,466,248,839	\$ 1,621,314,368	\$ 1,499,391,740	\$ 1,487,561,224 \$	1,615,022,591	1,522,174,313	\$ 1,659,749,133	
Restricted	\$ 475,649,709	422,228,258	351,254,119	361,876,157	349,076,708	341,015,595	309,177,376	304,406,663	282,142,696	199,109,417	
Unrestricted (deficit) (2)	\$ (567,350,879)	(663,421,910)	(558,755,424)	(562,309,599)	(624,691,441)	(705,176,214)	(954,659,608)	(2,448,779,934)	(2,448,831,547)	(2,874,527,010)	
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1,329,776,404	1,240,762,670	1,267,948,688	1,265,815,397	1,345,699,635	1,135,231,121	842,078,993	(529,350,680)	(644,514,538)	(1,015,668,460)	
Business-type activities											
Net investment in capital assets	131,283,415	143,085,674	156,560,233	148,934,828	143,858,665	107,572,137	142,374,427	139,610,243	150,378,944	211,704,766	
Restricted	19,900,630	18,389,718	20,916,015	19,500,275	18,481,818	19,212,114	28,976,024	47,598,939	71,280,452	71,977,865	
Unrestricted (deficit)	46,861,226	40,119,901	40,427,579	56,189,966	59,916,152	94,141,653	50,603,289	21,023,001	(6,438,259)	(71,388,420)	
Total business-type activities net position	198,045,271	201,595,293	217,903,827	224,625,069	222,256,635	220,925,904	221,953,740	208,232,183	215,221,137	212,294,211	
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets	1,552,760,989	1,625,041,996	1,632,010,226	1,615,183,667	1,765,173,033	1,606,963,877	1,629,935,651	1,754,632,834	1,672,553,257	1,871,453,899	
Restricted	495,550,339	440,617,976	372,170,134	381,376,432	367,558,526	360,227,709	338,153,400	352,005,602	353,423,148	271,087,282	
Unrestricted (deficit) (1)	(520,489,653)	(623,302,009)	(518,327,845)	(506,119,633)	(564,775,289)	(611,034,561)	(904,056,319)	(2,427,756,933)	(2,455,269,806)	(2,945,915,430)	
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,527,821,675	\$ 1,442,357,963	\$ 1,485,852,515 \$	1,490,440,466	\$ 1,567,956,270	\$ 1,356,157,025	\$ 1,064,032,733 \$	(321,118,497)	(429,293,401)	\$ (803,374,249)	

⁽¹⁾ The County's governmental activities has an unrestricted deficit because the County issues debt to fund construction costs for two of its component units. Prior to 2008, absent the effect of this relationship, the County would have reported positive assets for its governmental activities and for government-wide purposes. Government-wide unrestricted net position would have been:

Unrestricted (deficit) net assets noted above	\$ (520,489,653)	(623,302,009)	(518,327,845)	(506,119,633)	(564,775,289)	(611,034,561)	(904,056,319)	(2,427,756,933)	(2,455,269,806)	(2,945,915,430)
Debt issued for capital on behalf of others	481,969,501	470,259,263	435,418,383	399,196,957	445,921,535	483,621,901	486,417,276	483,674,784	503,035,085	454,176,281
County net assets absent effect of this relationship	\$ (38,520,152)	(153,042,746) \$	(82,909,462) \$	(106,922,676) \$	(118,853,754) \$	(127,412,660) \$	(417,639,043) \$	(1,944,082,149) \$	(1,952,234,721)	\$ (2,491,739,149)

⁽²⁾ Fiscal Year 2012 amounts restated due to implementation of GASB 65.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Change In Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FISCAL YEAR																
	200	8	<u>2009</u>		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		2012 (restated)		<u>2013</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>14</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		2017
Evenence																	
Expenses Governmental activities:																	
General government (1)	¢ 276	079,032	\$ 264,000,847	d	293,993,880	\$ 278,735	061	\$ 335,347,065	¢	402,876,040	± 41°	3,676,920	d	322,214,792 \$	374,611,539	¢	363,670,444
Public safety (2)		937,600	535,747,925	₽	510,354,496	543,688		551,296,748	P	600,225,256		5,789,316	Ф	678,934,030	695,921,598	P	736,127,867
Environmental (3)	323,	-	333,777,323		J10,JJ7,T90 -	373,000	,572	331,230,740		000,223,230		32,568.00		5,560,232	4,136,436		5,053,254
Health and Human Services (4)	100	602,469	103,468,096		104,844,923	98,491	251	95,750,683		97,589,420		7,846,141		99,155,575	96,398,021		97,028,095
Infrastructure and Development (5)		256,246	76,563,498		73,726,841	86,362		55,761,006		91,413,306		1,325,736		107,710,388	115,700,759		138,751,700
Board of Education		957,080	652,303,197		684,470,305	656,525		649,326,640		715,792,239		5,497,118		684,661,903	742,360,976		806,245,925
Community College		438,902	38,415,219		33,644,625	40,125		31,862,246		31,383,689),767,855		35,644,365	36,129,002		77,580,269
Memorial Library		568,825	19,397,277		19,802,615	19,494		27,027,089		23,313,523		,490,903		23,326,087	20,471,180		24,450,003
Interest on long-term debt		042,614	54,873,156		49,295,577	51,136		47,505,779		46,733,055		7,748,877		58,988,913	56,147,749		55,141,905
Total governmental activities expenses		882,768	1,744,769,215		1,770,133,262	1,774,561		1,793,877,256		2,009,326,528		3,575,434		2,016,196,285	2,141,877,260	-	2,304,049,462
Business-type activities:	1,/55,	882,788	1,/44,/09,215		1,//0,133,262	1,//4,501	,021	1,/93,8//,230		2,009,320,328	2,07.	,5/5,434		2,010,190,285	2,141,877,200		2,304,049,462
**	07	020 220	99,930,368		87,486,790	95,955	265	98,663,436		95,739,816	01	402 526		91,898,001	94,062,499		114,620,132
Solid Waste Stormwater		039,320										,482,526					
Watershed Protection	33,	743,601	35,724,787		48,297,374	42,103	,279	42,169,443		43,080,734	5.	2,371,683		54,402,786	55,216,649		51,399,872 2,248,552
	120	702.024	125 (55 155		125 704 164	120.050	F44	1 40 022 070		120 020 550	1.4	316,175		1,134,078	1,164,724		
Total business-type activities expenses		782,921 665,689	135,655,155 \$ 1,880,424,370	+	135,784,164 1,905,917,426	138,058 \$ 1,912,619		140,832,879 \$ 1,934,710,135	\$	138,820,550 2,148,147,078		,745,818	\$	147,434,865 2,163,631,150 \$	150,443,872 2,292,321,132	\$ 2	168,268,556 2,472,318,018
Total primary government expenses	\$ 1,000,	005,009	\$ 1,000,424,370	>	1,905,917,426	\$ 1,912,015	,505	\$ 1,934,710,135	>	2,148,147,078	\$ Z,ZZ.	.,/45,616	\$	2,103,031,150 \$	2,292,321,132)	2,472,318,018
Program Revenues																	
Governmental activities:																	
Charges for Services :																	
General government (1)	\$ 63.	137,800	\$ 47,130,404	\$	60,275,045	\$ 55.529	,493	\$ 87,727,105	\$	94,431,227	\$ 8°	,203,693	\$	79,730,348 \$	88,751,746	\$	90,201,920
Public safety (2)		963,072	34,964,503	4	38,398,284	41,420		52,677,652	Ψ.	56,363,172		,430,678	4	44,390,006	48,168,338	Ψ.	49,748,474
Environmental (3)	55,	-			-	,	-	-		-		7,158.00		313,784	325,470		450,345
Health and Human Services (4)	13	540,038	12,642,837		9,278,928	10,430	145	12,369,621		10,299,291		,075,381		4,508,261	4,436,424		6,361,895
Infrastructure and Development (5)		581,816	43,153,508		57,097,256	29,476		130,701,054		33,769,227		,250,140		49,411,650	90,962,207		71,376,976
Operating grants and contributions:	23,	301,010	13,133,300		37,037,230	25,170	,0,5	130,701,031		33,703,227	٥.	,,230,110		15, 111,050	30,302,201		71,570,570
General government (1)	59	178,382	39,248,215		56,606,758	57,182	264	26,281,362		25,222,907	11	2,192,715		24,419,173	22,137,203		21,593,271
Public safety (2)		475,021	17,538,135		29,537,332	28,884		32,508,021		26,524,768		1,989,052		18,335,079	22,761,497		25,765,885
Environmental (3)	10,	175,021	17,550,155		23,337,332	20,00	,005	32,300,021		20,32 1,7 00	_	230,114		567,867	84,423		885,281
Health and Human Services (4)	61	984,042	65,449,596		65,178,448	71,886	283	68,530,281		67,629,045	60	,120,126		79,342,253	73,622,970		74,068,373
Infrastructure and Development (5)		386,975	1,868,144		2,233,204	4,513		8,581,718		2,917,851		3,478,641		22,955,481	21,182,326		11,154,653
Capital grants and contributions:		300,373	1,000,111		2,233,204	7,313	,507	0,301,710		2,517,051	1.	,,170,011		22,333,101	21,102,320		11,131,033
General government (1)	5	767,776	5,756,794		36,514,825	7,466	804	2,949,658		198,425		,775,255		6,235,669	3,813,609		860,962
Public safety (2)		462,729	3,847,755		4,881,000	8,519		3,696,298		4,896,876		2,747,572		8,056,602	684,709		1,504,442
Environmental (3)	5,	102,723	3,047,733		7,001,000	0,313	,103	3,030,230		1,000,070	•	211,498		257,127	50,715		1,304,442
Health and Human Services (4)		_	_		117,954	351	,545	_		169,076		22,000		180,474	54,589		-
Infrastructure and Development (5)	4	- 414,109	4,138,715		7,887,841	18,914		7,186,862		10,076,015	41	3,572,964		687,926	8,977,424		1,509,878
Total governmental activities program revenues		891,760	275,738,606		368,006,875	334,575		433,209,632		332,497,880		2,586,987		339,391,700	386,013,650		355,482,355
rotal governmental activities program revenues	289,	091,/00	2/3,/38,000		300,000,873	334,373	,00/	433,209,032		JJZ,497,880	32.	,,500,987		1,700 בכ,דכנ	300,013,030		333,402,333

The County revised its functional categories for governmental activity expenses in fiscal year 2014. The following represents changes to expenses categories from 2005-2013. (1) General Government- no longer includes States Attorney, Soil Conservation, Department of Family Services, and Department of Housing and Community Development. (2) Public safety added State's Attorney and dropped Department of the Environment added Department of the Environmental and Soil Conservation. (4) Health and Human Services (Health and Public Welfare - Department of Social Services) merged categories with the Department of Family Services. (5) Infrastructure added the new Department of Permitting, Inspections, and Enforcement and Department of Public Works (Department of Public Works (Department of Public Works (Department of Public Works (Department of Public Works and Transportation) Category.

continued

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Change In Net Position, continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FISCAL YEAR									
•	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012 (restated)	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
Program Revenues, continued										
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Solid waste	84,240,272	86,550,100	90,575,778	90,451,449	89,987,217	91,459,801	90,893,287	92,113,510	95,380,258	97,111,766
Stormwater	3,729,657	3,057,990	3,369,309	2,150,063	1,829,457	2,811,579	3,677,700	3,332,530	3,803,795	8,029,372
Watershed Protection							14,199,502	14,741,320	14,710,922	14,678,046
Capital grants and contributions:	2 256 270	240.005	4 400 407	4 527 045	4 054 505	2 205 404	4 262 405	02.452	2 555 4 40	425.022
Stormwater	2,356,379	210,096	1,432,137	1,627,916	1,064,605	2,005,401	1,262,405	92,153	2,555,148	135,823
Total business-type activities program revenues	90,326,308	89,818,186	95,377,224	94,229,428	92,881,279	96,276,781	110,032,894	110,279,513	116,450,123	119,955,007
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 366,064,914 \$	457,825,061 \$	429,953,111	527,439,060	\$ 425,379,159	\$ 418,863,768 \$	449,424,594 \$	449,671,213 \$	502,463,773	475,437,362
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	(1,469,030,609)	(1,402,126,387)	(1,439,985,134)	(1,360,667,624)	(1,676,828,648)	(1,750,988,447)	(1,676,804,585)	(1,676,804,585)	(1,755,863,610)	(1,948,567,107)
Business-type activities	(45,328,847)	(45,965,978)	(42,681,320)	(46,603,451)	(45,939,271)	(51,893,603)	(37,401,971)	(37,155,352)	(33,993,749)	(48,313,549)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (1,514,359,456) \$		(1,482,666,454)		\$ (1,722,767,919)					
rotal primary government net expense	ψ (1,511,555,150) ψ	(1,110,032,303) \$	(1,102,000,151)	(1,107,271,075)	ψ (1,722,707,515)	φ (1,002,002,030) φ	(1,711,200,330) \$	(1,713,333,337) \$	(1,703,037,333)	(1,550,000,050)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net P	osition									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 610,202,347 \$	659,038,907 \$	732,832,234	733,197,993	\$ 722,138,728	\$ 707,228,408 \$	709,669,105 \$	720,937,819 \$	779,978,896	827,354,415
Income taxes	423,422,141	435,714,262	440,257,032	480,489,026	504,817,831	529,764,061	513,350,683	549,887,248	575,334,071	593,750,012
Transfer and recordation taxes	136,725,597	92,709,263	95,796,346	90,645,343	85,069,002	100,116,901	104,407,509	117,209,045	152,241,144	159,972,580
Energy taxes	62,747,183	66,805,287	71,280,769	63,880,450	59,651,917	56,588,560	55,240,457	66,785,516	66,394,765	71,865,024
Telecommunications tax	52,611,249	49,513,889	44,357,561	41,982,171	37,827,000	36,926,752	33,914,325	33,645,771	33,733,670	31,746,691
Unrestricted State shared tax	28,739,189	25,080,807	1,334,216	1,334,399	2,064,874	2,613,510	2,701,111	2,867,440	2,970,706	3,107,973
Other taxes	22,023,675	19,803,811	21,402,102	20,494,339	19,664,177	21,988,466	21,666,726	22,065,496	26,092,859	28,470,988
Investment earnings	38,333,826	29,435,697	9,101,595	3,122,028	3,698,357	(2,115,280)	2,944,473	4,460,524	2,884,002	2,968,323
Grants and contributions	9,875,131	1,371,225	1,970,627	1,865,679	3,212,453	11,822,540	13,355,751	862,813	549,897	486,635
Miscellaneous	7,811,548	543,727	1,492,071	840,412	5,197,518	1,426,216	586,179	462,854	519,742	2,925,716
Total governmental activities	1,392,491,886	1,380,016,875	1,419,824,553	1,437,851,840	1,443,341,857	1,466,360,134	1,457,836,319	1,519,184,526	1,640,699,752	1,722,648,357
Business-type activities:										<u>.</u>
Property taxes	37,941,543	44,151,124	49,419,329	47,579,296	43,625,750	39,629,544	37,999,606	38,090,056	39,550,173	42,775,442
Investment earnings	8,200,687	5,235,867	3,953,359	2,971,062	2,333,788	1,583,464	1,165,720	1,382,411	1,432,530	2,611,181
Total business-type activities	46,142,230	49,386,991	53,372,688	50,550,358	45,959,538	41,213,008	39,165,326	39,472,467	40,982,703	45,386,623
Total primary government	\$ 1,438,634,116 \$	1,429,403,866 \$	1,473,197,241	1,488,402,198	\$ 1,489,301,395	\$ 1,507,573,142 \$	1,497,001,645 \$	1,558,656,993 \$	1,681,682,455	1,768,034,980
Commencement										
Governmental activities:										
Extraordinary items:	0.650.640									
Asset impairment / insurance recovery (1)	8,653,648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special items:			10 700 000							
Legal Recovery	-	-	10,700,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business-type activities:										
Special items:										
Gain on capital asset due to change in estimal	-	-	3,342,786	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Net Position										
	(67,885,075)	(22 100 E12)	(0.460.501)	77 104 216	(222 406 701)	(204 620 212)	(210 060 266)	(157 620 050)	(11E 162 0E0)	(225 010 750)
Governmental activities		(22,109,512)	(9,460,581)	77,184,216	(233,486,791)	(284,628,313)	(218,968,266)	(157,620,059)	(115,163,858)	(225,918,750)
Business- type activities	\$13,383 \$ (67,071,692) \$	3,421,013 (18,688,499) \$	14,034,154 4,573,573	3,946,907 81,131,123	20,267 \$ (233,466,524)	(10,680,595) \$ (295,308,908) \$	1,763,355 (217,204,911) \$	2,317,115 (155,302,944) \$	6,988,954 (108,174,904)	(2,926,926) (228,845,676)
Total primary government	\$ (07,U/1,092) \$	(10,000,499) \$	4,5/3,5/3	01,131,123	φ (233,400,324)	\$ (Z95,3U8,9U8) \$	(217,20 4 ,911) \$	(155,302,944) \$	(108,174,904)	(228,845,076)

⁽¹⁾ Relates to impairment loss, net of insurance recoveries from Courthouse fire 11/03/2004.

⁽²⁾ Fiscal Year 2012 amounts restated due to implementation of GASB 65.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR

				FISCAL 1	EAR					
	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011(3)</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u> 2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u> 2017</u>
General Fund:										
Reserved	\$ 148,641,724	\$ 146,494,025	\$ 144,338,502							
Unreserved	153,501,293	131,730,338	186,520,591							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	\$ 1,593,534	\$ 1,619,282	\$ 1,532,552	\$ 1,549,546	\$ 1,641,389	\$ 2,134,534	\$ 2,010,022
Restricted	-	-	-	144,187,959	164,668,289	156,735,799	160,797,750	170,778,503	161,051,114	185,338,448
Committed	-	-	-	52,389,072	53,570,342	54,968,228	55,424,074	57,807,206	59,356,790	62,986,988
Assigned	-	-	-	85,733,302	87,170,249	63,342,963	52,361,681	53,937,841	48,926,434	48,288,562
Unassigned	-	-	-	94,256,531	76,659,622	82,782,432	30,953,395	34,028,162	116,418,173	167,450,824
Sub-total General Fund	344,595,800	302,143,017	278,224,363	330,859,093	378,160,398	359,361,974	301,086,446	318,193,101	387,887,045	466,074,844
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Reserved	\$ 208,115,317	\$ 200,562,222	\$ 147,214,598							
Unreserved:	φ 200,113,317	¥ 200,302,222	ψ 147,214,330							
Special revenue funds	10,253,895	12,254,369	14,585,859							
Capital projects funds	120,072,592	(10,280,606)	6,600,247							
Restricted	-	-	-	\$ 145,408,266	\$ 140,131,186	\$ 315,273,781	\$ 99,653,204	\$ 130,699,334	\$ 73,443,535	\$ 38,763,609
Committed	-	-	-	-	10,301,182	6,498,711	2,323,282	3,255,831	4,915,107	-
Assigned				5,481,651	6,525,555	6,357,576	6,264,232	3,277,611	3,677,951	4,075,470
Unassigned										(249,039,120)
Sub-total all other Governmental Funds	\$ 363,213,955	\$ 338,441,804	\$ 202,535,985	\$ 168,400,704	\$ 150,889,917	\$ 328,130,068	\$ 108,240,718	\$ 137,232,776	\$ 82,036,593	\$ (206,200,041)
Total all Governmental Funds	\$ 707,809,755	\$ 640,584,821	\$ 480,760,348	\$ 499,259,797	\$ 529,050,315	\$ 687,492,042	\$ 409,327,164	\$ 455,425,877	\$ 469,923,638	\$ 259,874,803

⁽¹⁾ The County was required to maintain a contingency reserve equal to 3% of General Fund estimated revenues beginning in the fiscal year 1998. The reserve is intended to help stabilize County budgets against future economic fluctuations and unforeseen emergencies.

⁽²⁾ In November 2002, County voters approved a charter amendment to increase the contingency reserve requirement from 3% to 5% of General Fund estimated revenues.

⁽³⁾ Beginning in fiscal year 2011 the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 which revised the fund balance categories for Governmental Funds.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Changes In Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEARS 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 (restated) 2014 2015 2016 2017 Revenues Taxes \$ 1,335,935,914 \$ 1,348,462,490 \$ 1,412,184,766 \$ 1,423,616,459 \$ 1,427,541,836 \$ 1,449,168,044 \$ 1,440,900,965 \$ 1,509,634,512 \$ 1,633,462,779 \$ 1,708,866,767 17,471,856 18,577,036 18,127,287 25,430,085 37,734,749 47,933,335 Licenses and permits 20,960,406 17,751,849 22,710,061 21,830,867 Fines and forfeitures 3,506,178 4,444,315 4,351,788 5,877,508 13,459,810 19,684,818 19,885,245 14,964,293 15,239,542 15,213,987 Use and money and property 46,107,420 31,177,059 11,966,421 5,821,464 7,871,454 1,705,533 8,138,507 12,864,236 9,243,883 6,084,135 Charges for services 55,874,984 47,463,048 52,725,012 53,795,309 67,300,432 76,580,819 65,128,244 73,501,819 86,038,845 81,815,453 Intergovernmental 128,630,290 132,186,494 212,201,660 207,706,513 161,533,603 155,741,974 155,812,040 161,173,020 155,192,779 143,195,829 Miscellaneous 2,493,716 6,066,125 6,810,373 5,184,078 7,752,696 6,119,301 10,305,705 2,989,077 3,782,573 4,753,369 Total revenues 1,625,083,516 1,593,508,908 1,587,551,380 1,717,711,876 1,720,578,367 1,731,710,550 1,722,001,573 1,800,557,042 1,940,695,150 2,007,862,875 **Expenditures** 229,901,474 General Government (1) 209,100,631 187,025,859 195,276,748 214,101,638 229,989,658 264,913,081 197,409,489 196,167,715 214,966,757 515,162,619 Public safety (2) 512,181,110 509,526,761 535,858,802 543,037,453 577,535,728 615,372,626 635,615,369 652,773,699 671,113,128 10,219,798.00 4,323,358.00 3,559,225 4,452,246 Environmental (3) 4,718,117 Health and Human Services (4) 93,190,158 96.918.135 103.841.312 98,190,664 95,249,039 98,493,348 95,977,561 97,388,090 95,240,267 96,470,157 Infrastructure & Development (5) 16,821,432 16,986,921 15,855,250 26,947,228 20,670,130 25,068,942 32,234,093 34,712,960 34,356,611 29,587,219 132,580,862 Capital projects 109,892,836 103,289,706 82,735,106 82,297,319 74,151,921 90,316,298 138,911,039 122,161,533 108,617,981 Education: Board of Education 665,957,080 652,303,197 684,470,305 656,525,606 649,326,640 715,792,239 716,497,118 684,661,903 742,360,976 806,245,925 Community College 28,438,902 38,415,219 33,644,625 40,125,724 31,862,246 31,383,689 30,767,855 35,644,365 36,129,002 77,580,269 Memorial Library 19,568,825 19,397,277 19,802,615 19,494,605 27,027,089 23,313,523 21,490,903 26,534,954 35,357,559 33,062,009 Debt service: Interest 69,302,123 74,766,318 78,850,997 86,457,546 86,523,482 83,252,080 85,839,156 97,332,619 109.598.004 116.330.860 Principal 51,231,609 54,073,418 53,598,362 49,896,532 47,537,190 47,206,911 53,855,034 58,141,936 58,313,589 53,255,661 Total expenditures 1,778,666,215 1,778,666,215 1,755,357,160 1,777,602,081 1,809,895,664 1,932,572,214 2,060,181,824 1,994,321,335 2,072,474,628 2,235,645,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues

The County revised its functional categories for expenditures in fiscal year 2014. Fiscal year 2013 expenditures are restated. The following represents changes to expenditures categories from 2005-2012. (1) General Government- no longer includes States Attorney, Soil Conservation, Department of Family Services, and Department of Housing and Community Development. (2) Public safety added State's Attorney and dropped Department of the Environment. (3) Environment added Department of the Environment and Soil Conservation. (4) Health and Human Services (Health and Public Welfare - Department of Social Services) merged categories with the Department of Family Services. (5) Infrastructure added the new Department of Permitting, Inspections, and Enforcement and Department of Housing and Community Development to the existing Public Works (Department of Public Works and Transportation) Category.

(101,699,546)

(200,861,664)

(338,180,251)

(193,764,293)

(89,317,297)

over (under) expenditures

(185,157,307)

(167,805,780)

(59,890,205)

Continued

(227,782,218)

(131,779,478)

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Changes In Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FISCAL YEARS												
	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	20017			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
General obligation bonds issued	141,475,827	13,494,208	83,110,000	91,480,000	74,315,000	285,748,000	-	189,689,000	113,835,000	-			
Bond and note premium	1,662,626	-	2,599,354	6,959,315	21,373,503	43,355,574	5,419,224	30,413,518	21,734,711	-			
Other financing notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital lease financing	-	2,764,699	-	27,781,000	33,825,000	16,055,642	54,596,149	19,612,680	10,161,624	32,105,240			
Reallocation of notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers in - other funds	78,314,642	100,694,719	94,629,227	98,837,759	101,999,940	89,092,924	94,902,164	92,543,661	95,034,167	110,911,778			
Debt Issued:													
Bond proceeds - refunding	-	-	-	-	175,530,000	191,130,000	-	27,520,000	51,511,805	-			
Bond premium - refunding	-	-	-	-	36,132,555	20,981,662	-	2,234,722	7,990,279	-			
Payment to bond refunding													
escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(221,094,720)	(209,562,879)	-	(29,606,914)	(58,956,180)	-			
Transfers out - other funds	(87,758,842)	(108,972,319)	(101,948,927)	(105,950,259)	(108,786,340)	(89,092,924)	(94,902,164)	(92,543,661)	(95,034,167)	(110,911,778)			
Total other financing													
sources (uses)	133,694,253	7,981,307	78,389,654	119,107,815	113,294,938	347,707,999	60,015,373	239,863,006	146,277,239	32,105,240			
Extraordinary items													
Insurance recoveries (2)	8,653,648												
Net change in fund balances	\$ (25,457,879)	\$ (51,908,898)	\$ 18,499,449	\$ 29,790,518	\$ 11,595,392	\$ 146,846,335	\$ (278,164,878)	\$ 46,098,713	\$ 14,497,761	\$ (195,676,978)			
Debt service as a percentage													
of noncapital expenditures (3)	7.0%	7.7%	7.8%	7.7%	7.8%	7.8%	7.7%	8.8%	9.0%	8.4%			

⁽¹⁾ For FY01 and prior, includes amounts previously classified as "Transfers in from Component Units."

⁽²⁾ Relates to insurance recoveries from Courthouse fire November 3, 2004.

⁽³⁾ Non-capital expenditures represent total expenditures above, less Capital Project Funds and capital outlay expenditures that resulted in capital assets.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Real Property (1)		Total	Personal Property (2)					Estimated	Assessed	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Assessed Value			Public Utilities	Incorporated Ordinary Business	Total Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value (1)	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value		
2008	72,900,955,419	82,244,049,810	0.9149	32,590,380	1,175,976,540	1,609,855,442	2,818,422,362	2.3269	85,062,472,172	87.86	
2009	85,155,247,625	99,986,180,539	0.9066	29,129,440	1,232,270,320	1,392,949,067	2,654,348,827	2.2940	102,640,529,366	89.02	
2010	96,054,707,346	102,512,190,089	0.8996	32,392,590	1,291,979,150	1,458,374,079	2,782,745,819	2.2724	105,294,935,908	85.55	
2011	95,135,150,806	96,199,089,410	0.8998	48,907,200	1,334,149,600	1,366,211,620	2,749,268,420	2.0000	98,948,357,830	93.87	
2012	82,964,524,929	83,404,281,380	0.9054	57,630,140	1,332,876,260	1,322,818,970	2,713,325,370	2.0000	86,117,606,750	98.92	
2013	75,993,572,331	76,633,200,500	0.9028	50,405,620	1,364,625,200	1,789,642,154	3,204,672,974	2.2830	79,837,873,474	99.49	
2014	73,425,415,435	74,563,618,491	0.8971	48,314,610	1,393,889,690	1,313,144,919	2,755,349,219	2.2684	77,318,967,710	99.20	
2015	74,172,498,186	76,307,098,100	0.9019	48,442,950	1,485,591,490	1,371,592,328	2,905,626,768	2.2780	79,212,724,868	97.31	
2016	76,751,695,412	80,392,825,800	0.9451	61,518,930	1,458,733,380	1,488,314,420	3,008,566,730	2.3720	83,401,392,530	95.63	
2017	82,315,032,205	86,941,639,900	0.9364	63,432,820	1,499,376,630	1,645,609,250	3,208,418,700	2.3521	90,150,058,600	94.87	

Notes:

Source: State Department of Assessments and Taxation

⁽¹⁾ Real property figures are based on a "triennial assessment" process. Under this method, only one-third of the properties in the County are reassessed each year. Any increase in value is phased in over a three-year period in equal increments. Therefore, assessed values only reflect the phased-in amounts, while the estimated actual values indicate the full amount of the reassessment based on the latest physical inspection.

⁽²⁾ Assessed value and estimated actual values are equal.

⁽³⁾ Prior to fiscal year 2002, real property had been assessed at 40% of phased-in market value. Effective fiscal 2002, the real property is assessed at 100% of the phased-in market value. Personal Property had already been assessed at 100% of market value. The County tax rate is a weighted average of the unincorporated area and incorporated area rates.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

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0.0650

⁽¹⁾ In dollars per \$100.00 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ Partial year real property improvements billed at pro rata tax rates.

⁽³⁾ At the November 1978 General Election, the voters of the County adopted an amendment to the Charter limiting future collection of real property taxes to the amount collected in fiscal year 1979. The amendment, which became effective in December 1978, added Section 817B to the Charter. It is generally referred to as "TRIM" (TRIM is an acronym for Tax Reform Initiative by Marylanders).

⁽⁴⁾ There is no County taxing authority assigned to debt payments for pre-TRIM bonds beginning in fiscal year 2004, because the debt was retired.

Table 7

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Real Property Tax Rates - Overlapping Governments - Cities and Towns Last Ten Fiscal Years

Cities

Fiscal		College	District				Mount	New	Seat
Year	Bowie	Park	Heights	Greenbelt	Hyattsville	Laurel	Rainier	Carrollton	Pleasant
2008	0.352	0.299	0.650	0.766	0.630	0.720	0.790	0.450	0.580
2009	0.352	0.299	0.730	0.786	0.630	0.720	0.790	0.450	0.580
2010	0.380	0.322	0.730	0.786	0.630	0.710	0.790	0.500	0.580
2011	0.380	0.322	0.730	0.786	0.630	0.710	0.790	0.500	0.580
2012	0.400	0.322	0.730	0.790	0.630	0.710	0.790	0.500	0.580
2013	0.400	0.322	0.730	0.790	0.630	0.710	0.790	0.500	0.580
2014	0.400	0.322	1.000	0.790	0.630	0.710	0.790	0.7136	0.580
2015	0.400	0.335	1.000	0.805	0.630	0.710	0.860	0.7121	0.580
2016	0.400	0.335	0.9488	0.8125	0.630	0.710	0.860	0.6652	0.580
2017	0.400	0.335	0.8840	0.8125	0.630	0.710	0.860	0.6652	0.580

Towns

Fiscal	Berwyn			Capitol		Colmar	Cottage	Eagle		Fairmount
Year	Heights	Bladensburg	Brentwood	Heights	Cheverly	Manor	City	Harbor	Edmonston	Heights
2008	0.486	0.676	0.248	0.412	0.450	0.490	0.670	0.292	0.500	0.420
2009	0.486	0.740	0.476	0.412	0.480	0.880	0.640	0.292	0.500	0.420
2010	0.486	0.740	0.443	0.412	0.480	1.000	0.600	0.292	0.600	0.388
2011	0.486	0.740	0.382	0.401	0.480	1.038	0.560	0.292	0.600	0.420
2012	0.486	0.740	0.382	0.392	0.480	1.038	0.520	0.292	0.600	0.420
2013	0.516	0.740	0.382	0.392	0.480	1.028	0.488	0.292	0.600	0.420
2014	0.516	0.740	0.3864	0.4619	0.580	1.490	0.650	0.480	0.600	0.460
2015	0.516	0.740	0.4107	0.4619	0.580	1.490	0.650	0.480	0.660	0.460
2016	0.530	0.740	0.4107	0.4619	0.580	1.310	0.650	0.480	0.660	0.460
2017	0.530	0.740	0.4107	0.4455	0.560	1.222	0.650	0.473	0.638	0.460

continued

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Real Property Tax Rates - Overlapping Governments - Cities and Towns, continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

Towns

Forest		Landover		North	Riverdale	University	Upper
Heights	Glenarden	Hills	Morningside	Brentwood	Park	Park	Marlboro (4)
							_
0.470	0.296	0.480	0.800	0.288	0.641	0.600	0.240
0.510	0.275	0.480	0.800	0.288	0.641	0.600	0.240
0.530	0.296	0.480	0.800	0.347	0.641	0.600	0.240
0.530	0.296	0.480	0.780	0.347	0.641	0.541	0.240
0.567	0.336	0.480	0.780	0.347	0.677	0.584	0.240
0.567	0.336	0.480	0.740	0.347	0.654	0.579	0.240
0.625	0.336	0.480	0.740	0.347	0.654	0.582	0.240
0.625	0.336	0.480	0.740	0.440	0.654	0.632	0.240
0.625	0.331	0.520	0.740	0.440	0.654	0.653	0.240
0.625	0.331	0.520	0.740	0.440	0.654	0.608	0.240
	0.470 0.510 0.530 0.530 0.567 0.567 0.625 0.625	Heights Glenarden 0.470 0.296 0.510 0.275 0.530 0.296 0.530 0.296 0.567 0.336 0.567 0.336 0.625 0.336 0.625 0.336 0.625 0.331	Heights Glenarden Hills 0.470 0.296 0.480 0.510 0.275 0.480 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.625 0.331 0.520	Heights Glenarden Hills Morningside 0.470 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.510 0.275 0.480 0.800 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.780 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.780 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.625 0.331 0.520 0.740	Heights Glenarden Hills Morningside Brentwood 0.470 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.288 0.510 0.275 0.480 0.800 0.288 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.347 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.780 0.347 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.780 0.347 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.347 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.347 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.440 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.440 0.625 0.331 0.520 0.740 0.440	Heights Glenarden Hills Morningside Brentwood Park 0.470 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.288 0.641 0.510 0.275 0.480 0.800 0.288 0.641 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.347 0.641 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.780 0.347 0.641 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.780 0.347 0.677 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.347 0.654 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.347 0.654 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.440 0.654 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.440 0.654 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.440 0.654 0.625 0.331 0.520 0.740 0.440 0.654	Heights Glenarden Hills Morningside Brentwood Park Park 0.470 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.288 0.641 0.600 0.510 0.275 0.480 0.800 0.288 0.641 0.600 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.800 0.347 0.641 0.600 0.530 0.296 0.480 0.780 0.347 0.641 0.541 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.780 0.347 0.677 0.584 0.567 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.347 0.654 0.579 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.347 0.654 0.582 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.440 0.654 0.632 0.625 0.336 0.480 0.740 0.440 0.654 0.632 0.625 0.331 0.520 0.740 0.440 0.654 0.653

- (1) Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.
- (2) The County does not collect personal property taxes for the Cities or Towns.
- (3) Taxes collected by the County for other fiscal units, including overlapping governments, are remitted based on actual collections.
- (4) During fiscal years 2000 through 2004, the Town of Upper Marlboro did not collect town taxes.

Table 8

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Prior

2017

		2017					
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	Tax ——	able Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Potomac Electric Power Co.	\$ 638,663,220	1	2.11%	\$	408,070,450	2	1.76%
Gaylord National, LLC	596,270,566	2	1.97%		175,619,200	6	0.76%
National Harbor, LLC	477,716,582	3	1.58%				
Verizon Maryland	281,655,140	4	0.93%		388,721,010	3	1.68%
Empirian Village of Maryland, LLC	274,809,530	5	0.91%				
Washington Gas Light Company	258,974,520	6	0.85%		211,925,358	4	0.92%
JKC Stadium (FedEx Field)	208,927,300	7	0.69%		184,912,132	5	0.80%
Terrapin Row Prop Owners LLC	199,791,601	8	0.66%				
Greenbelt Homes, Incorporated	198,096,200	9	0.65%		138,604,603	7	0.60%
Baltimore Gas and Electric Co.	180,785,370	10	0.60%		133,597,130	8	0.58%
Zell, Samuel TRS					112,316,399	10	0.49%
Silver Oaks Campus LLC					115,463,500	9	0.50%
Mirant Chalk Point LLC					486,861,570	1	2.10%

⁽¹⁾ Source: State of Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Collect	ed within the				
Year Taxes Levied		Fiscal Ye	ar of the Levy	Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Ended	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage	
June 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	
2008	777,425,089	770,467,248	99.35	6,461,305	776,928,553	99.93	
2009	903,375,110	897,803,030	99.35	4,911,241	902,714,271	99.92	
2010	1,001,271,795	995,260,491	99.38	5,346,409	1,000,606,900	99.93	
2011	987,400,083	981,984,336	99.40	4,630,688	986,615,024	99.10	
2012	869,334,583	866,278,838	99.45	2,180,545	868,459,383	99.89	
2013	803,094,590	798,920,671	99.64	2,940,104	801,860,775	99.83	
2014	778,008,663	773,446,612	99.48	3,055,449	776,502,061	99.84	
2015	791,690,172	787,981,697	99.41	1,894,548	789,876,245	99.80	
2016	853,046,726	852,874,411	99.98	(3,645,426)	849,228,985	99.58	
2017	909,650,941	905,652,881	99.98	-	905,652,882	99.56	

⁽¹⁾ Total collections include collections for adjustments in "total tax levy" in years subsequent to initial tax levy.

⁽²⁾ Included is data for all property taxes billed applicable to all funds for Prince George's County, Maryland to include General, Debt Service, and Enterprise Funds. Property taxes billed for the State of Maryland, various municipalities, Washington Suburban Sanitary, Maryland National Capital Park and Planning, and the Washington Suburban Transit Commission, are excluded.

⁽³⁾ Taxes are assessed July 1 and semi-annual payments are due September 30 and December 31.

⁽⁴⁾ No discounts are allowed.

⁽⁵⁾ Interest and penalty at 20% per annum is charged after September 30, except tax bills based upon certifications received after September 30 may be paid within thirty days without interest.

⁽⁶⁾ Taxes on real property are collected by sale or legal action or both. Taxes on personal property are enforced by legal action.

⁽⁷⁾ Tax sale date is the second Monday in May.

⁽⁸⁾ There is no County taxing authority assigned to debt payments for pre-TRIM bonds beginning in fiscal year 2004 because the debt was retired.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Delinquent Taxes and Service Charges Receivable - By Fund As of June 30, 2017

				General Fund		
			Unincorporated			
Delinquent			Business	Railroads	Corporate	Total
taxes by		Real	Personal	and Public	Personal	General
<u>year</u>		Property	<u>Property</u>	<u>Utilities</u>	Property	<u>Fund</u>
Year ended						
June 30:						
2017	\$	2,246,469	71,906	708	1,528,555	3,847,638
2016		1,633,980	36,732	22	668,245	2,338,979
2015		1,269,604	28,127	-	464,534	1,762,265
2014		1,080,835	15,870	-	367,587	1,464,292
2013		962,703	6,565	-	234,402	1,203,670
2012		633,043	13,610	72	201,140	847,865
2011		554,924	6,205	8	200,310	761,447
2010		470,947	10,375	41	165,476	646,839
2009		423,373	7,308	-	211,735	642,416
2008 a	and prior	1,792,141	2,204,726	206	780,750	4,777,823
	\$	11,068,019	2,401,424	1,057	4,822,734	18,293,234

	_			Agenc	y Funds				Enterprise Funds	
			Maryland-National	Washington		Washington				
Delinquent			Capital Park	Suburban		Suburban		Total	Stormwater	
taxes by			and Planning	Sanitary	Incorporated	Transit		Agency	Management	Total All
<u>year</u>		<u>State</u>	Commission	Commission	<u>Towns</u>	Commission	<u>Special</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Year ended										
June 30:										
2017	\$	146,267	885,934	33,676	102,793	80,540	1,998,912	3,248,122	150,420	7,246,180
2016		90,776	434,434	19,814	89,532	40,038	-	674,594	75,308	3,088,881
2015		57,727	281,749	16,153	57,221	27,174	-	440,024	51,662	2,253,951
2014		50,602	231,174	16,348	42,504	22,251	-	362,879	42,309	1,869,480
2013		36,709	160,383	18,094	40,199	15,225	-	270,610	30,145	1,504,425
2012		36,433	144,277	21,973	34,341	13,931	-	250,955	27,335	1,126,155
2011		26,398	123,902	19,723	24,863	11,979	-	206,865	23,612	991,924
2010		17,757	94,221	16,167	16,372	9,258	-	153,775	18,056	818,670
2009		177,359	94,172	11,806	11,687	9,267	-	304,291	18,424	965,131
2008 and	d prior	84,751	961,943	54,834	99,306	99,835		1,300,669	199,860	6,278,352
	\$	724,779	3,412,189	228,588	518,818	329,498	1,998,912	7,212,784	637,131	26,143,149

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other Governmental Activities Debt

	GCIICIUI DOIN	ucu Debe			Other dovernmen	ital Activities Debt		
			Maryland		HUD	Maryland		
	General		CDA	Certificates	Section	Industrial		
Fiscal	Obligation	LGIT	Infrastructure	of	108	Land Act	Other	Capital
Year	Bonds (1)	GOB	Bonds	Participation	Notes	Loans	Loans	Leases
2008	1,074,343,312	6,675,000	796,500	55,351,920	6,801,000	262,720	3,760,309	-
2009	1,012,942,759	5,490,000	739,300	42,384,528	6,361,000	238,154	2,643,957	2,764,699
2010	1,032,870,640	4,235,000	679,600	28,935,874	5,893,000	211,859	1,466,254	2,764,699
2011	1,058,301,880	2,905,000	617,300	34,717,732	5,395,000	183,713	982,088	10,664,091
2012	1,076,197,571	1,495,000	552,600	59,875,481	4,907,000	153,586	-	6,491,697
2013	1,356,817,910	-	484,300	51,777,027	4,636,000	121,336	-	19,365,264
2014	1,268,290,559	-	413,300	83,039,920	4,347,000	86,817	-	29,738,883
2015	1,385,801,745	-	339,000	72,116,502	4,038,000	49,867	-	41,572,611
2016	1,409,794,524	-	261,200	61,740,000	3,716,000	-	-	41,962,400
2017	1,293,151,310	-	-	51,505,000	2,295,000	-	1,418,480	61,140,500
		Business-Type	e Activities				Percentage	
	General		Certificates			Total	of	
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	of	WSSC	Capital	Primary	Personal	Per
Year	Bonds (1)	Bonds	Participation (2)	Loans	Leases	Government	Income	Capita
2008	84,531,033	16,747,810	687,929	1,420,000	-	1,251,377,533	3.79%	1,506.75
2009	79,350,231	12,028,800	482,209	745,000	-	1,166,170,637	3.51%	1,397.35
2010	84,285,855	7,083,800	266,208	-	-	1,168,692,789	3.41%	1,349.99
2011	108,816,464	5,042,425	39,326	-	-	1,227,665,019	3.50%	1,404.58
2012	126,235,054	2,934,277	-	-	19,419	1,278,861,685	3.32%	1,451.38
2013	192,949,424	758,943	-	-	10,090	1,626,920,294	4.22%	1,827.83
2014	182,450,700	385,998	-	-	-	1,568,753,177	3.90%	1,734.52
2015	198,374,541	-	-	-	-	1,702,292,266	4.17%	1,871.61
2016	187,832,633	-	6,480,279	-	-	1,711,787,036	4.08%	1,885.13

176,434,056

2017

General Bonded Debt

6,193,448

1,592,137,794

n.a..

n.a..

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are net of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

⁽²⁾ Amounts include the 2016 solid waste lease purchase agreement and 2017 lease purchase agreement related to solid waste.

Table 12
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Business-Type Activities Governmental-Type Activities Percentage of Actual General **LGIT General** General **Fiscal Obligation Obligation Obligation Property** Per Bonds (1) Year Bonds Bonds (1) Total Value Capita 2008 6,675,000 84,531,033 1,165,549,345 1.37% 1,403.41 1,074,343,312 2009 1,012,942,759 5,490,000 79,350,231 1,097,782,990 1.07% 1,315.40 2010 1.07% 1,032,870,640 4,235,000 84,285,855 1,121,391,495 1,295.35 2011 1,058,301,880 2,905,000 108,816,464 1,170,023,344 1.18% 1,338.63 2012 1,366.33 1,076,197,571 1,495,000 126,235,054 1,203,927,625 1.40% 2013 1,356,817,910 192,949,424 1,549,767,334 1.94% 1,741.15 2014 1,268,290,559 182,450,700 1,450,741,259 1.88% 1,604.04 2015 1,385,801,745 198,374,541 1,584,176,286 2.00% 1,741.74 2016 1,409,794,524 187,832,633 1,597,627,157 1.92% 1,759.41 2017 1,293,151,310 176,434,056 1,469,585,366 1.63% n.a.

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are net of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

Table 13

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2017

	Percentage of Debt Applicable						
Governmental Unit:	Debt Outstanding	to this Jurisdiction	Jurisdiction's Share of Debt				
Governmental onit:	Outstanding	Julisulction	Shale of Debt				
Prince George's County:							
County Government	\$ 1,409,510,290 (1)	100.00%	\$ 1,409,510,290				
Overlapping areas:							
Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission	61,061,181	0%	-				
Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission	773,164,043	0%	-				
Underlying towns and cities within the County	41,576,030	0%	-				
Component Unit:							
IDA of PG County lease revenue bonds	40,045,000	100.00%	40,045,000				
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 2,325,356,544		\$ 1,449,555,290				

⁽¹⁾ Includes bonds, notes, certificates of participation, loans, and capital leases of governmental activities. Amounts are net of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2017

		Gross debt	Self-supporting	Net debt
Direct debt:		principal amount (9)	<u>debt</u>	principal amount
Primary government:				
General obligation bonds:				
General purpose	\$	898,012,035	-	898,012,035
Stormwater management		137,098,650	137,098,650 (1)	-
Solid waste management system		33,142,545	33,142,545 (2)	-
School facilities surcharge - supported		270,251,443	270,251,443 (3)	-
Telecommunications - supported		18,731,670	18,731,670 (4)	
Mass transit		6,968,657	6,968,657 (5)	
Total direct debt	_	1,364,205,000	466,192,965	898,012,035
Overlapping debt:				
Other governmental units:				
Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission general obligation bonds		61,061,181	61,061,181 (6)	-
Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission		773,164,043	773,164,043	-
Underlying towns and cities within the County		41,576,030	41,576,030 (7)	-
Component unit:				
Industrial Development Authority of Prince George's County lease revenue bonds	_	40,045,000	- (8)	40,045,000
Total overlapping debt	_	915,846,254	875,801,254	40,045,000
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	2,280,051,254	1,341,994,219	938,057,035
	-	_		

- (1) The debt service payments on bonds issued by the County for stormwater management facilities are supported by a special ad valorem tax and, accordingly, such bonds are considered self-supporting.
- (2) County solid waste bonds are repaid from user charges.
- (3) Debt service payments on a portion of the school construction bonds are supported by the school facilities surcharge on new residential construction. This portion is considered self-supporting.
- (4) Debt service payments on the bonds issued for School Renovation Projects are supported by the Telecommunication Tax, levied on telecommunication service in the county.
- (5)These bonds are a liability of the Washington Suburban Transit Commission. The Washington Suburban Transit Commission reimburses the debt service payments on bonds issued by the County for mass transit projects and, accordingly, such bonds are considered self-supporting.
- (6) At June 30, 2012, the County was contingently liable as guarantor on these bonds issued by the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission.
- (7) The debt issued by the towns and cities within the County is supported by the revenue sources of the respective towns and cities.
- (8) Debt service costs for the 1994A Lease Revenue Bonds are reimbursed to the County by the State of Maryland pursuant to a lease agreement relating to the Hyattsville Multi-Service Center.
- (9) Amounts do not included related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017:

Assessable base of Real Property
Assessable base of Personal Property
Debt limit (a total of 6% Real property & 15% of Personal property)
Debt applicable to limit:
General obligation bonds

Total net debt applicable to limit

Legal debt margin

898,012,035 4,799,749,164

\$ 86,941,639,900

3,208,418,700

5,697,761,199

898,012,035

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
Assessable Base - Real property	\$	82,244,049,810 \$	99,986,180,539 \$	102,512,190,089 \$	96,199,089,410 \$	83,404,281,380 \$	76,633,200,500 \$	74,563,618,491 \$	76,307,098,100 \$	80,392,825,800	86,941,639,900
Assessable Base - Personal property and operating real property		2,818,422,362	2,654,348,827	2,782,745,819	2,749,268,420	2,713,325,370	3,204,672,974	2,755,349,219	2,905,626,768	3,008,566,730	3,208,418,700
Debt limit - Percentage of Assessable Base: Debt limit (a total of 6% of Real Property Assessable base and 15% of Personal Property Assessable base).		5,357,406,343	6,397,323,156	6,568,143,278	6,184,335,628	5,411,255,688	5,078,692,976	4,887,119,492	5,014,269,901	5,274,854,558	5,697,761,199
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	1,020,223,283	963,055,594	701,045,978	711,514,526	713,200,331	899,514,499	844,289,449	944,926,424	968,882,035	898,012,035
Legal debt margin	_	\$ 4,337,183,060	\$ 5,434,267,562	\$ 5,867,097,300	\$ 5,472,821,102	\$ 4,698,055,357	\$ 4,179,178,477	\$ 4,042,830,043	\$ 4,069,343,477	\$ 4,305,972,523	\$ 4,799,749,164
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		19.04%	15.05%	10.67%	11.51%	13.18%	17.71%	17.28%	18.84%	18.37%	15.76%

Notes:

The debt limit was 15% of the total assessed value. Effective fiscal 2002, the real property is assessed at 100% of the phased-in market value.

Therefore, effective in fiscal year 2002, the debt limit is a total of 6% of the real property assessable base and 15% of the personal property assessable base.

¹⁾ Prior to fiscal year 2002, real property had been assessed at 40% of the phased-in market value, and personal property at 100% of market value.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Primary Government (1)							Component Units (1)						
Fiscal	Total	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Se			Total	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Se			
Year	Revenues (2)	Expenses (3)	Revenues	Principal	Interest (4)	Coverage	Revenues (2)	Expenses (3)	Revenues	Principal	Interest (4)	Coverage	
2008	90,150,726	81,910,241	8,240,485	4,498,391	901,821	1.53	7,114,384	9,740	7,104,644	2,681,618	4,301,679	1.02	
2009	90,038,702	82,890,321	7,148,381	4,719,010	683,014	1.32	6,781,700	12,524	6,769,176	2,454,034	4,273,567	1.01	
2010	93,076,593	79,534,255	13,542,338	4,945,000	453,396	2.51	6,829,328	13,145	6,816,183	2,482,842	4,255,642	1.01	
2011	92,447,372	80,517,079	11,930,293	2,041,375	220,568	5.27	7,877,002	18,205	7,858,797	1,877,068	5,493,438	1.07	
2012	91,620,951	84,288,431	7,332,520	2,108,148	157,476	3.24	7,873,840	18,878	7,854,962	2,259,349	5,522,879	1.01	
2013	92,564,690	82,820,258	9,744,432	2,175,333	88,014	4.31	7,878,061	18,563	7,859,498	4,615,000	3,170,292	1.01	
2014	91,655,085	81,336,092	10,318,993	372,945	16,899	26.47	7,867,809	18,500	7,849,309	4,805,000	3,062,800	1.00	
2015	92,897,601	82,056,019	10,841,582	385,998	6,305	27.64	7,872,234	18,563	7,853,671	5,025,000	3,065,464	0.97	
2016	96,169,647	87,936,833	8,232,814		, -		7,897,893	18,500	7,879,393	5,265,000	2,829,368	0.97	
2017	98,448,257	92.471.059	5.977.198	-	_		7.866.378	8.510	7.857.868	5.510.000	2.360.290	1.00	

⁽¹⁾ The Primary Government's debt is comprised of revenue bonds of the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund. The Component Units include revenue bonds of the Industrial Development Authority of Prince George's County. The first bond issues of these entities were on December 1, 1990 and September 1, 1987, respectively. The Solid Waste Enterprise bonds were paid in full in December 2015.

⁽²⁾ Total revenues includes operating and non-operating revenues and transfers, except gains on disposal of property, intrafund transfers, and grants.

⁽³⁾ Operating expenses include all expenses and transfers, except interest and debt issuance costs, depreciation and amortization, landfill postclosure expense, loss on disposal of equipment and intrafund transfers.

⁽⁴⁾ This amount reflects the amount due in the fiscal year (net of accrual) plus bond refunding costs, less interest income.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Revenues Bond Coverage (For Bond Covenant Purposes) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Net revenues	available for de	bt service (1)		Net deb	t service requiren	nents	Coverage			
Fiscal <u>year</u>	Gross revenues (2)	Operating expenses (3)	Net revenues available for debt service	Cash balances available for debt service (4)	<u>Principal</u>	Interest (5)	<u>Total</u>	Gross <u>(6)</u>	Net <u>(7)</u>	Net alternative <u>(8)</u>	
2008	84,240,272	64,034,265	20,206,007	109,795,144	4,498,391	901,821	5,400,212	15.60	3.74	20.33	
2009	86,550,100	66,452,151	20,097,949	101,193,079	4,719,010	683,014	5,402,024	16.02	3.72	18.73	
2010	93,122,207	64,057,763	29,064,444	113,001,227	4,945,000	453,396	5,398,396	17.25	5.38	20.93	
2011	92,402,715	63,943,106	28,459,609	112,924,596	2,041,375	220,568	2,261,943	40.85	12.58	49.92	
2012	91,651,787	67,660,904	23,990,883	106,135,079	2,108,148	157,476	2,265,624	40.45	10.59	46.85	
2013	92,552,052	70,106,124	22,445,928	108,817,130	2,175,333	88,014	2,263,347	40.89	9.92	48.08	
2014	92,020,057	63,998,949	28,021,108	118,214,793	372,945	16,899	389,845	236.04	71.88	303.24	
2015	92,897,601	65,113,510	27,784,091	122,529,149	385,998	6,305	392,303	236.80	70.82	312.33	
2016	96,169,647	71,958,454	24,211,193	119,597,798	-	-	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2017	98,448,257	74,336,986	24,111,271	122,516,122	-	-	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	

- (1) Included in this schedule are revenue bonds of the Primary Government's Solid Waste Fund, whose first bond issue was on December 1, 1990.
- (2) Gross revenues includes operating and nonoperating revenues, excluding interest income on the Debt Service Reserve Account.
- (3) Operating expenses include all expenses and transfers except depreciation and amortization, project charges from other County funds, landfill postclosure expense, overhead allocation, and intrafund transfers.
- (4) Cash balances available for debt service includes net revenues available for debt service during the year and beginning balances for: amount due from other funds, unrestricted cash and investments, restricted cash and investments for the Operation & Maintenance Reserve, the Debt Service Reserve, and the Closing Cost Reserve.
- (5) This amount reflects the amount due in the fiscal year (net of accrual) plus bond refunding costs, less interest income.
- (6) Gross coverage ratio equals gross revenues divided by net debt service on bonds.
- (7) Net coverage ratio equals net revenues available for debt service divided by net debt service on bonds.
- (8) Net alternative coverage ratio equals cash balances available for debt service divided by net debt service on bonds.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) (2)	Per Capita personal Income (2)	Civilian Labor <u>Force (3)</u>	Unemployment Rate (3)	Registered pupils (4)
2007	832,699	31,753,583	37,361	448,144	3.7	131,014
2008	830,514	33,026,742	38,847	454,201	4.5	129,752
2009	834,560	33,227,622	38,810	452,754	7.1	127,977
2010	865,705	34,302,938	39,647	462,138	7.7	127,039
2011	874,045	35,036,640	40,215	466,787	7.2	126,671
2012	881,138	38,481,250	43,672	469,150	6.8	123,833
2013	890,081	38,595,921	43,362	467,318	6.9	123,737
2014	904,430	40,215,913	44,465	469,359	6.2	125,136
2015	909,535	40,806,805	44,866	495,449	4.7	127,576
2016	908,049	41,922,938	46,168	498,002	4.4	128,936

⁽¹⁾ Population estimates for 2010 - 2016 are from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, updated July 1, 2016. Estimates for 2017 are not available.

⁽²⁾ Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, updated November 16, 2017.

⁽³⁾ Maryland Department of Labor, Career and Workforce Information, updated June 2016.

⁽⁴⁾ www.mdreportcard.org, updated 6/29/2016.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Principal Employers Current Calendar Year and Nine Years Prior

Table 19

		201	.6	2007				
Private Sector Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
United Parcel Service	3,000	1	0.60%	4,220	2	1.35%		
MGM National Harbor	2,830	2	0.57%					
Inovalon (MedAssurant)	2,500	3	0.50%					
Dimensions Healthcare System	2,400	4	0.48%	2,500	4	0.80%		
Marriott International	2,200	5	0.44%					
Verizon	1,800	6	0.36%	2,738	3	0.88%		
Melwood	1,400	7	0.28%					
Doctor's Community Hospital	1,300	8	0.26%					
MedStar Health Southern Maryland Hospital Center	1,240	9	0.25%					
Crosby Corporation	1,000	10	0.20%					
Safeway **				2,400	5	0.77%		
Giant Food **				5,394	1	1.73%		
Target **				1,400	8	0.45%		
Shoppers Food Warehouse **				1,975	6	0.63%		
Southern MD Hospital Center				1,300	9	0.42%		
Chevy Chase Bank				1,456	7	0.47%		
Computer Science Corporation				1,200	10	0.38%		
Public Sector Employers								
University System of Maryland 1/	18,780	1		12,454	3			
Joint Base Andrews Naval Air Facility Washington*	17,500	2		15,000	2			
U.S. Internal Revenue Service*	4,735	3		5,539	5			
United States Census Bureau* NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center*	4,605 3,000	4 5		4,158 3,083	6 7			
Prince George's Community College	2,170	6		3,063 1,863	9			
National Maritime Intelligence-Integration Office*	1,890	7		1,005	,			
US Department of Agriculture	1,725	8						
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration*	1,375	9						
Adelphi Laboratory Center*	1,235	10		4 700				
USDA - Beltsville Agricultural Research Center Prince George's County Public Schools				1,700 18,888	10 1			
Prince George's County Public Schools Prince George's County Government				6,889	4			
University of Maryland University College (UMUC)				2,618	8			

Notes:

Excludes post offices, state and local governments; includes public higher education institutions.

^{*} Employee counts for federal and military facilities exclude contractors.

Sources: Economic development agencies statewide and Maryland Department of Business and Economic Development, revised October 2015.

^{1/} Includes UMCP, UMUC and Bowie State University.

^{**} National Retail and Food Service Chains have been excluded.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Total Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscals Years

Function/Agency	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017 ⁴
General Government	40	40	46	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
County Executive	48 111	48	46	45	45 108	45	45	45	45	45 157
County Council		113	103	101		112	114	121	113	15/
Human Relations Commission ³	12	15	13	13	11	11	11	11	-	-
Office of Ethics and Accountability	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	4	4	4
Personnel Board	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Circuit Court	124	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	135	136
Orphans' Court	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Citizen Complaint Oversight Panel	2 75	2 76	1 74	1 73	1 67	1 67	1 67	1 67	1 67	1
Office of Finance										67
Office of Community Relations ³	26	26	26	38	35	50	65	65	65	65
Office of Management and Budget	27	27	27	26	25	25	25	24	24	25
Board of License Commissioners	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8
Office of Law	60	61	60	60	54	54	54	54	54	55
Office of Human Resources Management	69	70	70	70	66	65	65	65	65	65
Office of Info. Tech. & Communications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Board of Elections	18	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18
Office of Central Services	182	182	178	170	151	154	158	162	167	171
Subtotal	769	784	762	761	726	751	772	782	773	825
Public Safety										
Office of the State's Attorney	151	154	152	149	151	167	169	169	175	178
Police Department	2056	2132	2123	2122	2097	2097	2095	2095	2,096	2,096
Fire/EMS Department	833	849	837	846	848	887	892	920	938	958
Office of the Sheriff	338	347	342	335	333	340	342	342	344	347
Department of Corrections	630	646	637	644	639	640	640	640	640	640
Office of Homeland Security	204	214	214	211	210	211	211	211	211	215
Subtotal	4,212	4,342	4,305	4,307	4,278	4,342	4,349	4,377	4,404	4,434
Environment										
Soil Conservation District	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	15	15	15
Department of the Environment ¹	264	263	250	251	236	156	65	61	113	113
Subtotal	277	276	263	264	249	169	78	76	128	128
Human Service										
Department of Public Works & Transportation	288	333	329	319	294	294	249	254	254	254
Department of Permitting, Inspections, and Enforcement ²	200	-	323	313	254	-	279	279	285	287
	22	22	22	21	18	22	279	279	28	267
Housing & Community Development Subtotal	310	355	351	340	312	316	550	560	56 7	568
Subtotal	310	355	351	340	312	310	550	500	50/	508
Infrastructure and Development										
Department of Family Services	28	28	28	31	28	27	16	15	17	18
Health Department	291	302	289	261	238	242	231	193	193	198
Department of Social Services	14	15	15	14	14	15	15	15	15	20
Subtotal	333	345	332	306	280	284	262	223	225	236
Grand Total	5,901	6,102	6,013	5,978	5,845	5,862	6,011	6,018	6,097	6,191

Source: Office of Management and Budget Current Expense Budget

¹ Prior to fiscal year 2015 the department name was the Department of Environmental Resources.

² New agencies created in fiscal year 2013 and assumed some of the duties previously assigned to the Department of Environmental Resources.

³ Fiscal year 2016, the Human Relations Commission was renamed Office of Community Relations.

⁴The County revised its functional categories in fiscal year 2014. Fiscal years 2008 through 2016 subtotals are restated to reflect the revised categories. The following represents changes to expenditures categories from 2005-2012. General Government no longer includes States Attorney, Soil Conservation, Department of Family Services, and Department of Housing and Community Development. Public safety added State's Attorney and dropped Department of Family Services. Environment. Environment added Department of the Environment and Soil Conservation. Health and Human Services (Health and Public Welfare - Department of Soil Services) merged categories with the Department of Family Services. Infrastructure added the new Department of Public Works (Department of Public Works on Transportation) Category.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Agency/Program	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	estimated 2016	projected 2017
Circuit Court										
Criminal cases filed	7,823	7,907	8,783	8,684	8,191	9,299	8,033	6,414	7,960	7,942
Juvenile cases filed or reopened	2,301	2,633	2,242	2,079	2,038	1,984	1,410	1,162	1,429	1,319
Office of the Sheriff										
Number of warrants on file	42,063	48,307	53,703	48,433	45,770	43,599	41,299	39,737	38,000	36,000
Number of domestic related documents served	9,514	7,496	6,410	7,673	10,013	10,567	10,520	9,870	10,900	11,400
Department of Corrections										
Average daily Correctional Center population	1,462	1,461	1,229	1,175	1,200	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,103	1,000
Number of inmate court appearances	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Police Department										
Number of calls for service	700,000	676,662	807,592	746,486	616,180	615,000	613,000	611,000	657,100	657,200
Number of documented property crimes	36,457	30,714	31,011	27,757	25,816	24,100	23,800	23,200	18,700	18,700
Fire/EMS Department										
Number of fire calls for service	25,252	24,625	21,737	22,593	24,196	23,765	23,934	24,000	20,000	20,000
Office of Homeland Security										
Annual call volume	1,561,500	1,546,600	1,547,600	1,548,493	1,334,972	1,258,319	1,300,000	1,350,000	1,400,000	1,400,000
Public Works & Transportation										
Road miles maintained	1,818	1,818	1,834	1,841	1,873	1,873	1,874	1,882	1,886	1,890
Street resurfacing (in miles)	30	15	22	22	18	13	27	25	4	4
Department of the Environment	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Abandoned vehicles impounded	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Permits issued by Permits and Review Division Soil Conservation District	45,000	29,331	24,682	25,775	24,850	26,000	27,000	n/a	n/a	n/a
Number of new acres covered by completed soil										
and water quality plans	1,760	1,320	1,300	8,151	3,367	4,881	4,200	4,200	4,000	4,000
Department of Family Services	1,700	1,320	1,300	0,131	3,307	4,001	4,200	4,200	4,000	4,000
Number of people requesting disability										
information and assistance	1.567	2,667	2,500	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Housing & Community Development	1,507	2,007	2,300	11/4	11/4	Πγα	11/4	11/4	11/a	ii/a
Number of new units created	781	1,192	1,200	1.839	2,092	2,350	2,350	2,374	2,506	3,173
Department of Social Services	701	1,132	1,200	1,033	2,032	2,330	2,330	2,57 1	2,300	3,173
Total households receiving energy assistance	8,085	9,629	11,483	13,764	11,201	10,536	10,468	9,140	9,336	9,336
. Stat odseriolds receiving energy assistance	0,005	3,023	11, 100	13,701	11,201	10,550	10, 100	5,110	3,330	5,550

Source: Office of Management and Budget Current Expense Budget

Table 22

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal years

Function/Program	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017
Public Facilities										
District Police Stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Fire and Emergency Rescue Stations	44	44	44	44	44	51	51	51	49	49
Emergency Medical Units	57	57	58	58	60	59	59	59	59	62
Parks/Recreation Facilities (active parks)	564	560	582	583	584	590		595	599	599
Multi-Purpose Senior Centers	8	8	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	6
Libraries	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Public Schools										
Elementary Schools	142	132	131	131	130	129	135	118	118	122
Middle Schools	32	31	29	29	29	29	29	24	24	24
High Schools	24	30	30	30	30	30	30	32	30	24
Special Centers	12	12	11	9	9	7	7	8	13	13
Department of Public Works and Transportation										
Miles of County-maintained Paved Roads	1,818	1,821	1,834	1,862	1,873	1,873	1,900	1,900	1,900	2000
Signals in Service *	183	266	266	267	259	260	249	261	263	293

^{*} Added signal beacons for 2017

Emergency Medical Units: Includes Advanced Life Support (ALS) and Basic Life Support (BLS) Ambulances

https://www.princegeorgescountymd.gov/288/Our-Stations

Source: Office of Management and Budget Current Expense Budget

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